Resolution of Polynomial Equation with Rational Coefficients

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Abstract

Identities of the coefficients of the polynomial equations are created in function of the parameters that define their roots, and with their application it is created a process to solve polynomial equations with rational coefficients.

Introduction

The roots of the equation $F_0x^n - F_1x^{n-1} + F_2x^{n-2} - F_3x^{n-3} + \ldots \pm F_{n-1}x^{n-(n-1)} \pm F_n = 0$ are defined in this paper as the result of the division of one of the multiples of F_n between one of the multiples of F_0 . The sets of multiples of F_n y F_0 are determinable and of finite amount.

Proposal of Theory

Being $x_1 = \frac{b_1}{c_1}, x_2 = \frac{b_2}{c_2}, x_3 = \frac{b_3}{c_3}, \dots, x_n = \frac{b_n}{c_n}$ the roots of the equation $F_0 x^n - F_1 x^{n-1} + F_2 x^{n-2} - F_3 x^{n-3} + F_4 x^{n-4} - \dots \pm F_{n-1} x^{n-(n-1)} \pm F_n = 0$, where $c_1, c_2, c_3, \dots, c_n$ and $b_1, b_2, b_3, \dots, b_n \in \mathbb{C}$.

Then we will have:

 $F_0 = c_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 \dots c_n$

 $F_1 = b_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 \dots c_n + c_1 b_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 \dots c_n + c_1 c_2 b_3 c_4 c_5 \dots c_n + \dots + c_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 \dots c_{n-2} b_{n-1} c_n + c_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 \dots c_{n-1} b_n$

 $F_2 = b_1 b_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 \dots c_n + b_1 c_2 b_3 c_4 c_5 \dots c_n + b_1 c_2 c_3 b_4 c_5 \dots c_n + \dots + b_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 \dots c_{n-1} b_n + c_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 c_5 \dots c_n + c_1 b_2 c_3 b_4 c_5 \dots c_n + \dots + c_1 b_2 c_3 c_4 \dots c_{n-1} b_n + \dots + c_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 \dots c_{n-2} b_{n-1} b_n$

$$\begin{split} F_3 &= b_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 c_5 c_6 \dots c_n + b_1 b_2 c_3 b_4 c_5 c_6 \dots c_n + b_1 b_2 c_3 c_4 b_5 c_6 \dots c_n + \dots + \\ b_1 b_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 c_6 \dots c_{n-1} b_n + b_1 c_2 b_3 b_4 c_5 c_6 \dots c_n + \dots + b_1 c_2 b_3 c_4 c_5 c_6 \dots c_{n-1} b_n + b_1 c_2 c_3 b_4 b_5 c_6 \dots c_n + \\ \dots + b_1 c_2 c_3 b_4 c_5 c_6 \dots c_{n-1} b_n + \dots + b_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 c_6 \dots c_{n-2} b_{n-1} b_n + c_1 b_2 b_3 b_4 c_5 c_6 \dots c_n + \\ \dots + c_1 b_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 c_6 \dots c_{n-2} b_{n-1} b_n + \dots + c_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 c_6 \dots c_{n-3} b_{n-2} b_{n-1} b_n \end{split}$$

 $\dots F_{n-1} = c_1 b_2 b_3 b_4 b_5 \dots b_n + b_1 c_2 b_3 b_4 b_5 \dots b_n + b_1 b_2 c_3 b_4 b_5 \dots b_n + \dots + b_1 b_2 b_3 b_4 b_5 \dots b_{n-2} c_{n-1} b_n + b_1 b_2 b_3 b_4 b_5 \dots b_{n-1} c_n$

 $F_n = b_1 b_2 b_3 b_4 b_5 \dots b_n$

And also have the equation:

$$\prod_{i=1}^{n} (c_i + b_i) = \sum_{i=0}^{n} F_i$$

Application

Resolution of polynomial equations with rational coefficients. The coefficients of the equation are converted to whole numbers with a greatest common divisor of 1. Then we will have $F_0 x^n - F_1 x^{n-1} + F_2 x^{n-2} - F_3 x^{n-3} + F_4 x^{n-4} - F_4 x^{n-4}$ $\dots \pm F_{n-1}x^{n-(n-1)} \pm F_n = 0$, where $F_0, F_1, F_2, F_3, \dots, F_n$ are whole numbers.

We will call sets c to all sets of n elements whose product would be equal to F_0 (without obviating elements of the type [Z + Yi], with $Y \neq 0$).

We will call sets b to all sets of n elements whose product would be equal to F_n (without obviating elements of the type [Z + Yi], with $Y \neq 0$).

Being the case that $(Z+Yi)(Z-Yi) = Z^2 + Y^2$, it is useful for this procedure to make a table of $Z^2 + Y^2$ values, as big as needed, and then make a list with of those values ordered from lowest to highest alongside their associated Z and Y values.

A set c and a set b are chosen. Each element of each permutation (n of n) of the set c is assigned a different nomination from among $c_1, c_2, c_3, \ldots, c_n$, always in the same sequence, achieving that way n! configurations of values of c_1, c_2 , c_3, \ldots, c_n . Each element of the set b is assigned a different nomination from among $b_1, b_2, b_3, \ldots, b_n$. A configuration of $c_1, c_2, c_3, \ldots, c_n$ and the values of b_1 , b_2, b_3, \ldots, b_n are chosen, and the values of $F_1, F_2, F_3, \ldots, F_{n-1}$ are calculated. It must be verified if the values of $F_1, F_2, F_3, \ldots, F_{n-1}$ coincide with the coefficients of the equation. If there is no coincidence, the operation repeats with a different $c_1, c_2, c_3, \ldots, c_n$ configuration, until a coincidence is found or there are no more configurations available. If there is still no coincidence, the operation repeats with a different pair of c and b sets until there is a coincidence. Then each value of x is calculated using the $(c_1, b_1), (c_2, b_2), \ldots, (c_n, b_n)$ pair of values for which there was coincidence.

For higher degree equations, it may be convenient to filtrate all the sets of values of $c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_n$ and $b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_n$ through the following equation:

$$\prod_{i=1}^{n} (c_i + b_i) = \sum_{i=0}^{n} F_i$$

The sets of values of $c_1, c_2, c_3, ..., c_n$ and $b_1, b_2, b_3, ..., b_n$ that do not verify this equation can be discarted as candidates to be verified in the $F_1, F_2, ..., F_{n-1}$ identities.

Examples of Equation Resolution

1)
$$x^5 - 19x^4 + 133x^3 - 421x^2 + 586x - 280 = 0$$

Being $n = 5$
 $F_0 = c_1c_2c_3c_4c_5$
 $F_1 = b_1c_2c_3c_4c_5 + c_1b_2c_3c_4c_5 + c_1c_2b_3c_4c_5 + c_1c_2c_3b_4c_5 + c_1c_2c_3c_4b_5$
 $F_2 = b_1b_2c_3c_4c_5 + b_1c_2b_3c_4c_5 + b_1c_2c_3b_4c_5 + b_1c_2c_3c_4b_5 + c_1b_2b_3c_4c_5 + c_1b_2b_3c_4$

 $b_3c_4c_5 + c_1b_2c_3b_4c_5 +$ $c_1b_2c_3c_4b_5 + c_1c_2b_3b_4c_5 + c_1c_2b_3c_4b_5 + c_1c_2c_3b_4b_5$

 $F_3 = b_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 c_5 + b_1 b_2 c_3 b_4 c_5 + b_1 b_2 c_3 c_4 b_5 + b_1 c_2 b_3 b_4 c_5 + b_1 c_2 b_3 c_4 b_5 + b_1 c_2 c_3 b_4 b_5 + c_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 b_5 + c_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 b_5 + c_1 c_2 b_3 b_4 b_5$

 $F_4 = b_1 b_2 b_3 b_4 c_5 + b_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 b_5 + b_1 b_2 c_3 b_4 b_5 + b_1 c_2 b_3 b_4 b_5 + c_1 b_2 b_3 b_4 b_5$ $F_5 = b_1 b_2 b_3 b_4 b_5$

 $F_0 = 1$ $F_0 = 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1; F_0 = -1 * -1 * 1 * 1 * 1; F_0 = -1 * i * i * 1 * 1; \dots$

 $F_5 = 280 \ (2, 2, 2, 5, 7)$

 $F_5 = 1 * 2 * 4 * 5 * 7; F_5 = -1 * 2 * 4 * 5 * -7; F_5 = (1+i) * (1-i) * 4 * 5 * 7; F_5 = 2 * 4 * (1+2i) * (1-2i) * 7; F_5 = (1+i) * (1-i) * (1+2i) * (1-2i) * 28; F_5 = (1+i) * (1-i) * (2+i) * (2-i) * 28; \dots$

The values $c_1 = 1, c_2 = 1, c_3 = 1, c_4 = 1, c_5 = 1, b_1 = 1, b_2 = 2, b_3 = 4, b_4 = 5, b_5 = 7$ that correspond to $F_0 = 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1$ and $F_5 = 1 * 2 * 4 * 5 * 7$ verify the values of F_1, F_2, F_3, F_4 according to the proposed formulas. Then:

 $x_1 = b_1/c_1 = 1/1 = 1; x_2 = b_2/c_2 = 2/1 = 2; x_3 = b_3/c_3 = 4/1 = 4; x_4 = b_4/c_4 = 5/1 = 5; x_5 = b_5/c_5 = 7/1 = 7$

2) $21x^6 - 838x^5 + 10799x^4 - 69988x^3 + 231891x^2 - 367190x + 217833 = 0$

Being n = 6

 $F_0 = c_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 c_6$

 $F_1 = b_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 c_6 + c_1 b_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 c_6 + c_1 c_2 b_3 c_4 c_5 c_6 + c_1 c_2 c_3 b_4 c_5 c_6 + c_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 b_5 c_6 + c_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 b_6$

 $F_2 = b_1 b_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 c_6 + b_1 c_2 b_3 c_4 c_5 c_6 + b_1 c_2 c_3 b_4 c_5 c_6 + b_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 b_5 c_6 + b_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 c_5 b_6 + c_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 c_5 c_6 + c_1 b_2 c_3 c_4 b_5 c_6 + c_1 b_2 c_3 c_4 b_5 c_6 + c_1 c_2 c_3 b_4 c_5 c_6 + c_1 c_2 c_3 b_4 c_5 c_6 + c_1 c_2 c_3 b_4 c_5 c_6 + c_1 c_2 c_3 c_4 b_5 b_6$

 $F_{3} = b_{1}b_{2}b_{3}c_{4}c_{5}c_{6} + b_{1}b_{2}c_{3}b_{4}c_{5}c_{6} + b_{1}b_{2}c_{3}c_{4}b_{5}c_{6} + b_{1}b_{2}c_{3}c_{4}c_{5}b_{6} + b_{1}c_{2}b_{3}b_{4}c_{5}c_{6} + b_{1}c_{2}b_{3}c_{4}b_{5}c_{6} + b_{1}c_{2}c_{3}b_{4}b_{5}c_{6} + b_{1}c_{2}c_{3}b_{4}b_{5}c_{6} + b_{1}c_{2}c_{3}c_{4}b_{5}b_{6} + c_{1}b_{2}b_{3}c_{4}b_{5}c_{6} + c_{1}b_{2}b_{3}c_{4}c_{5}b_{6} + c_{1}b_{2}c_{3}b_{4}b_{5}c_{6} + c_{1}b_{2}c_{3}b_{4}b_{5}c_{6} + c_{1}b_{2}c_{3}b_{4}b_{5}c_{6} + c_{1}b_{2}c_{3}b_{4}c_{5}b_{6} + c_{1}c_{2}b_{3}b_{4}b_{5}c_{6} + c_{1}c_{2}b_{3}b_{4}c_{5}b_{6} + c_{1}c_{2}b_{3}b_{4}b_{5}b_{6} + c_{1}c_{2}c_{3}b_{4}b_{5}b_{6}$

 $F_4 = b_1 b_2 b_3 b_4 c_5 c_6 + b_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 b_5 c_6 + b_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 c_5 b_6 + b_1 b_2 c_3 b_4 b_5 c_6 + b_1 b_2 c_3 b_4 b_5 c_6 + b_1 c_2 b_3 b_4 c_5 b_6 + b_1 c_2 b_3 b_4 b_5 c_6 + b_1 c_2 b_3 b_4 c_5 b_6 + b_1 c_2 c_3 b_4 b_5 b_6 + c_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 b_5 b_6 + c_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 b_5 b_6 + c_1 b_2 c_3 b_4 b_5 b_6 + c_1 c_2 b_3 b_4 b_5 b_6 + c_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 b_5 b_6 + c_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 b_5 b_6 + c_1 b_2 b_$

 $F_5 = b_1 b_2 b_3 b_4 b_5 c_6 + b_1 b_2 b_3 b_4 c_5 b_6 + b_1 b_2 b_3 c_4 b_5 b_6 + b_1 b_2 c_3 b_4 b_5 b_6 + b_1 c_2 b_3 b_4 b_5 b_6 + c_1 b_2 b_3 b_4 b_5 b_6$

 $F_6 = b_1 b_2 b_3 b_4 b_5 b_6$

 $F_0 = 21 \ (3,7)$

 $\begin{array}{l} F_0=1*1*1*1*7*3;\,F_0=1*1*1*1*1*21;\,F_0=1*1*1*1*-7*-3;\\ F_0=1*1*1*-1*7*-3;\,F_0=1*1*1*-1*-7*3;\,F_0=1*1*1*-1*-1*7*3;\\ F_0=1*1*1*1*-1*-21;\,F_0=1*1*1*-1*-1*21;\,\ldots\end{array}$

 $F_6 = 217833 (3, 7, 11, 23, 41)$

 $\begin{array}{l} F_6=1*3*7*11*23*41;\ F_6=1*1*1*1*1*217833;\ F_6=1*1*1*1*3*72611;\\ F_6=1*1*1*3*7*10373;\ F_6=1*1*3*7*11*943;\ F_6=3*7*11*23*(5+4i)*(5-4i);\\ F_6=3*7*11*23*(4+5i)*(4-5i);\ \ldots\end{array}$

The values $c_1 = 7$, $c_2 = 3$, $c_3 = 1$, $c_4 = 1$, $c_5 = 1$, $c_6 = 1$, $b_1 = 11$, $b_2 = 7$, $b_3 = 3$, $b_4 = 23$, $b_5 = (5+4i)$, $b_6 = (5-4i)$ that correspond to $F_0 = 1*1*1*1*3*7$ and $F_6 = 3*7*11*23*(5+4i)*(5-4i)$ verify the values of F_1, F_2, F_3, F_4, F_5 according to the proposed formulas. Then:

according to the proposed formulas. Then: $x_1 = \frac{b_1}{c_1} = \frac{11}{7}; \ x_2 = \frac{b_2}{c_2} = \frac{7}{3}; \ x_3 = \frac{b_3}{c_3} = \frac{3}{1} = 3; \ x_4 = \frac{b_4}{c_4} = \frac{23}{1} = 23;$ $x_5 = \frac{b_5}{c_5} = \frac{(5+4i)}{1} = (5+4i); \ x_6 = \frac{b_6}{c_6} = \frac{(5-4i)}{1} = (5-4i)$