# Gravitational monopole

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#### Abstract

I prove the existence of a new exact solution of the Einstein field equation for a massless gravitoelectromagnetic monopole in the case of the linear approach for a weak gravitational field.

I prove that the metric of a gravitoelectromagnetic monopole is:

$$ds^{2} = c^{2}dt^{2} - \frac{q_{B}}{4\pi}\frac{1}{r^{2}}d\phi dt - dr^{2} - r^{2}\left(\sin^{2}\theta d\phi^{2} + d\theta^{2}\right)$$

The magnetic monopole was obtained by Dirac like a termination of a line of dipole[1], so that a theoretical termination of an infinite solenoid with a mass flow (neutral particles and antiparticles instead of charged particles) generate a monopole field (this is true for weak and strong gravitational field), so that a gravitoelectromagnetic monopole exist like a solution of the Einstein field equation.

The monopole solution must be massless because of the gravitomagnetic field  $\mathbf{B}_q$  exist, and the gravitoelectric field  $\mathbf{E}_q$  is null.

In the limit of a linear approach for a weak gravitational field the metrix is [2]:

$$ds^{2} = c^{2} \left( 1 + \frac{2\Phi}{c^{2}} \right) dt^{2} - \frac{4}{c} \left( \mathbf{A} \cdot d\mathbf{x} \right) dt - \left( 1 - \frac{2\Phi}{c^{2}} \right) \delta_{ij} dx_{i} dx_{j}$$

for a magnetic monopole in spherical coordinates[3]:

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi &= 0\\ \mathbf{A} &= \frac{q_B}{4\pi} \frac{1}{r^2} \mathbf{u}_\phi \end{aligned}$$

the metric of a gravitational monopole is:

$$\mathbf{A} \cdot d\mathbf{x} = A_k dx_k = A_\phi d\phi + A_\theta d\theta + A_r dr$$
$$ds^2 = c^2 dt^2 - \frac{q_B}{4\pi} \frac{1}{r^2} d\phi dt - dr^2 - r^2 \left(\sin^2\theta d\phi^2 + d\theta^2\right)$$

gravitational waves exist as a means of dissipating energy so that a gravitational monopole exist as a means to dissipating energy.

## References

- John David Jackson . Classical electrodynamics; 3rd ed.. Wiley, New York, NY, 1991
- [2] Athanasios Bakopoulos "Gravitoelectromagnetism: Basic principles, novel approaches and their application to Electromagnetism", Master thesis, 2016, p.15. arxiv: 1610.08357
- [3] Wikipedia (11 feb 2011). Monopolo magnetico https://it.wikipedia.org/wiki/Monopolo\_magnetico#Interpretazione\_topologica