A New Theory Expands Einstein's General Relativity Theory to Include Both Electric Charge and Mass Entities

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Abstract

Einstein's General Relativity Theory provides an explanation to the question of why two Mass Objects Attract each other according to Newton's Universal Gravitation Law: $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{G} \cdot (\mathbf{m}_1 \cdot \mathbf{m}_2)/\mathbf{r}^2$. The General Relativity Theory, based on mathematical elaboration, concluded that a Distortion of the Interwoven Space/Time Entity, caused by one Mass Object, guides all other Mass Objects how to move in an Accelerated Attraction towards it. Interestingly, Coulomb's Law: $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{K}_c \cdot (\mathbf{q}_1 \cdot \mathbf{q}_2)/\mathbf{r}^2$, that defines the Attraction/Repulsion Force between two Electrically Charged Bodies, has an identical structure to that of Newton's Gravitation Law's. So, it is reasonable to wonder whether the origins of the Attraction/Repulsion Force between two Electrically Charged Bodies are also similar. This question is this study's focus. The New Model presented in this article is based on Einstein's General Relativity Theory, and it proposes an answer to this question. That New Model describes three Interwoven Space/Time Entities, separated of each other:

- 1. A Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity that guides the Accelerated Attraction Forces of Mass Objects, towards each other. This part of the model complies completely with Einstein's General Relativity Theory.
- 2. A Positive Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity that guides Positive Electrically Charged Bodies how to Repel from any other Positive Electrically Charged Body, and how to Attract to any Negative Electrically Charged Body in an Accelerated movement.
- 3. A Negative Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity that guides Negative Electrically Charged Bodies how to Repel from any other Negative Electrically Charged Body, and how to Attract to any Positive Electrically Charged Body in an Accelerated movement.

According to That New Model, in both Mass Bodies' Attraction, and Electrically Charged Bodies' Attraction or Repulsion, the origins of the Attraction or Repulsion Acceleration Forces, is rooted in the Distortion of one of the Interwoven Space/Time Entities. So, this theory explains the origins of the Coulomb's Force analogously to the explanation of the Universal Gravitation Force's origins by the General Relativity Theory. As such, That New Model predicts that the Acceleration between two Electrically Charged Bodies Attracted-to, or Repelled-from each other, is usually dependent on the Electric Charge Bodies' magnitude, and not on their Mass magnitude. Based on this idea, the present study provides a detailed proposal for an experimental process, intending to validate the new theory.

Key Words: Space, Electric Charge, Mass, Energy, General Relativity Theory, Gravitational Law, Coulomb's Law.

1. Introduction

Mass and Electric Charge are fundamental entities of the natural matter. The nature of the entity of Mass Bodies and their interactions, was studied extensively by Newton's Theories and by Einstein's Relativity Theories, while the nature and characteristics of the Electric Charge Entity was limited to the study of Electric Fields and Electromagnetism, which was studied prominently by Maxwell [23], and fundamental questions such as "what is basically the nature of the Electric Charges?", or "how and why do Electric Charges interact the way they do?", was not yet answered.

This article is a third of three articles that summarize a broad research work intended to investigate and study these questions, and provide answers to the above questions, and specifically, investigate the nature and characteristics of the entity of the *Electric Charge*. The first two parts of this research, dealing with *Electric Charge*, *Energy*, and *Space*, were already completed, and published in two articles [4], [5]. The present article provides a summation of the third part of the research that studies the <u>origins</u> of the *Electrically Charged Bodies'* interactions.

The Mass Entity was thoroughly studied, prominently by Newton and Einstein. So, the basic scientific knowledge relating to the question: "Why and How do Mass Objects Attract each other?" is answered through Newton's Universal Gravitation Law, and especially by Albert Einstein's General Relativity Theory. However, the same question related to the Electric Charge Entity: "Why and How do Electrically Charged Bodies Attract or Repel each other?" was not answered yet. We do have knowledge about the force magnitude of Attraction or Repulsion of Electrically Charged Bodies by the Coulomb's Law, but we still do not have any explanation to the question of: "Why and How do Electrically Charged Bodies impose such a force on each other?" Or in other words: "What is the origin of the Electric Coulomb Force?" This study's aim is to investigate these questions.

Newton's Universal Gravitation Law that defines the force by which Mass Objects Attract each other, was presented by the formula: [1]

$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{G} \cdot (\mathbf{m}_1 \cdot \mathbf{m}_2) / \mathbf{r}^2.$$

In this formula **F** represents the *Gravitational Attraction Force* acting between two *Mass Bodies*; **m₁** and **m₂** represent the bodies' respectable Mass; **r** represents the distance between the centers of the Mass Bodies, and **G** represents the *Gravitational Constant* which is equal to 6.674×10⁻¹¹ m³·kg⁻¹·s⁻².

Although the *Universal Gravitation Law* complies with the experimental observations related to the force by which two *Mass Objects Attract* each other, no explanation was provided by *Newton's law* to the question of why such *Attraction* occurs, and why its magnitude is according to that formula. *Albert Einstein's General Relativity Theory* [6], [10], [11] provides such an explanation.

Coulomb's Law which defines the force by which Electrically Charged Bodies Attract or Repel each other was presented by the formula: $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{K}_c \cdot (\mathbf{q}_1 \cdot \mathbf{q}_2)/\mathbf{r}^2$ [2].

in which \mathbf{F} represents the Attraction/Repulsion force between two Electrically Charged Bodies; \mathbf{q}_1 and \mathbf{q}_2 represent the Electric Charge magnitude of each of these Electrically Charged Bodies; \mathbf{r} represents the distance between the Electrically Charged Bodies, and \mathbf{K}_{ϵ} represents the Coulomb's Constant which is equal to $8.99 \times 10^9 \,\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}^2 \cdot \mathrm{C}^{-2}$.

Although Coulomb's Law complies with the experimental observations related to the force by which two Electrically Charged Bodies Attract or Repel each other, similar to the way the Universal Gravitation Law complies with the experimental observations related to the force by which two Mass Bodies Attract each other, no explanation was ever provided to the question of why such an Attraction or Repulsion occurs, and why it obeys the formula that was provided by Coulomb.

Since both formulae, the Universal Gravitation Law and Coulomb's Law have clearly identical structure relating the Mass Bodies' or Electric Charge's magnitude, and the distance between two Mass Bodies or Electrically Charged Bodies, it is reasonable to wonder whether there are any other similarities or identities between the Gravitational Force and the Coulomb's Force, relating especially to the origins of these two forces. A reasonable hypothesis at this point might be that these two different kinds of forces are also initiated or caused by similar sources. Since the way Mass Objects Attract each other and the origin of this Attraction, was studied extensively and resolved by Einstein's General Relativity Theory that was first published in 1915, it seems reasonable to examine this theory from a new point of view, trying to find answers to the question: "Why and How do Electric Charges Attract or Repel each other and why the Attraction/Repulsion force formula has a similar structure as the Gravitational Force?". These are the central questions that the present study is dealing with.

This study provides a theoretical expansion of Einstein's General Relativity Theory to include the Entity of the Electric Charge, in an attempt, to answer the questions that this study is investigating. A New Model of Einstein's Interwoven Space/Time Entity is presented in this study, which is based on both Einstein's Interwoven Space/Time model [6], [10], [11], and previous theoretical models related to Electric Charge, Energy, and Space characteristics, developed by the author of this article [4], [5].

In the first part of the article the principles of Einstein's General Relativity Theory are provided. Then, a presentation of a New Model of the Interwoven Space/Time Entity, which relates to both, Mass and Electric Charge Entities, will be provided.

Then, a detailed explanation to the question: "Why and How do Electric Charges Attract/Repel each other?" based on the new Interwoven Space/Time Entity Theory, will be presented.

Finally, this study provides a discussion which leads to a revolutionary conclusion regarding the *Acceleration* magnitude existing in any scenario which involves *Electrically Charged Bodies* that are *Attracted*-to or *Repelled*-from each other, and suggests a lab experimental tool, designed to validate the new *Interwoven Space/Time Entity Theory* offered in this study.

2. Brief Introduction to Einstein's General Relativity Theory Principles

Before Einstein's General Relativity Theory was developed, the base of knowledge about Gravity was built on Newton's Gravitational Law related to moving Mass Bodies. The question of why Mass Bodies Attract each other, at the first place, was answered by Newton by introducing the Gravitational Field – g, which was formulated as:

$$g = G \cdot (m_1)/r^2 [7].$$

Thus, according to Newton's Theory, a Mass Body m₁ imposes a force on another Mass Body m₂ because the entity of Mass creates a Gravitational Field around it. As already shown before, the force that is imposed on one Mass Body by another Mass, is given by Newton's Universal Gravitation Law:

$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{G} \cdot (\mathbf{m}_1 \cdot \mathbf{m}_2) / \mathbf{r}^2 [1].$$

Thus, the *Universal Gravitation Law*, $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{G} \cdot (\mathbf{m}_1 \cdot \mathbf{m}_2) / \mathbf{r}^2$, can be rewritten as $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{m}_2 \cdot \mathbf{g}$.

In addition, Newton's Second Law relating to moving Mass Bodies states that the Acceleration - a of any Mass Body \mathbf{m}_2 , which is a result of a force \mathbf{F} exerted on that Mass, would comply to the equation: $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{m}_2 \cdot \mathbf{a}$ [9]. Thus, \mathbf{g} can also be denoted as a Gravitational Acceleration.

This implies that the Mass Body m₁ dictates or "guides" the Acceleration in which any other Mass Body m₂, which is Attracted to it, will move. Or, in other words, a Gravitational Field created by one Mass Body, dictates or "guides" the Acceleration of any other Mass Body's movement in that Gravitation Field.

A simple conclusion of this discussion is that: "A Gravitation Field g is equated with Acceleration".

The fact that the <u>Gravitational field is a form of Acceleration</u> is the foundation of <u>Einstein's General Relativity</u> Theory. Because both a <u>Mass Body mandated in Space</u> in different locations, sometimes quite far away from each other, one can still argue how one <u>Mass Body can generate Acceleration</u> on any other <u>Mass Body</u>, at a remote point in <u>Space</u>. <u>Einstein's General Relativity Theory resolves this question</u>.

The basic assumption of Einstein's General Relativity Theory was that because both, the Mass Bodies, and the Gravitational Fields, exist in Space, and the Gravitational Attraction between Mass Bodies takes place in Space, Space itself must play an important role in how Attraction Forces between Mass Bodies takes place. During his long-lasting work (about 10 years) to develop the General Relativity Theory, Einstein used advanced mathematical tools, in an effort, to include Acceleration into the mathematical equations related to Mass Bodies' Attraction. While both Velocity and Acceleration are Time dependent, he decided to interweave Space and Time into one continuum entity, which he named: Interwoven Space/Time. This entity is 4-dimensioned – (4D) Entity, which is a key factor in the understanding of how all Massive Bodies Attract each other. Using this Interwoven Space/Time Entity in his calculations, considering Time (T) as one dimension in addition to the other three dimensions of Space (X, Y, and Z), he concluded that each Massive Body, causes a Distortion in the Interwoven Space/Time Entity. His mathematical workout showed that the Distortion of the Interwoven Space/Time Entity by one Mass Body, causes the Accelerated Attraction of any other Mass Body in the Interwoven Space/Time Entity, to it [6], [10], [11].

It should be noted that Einstein's General Relativity Theory does not need the notions of Fields or Forces and does not root the <u>origin</u> of the Attraction between Mass Bodies using notions of Fields or Forces. In Einstein's General Relativity Theory, the <u>origin</u> of the Attraction between Mass Bodies is <u>only</u> the <u>embedded</u> Acceleration in the **Distorted** Interwoven Space/Time Entity. This understanding will be also <u>very significant</u> in the implementation of The New Model, presented in this article, which expands Einstein's General Relativity Theory to include the Electric Charge Entity in it, as will be explained in a following section of this article.

To summarize this brief introduction to *Einstein's General Relativity Theory*, two important principles that will be used later in the present study, aiming to extend this theory to include the *Electric Charge Entity*, may be drawn:

- 1. Each Mass Body causes a **Distortion** of the Interwoven Space/Time Entity.
- 2. The *Distorted Interwoven Space/Time* created by one *Mass*, dictates or "guides" any other *Mass Body*, to *Attract* to the *Mass* that created that *Distortion* in the *Interwoven Space/Time Entity*, in an *Accelerated* movement. In this view, *Einstein's Interwoven Space/Time Entity* is seen as a "*Guide of Acceleration*". In other words, the *Distortion in the Interwoven Space/Time Entity* by each *Mass Body*, guides any other *Mass Body* how to move, which contains the direction of that movement, or *Attraction* towards the first *Mass Body*, and the magnitude of the *Acceleration* in that movement [6], [10], [11].

Understanding Einstein's Interwoven Space/Time Entity, requires a Space Entity that is not composed of Nothingness or Vacuum or Complete Emptiness, as was thought about the nature of Space in the past. Rather, Einstein's General Relativity Theory requires to conclude that Space is composed of some sort of medium (such as Aether [12]), that can be used to describe the "matter" or the "something" of which Space is made from, in order to provide physical

properties to the *Interwoven Space/Time Entity*, and enable its *Distortion*. *Albert Einstein*'s speech in the University of Leiden on May 5th, 1920, explained that his *General Relativity Theory* requires *Space* to be some sort of medium, to enable its *Distortion* [3], [13].

To explain, <u>by visualization</u>, how *Distortion* of the *Interwoven Space/Time Entity* takes place and how it causes *Attraction* of *Mass Bodies* to each other, *Space* should be some sort of "fabric", as is visualized in Figure 1.

Figure 1 is a NASA image that is also presented in Space.com site in an article titled: "Einstein's Theory of General Relativity" [6]. This image provides a visualization of how the General Relativity Theory presents the Distortion of the Interwoven Space/Time Entity, caused by one Mass Body, to explain the Attraction of any other Mass Body towards it. At this point, it is important to note that tools to illustrate a 4D-Interwoven Space/Time Entity are limited related to humans' inability to percept more than 3-Dimension Entities. Therefore, a 3D slice illustration, of the 4D construct, is usually used to explain both the Distortion of the Interwoven Space/Time Entity, and the Attraction of Mass Bodies to each other. This kind of illustration is used in Figure 1. Such 3D illustrations aiming to exemplify the 4D Interwoven Space/Time Entity should always include the Time-Dimension, which is important regarding the Acceleration calculations in an Accelerated Attraction of Mass Bodies. Therefore, the illustration in Figure 1 includes only two dimensions of Space, like: X and Y; or Y and Z; etc., in addition to the Time - T dimension. Later, in the third part of this article, the connection between the shape of the Distorted Interwoven Space/Time Entity, and the Acceleration of the Attracted body, will be discussed in detail.

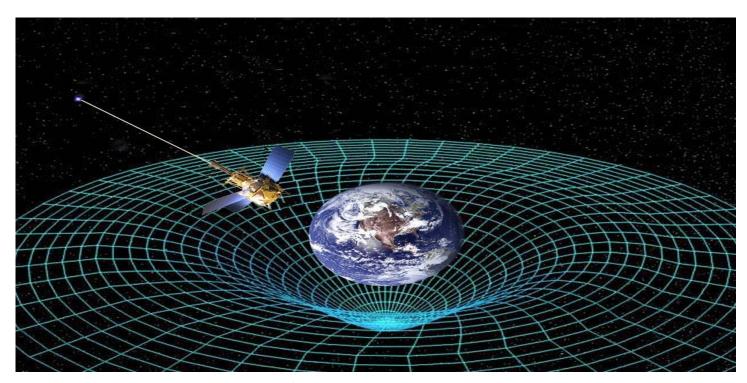


Fig 1 | Visualization of how Interwoven Space/Time Distortion explains Attraction between Mass Objects. (Image: © NASA)

In Figure 1 the Earth Mass creates a Distortion in the illustrated 3D slice, of the 4D construct, of the "fabric" of the Interwoven Space/Time that looks like a Dimple. The second Mass Object, seen in the image, is a Spaceship that is Attracted by that Dimple towards the Earth. In other words, the Distortion of the Interwoven Space/Time (the Dimple) created by the Earth Mass in the Space/Time "fabric", dictates or "guides" the Spaceship's Accelerated Attraction towards Earth. Obviously, it is not only that Spaceship; all other Mass Bodies residing in the Interwoven Space/Time Entity are also Attracted towards Earth in the same way. It can be concluded then, that according to the General Relativity Theory, a Distortion of the Interwoven Space/Time Entity by one Mass-Object, dictates or guides the Accelerated Attraction of all other Mass-Objects residing in that Interwoven Space/Time Entity, towards it.

3. A New Model Expands Einstein's General Relativity Theory to Include the Electric Charge

The initial goal of this study was to investigate the <u>origins</u> of the *Attraction* and the *Repulsion Forces* between *Electric Charges*. Because the formulated *Newton's Gravitational Force* has identical structure as the *Coulomb's* formulated *Attraction/Repulsion Forces* between *Electric Charges*, the basic assumption in developing *The New Model* was that the <u>origins</u> of the *Electric Attraction/Repulsion Forces*, resemble the *Gravitational Attraction Forces'* <u>origins</u>, that were already explained by *Einstein's General Relativity Theory*. Therefore, the development of this *New Model* to include the *Electric Charge Entity* is based on *Einstein's General Relativity Theory*.

As shown in the previous section, the *Gravitational Attraction's* origins between *Mass Objects* were explained by *Einstein's General Relativity Theory* as follows:

- 1. Each Mass Object causes a **Distortion** of the Interwoven Space/Time Entity by creating a shape of a **Dimple** in it.
- 2. The *Distorted Interwoven Space/Time Entity* "dictates" or "guides" any other *Mass Object*, both its direction of movement, in this case, *Attraction*, and its *Acceleration* magnitude. In this view, *Einstein's Interwoven Space/Time Entity* functions as a "Guide of Acceleration"; In other words, the *Distortion* of the *Interwoven Space/Time Entity* by any *Mass Object* "dictates" or "guides" any other *Mass Object* how to move, or its *Accelerated Attraction* towards the *Mass Object* that *Distorted* the *Interwoven Space/Time Entity*. [6], [10], [11].
- 3. Mass Objects always Attract each other, which mean that every Mass Object can create only a shape of a **Dimple** in the Interwoven Space/Time Entity, like the Dimple shown in Figure 1.

Thus, according to Einstein's General Relativity Theory, the <u>origins</u> of the Gravitational Accelerated Attraction Forces are rooted in the **Distortion** of the Interwoven Space/Time Entity by any Mass Object. This **Distortion** "guides" any other Mass Object how to move towards or be Attracted to the Mass Object that created the **Distortion**.

However, Einstein's General Relativity Theory does not consider the <u>origin</u> of the Attraction between Mass Bodies as being rooted in any Forces or Fields. In Einstein's General Relativity Theory, the <u>root</u> of the Attraction between Mass Bodies is <u>only</u> the <u>embedded</u> Acceleration in the **Distorted** Interwoven Space/Time Entity.

If the *Interwoven Space/Time*'s *Distortion* is a "guide" to any *Mass Object* how to move, then a reasonable assumption, at this point, would be that there should be more such "guides" that are responsible "to dictate" or "to guide" the *Accelerated Attraction* or *Repulsion Forces* between *Electric Charges*.

Because Electrically Charged Bodies are of two basic kinds: Positive and Negative, there should reasonably be, two additional and different kinds of Interwoven Space/Time Entities (in addition to the Distorted Interwoven Space/Time Entity that guides the movement of Mass Bodies) to "guide" the Accelerated movement of Electrically Charged Bodies; One, to guide the Positive Electrically Charged Bodies how to move (direction and magnitude of Acceleration), and the other to guide the Negative Electrically Charged Bodies how to move. This is the basic idea upon which The New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities was developed.

The proposed New Mode of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities central idea is that there are **three** separate Interwoven Space/Time Entities:

- 1. <u>A Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity</u> that "guides" the Attraction Accelerated Forces of Mass Objects to each other, and their related Acceleration. This part of the model complies completely with Einstein's General Relativity Theory that its basic principles were presented above. This Entity of Interwoven Space/Time will be assigned in the following discussion, as: Mass-Guide-Interwoven-Space-Time or: MA-G-IST.
- 2. <u>A Positive Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity</u> that "guides" the Positive Electric Charges how to Repel from any other Positive Electric Charge, and how to Attract to any Negative Electric Charge, in an Accelerated movement. This Entity of Interwoven Space/Time will be assigned in the following discussion, as: Positive-Charge-Guide-Interwoven-Space-Time or PC-G-IST.
- 3. A Negative Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity that "guides" the Negative Electric Charges how to Repel from any other Negative Electric Charge, and how to Attract to any Positive Electric Charge, in an Accelerated movement. This Entity of Interwoven Space/Time will be assigned in the following discussion, as:

 Negative-Charge-Guide-Interwoven-Space-Time or NC-G-IST.

Before going into a detailed presentation of *The New Model of* the three *Interwoven Space/Time Entities*, it is important to emphasize that this model is based upon two fundamental assumptions:

1. Electrically Charged Bodies May Distort the Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity exactly as Uncharged Mass
Objects Distort the Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity. In other word, The Distortion that Electrically Charged

- Bodies impose on the Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity, is imposed only by the Mass that carry these Electrically Charged Bodies.
- 2. Uncharged Mass Objects do not Distort any of the Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entities and are not affected by them. This assumption complies with the experimental knowledge that Uncharged Mass Objects, and Electric Charges do not interact with each other [14].
- 3. To modify Einstein's Interwoven Space/Time Entity and present it as part of the three Interwoven Space/Time Entities, each Space Entity, in any of the three Interwoven Space/Time Entities, should be composed of "something", not Vacuum, not Nothingness nor Complete Emptiness. Each such Space Entity should be some "sort of fabric" to be suitable of enabling its Distortion in order to generate the Acceleration of Mass Objects or Electrically Charged Objects in it. This complies with Einstein's General Relativity Theory requirement to assume that Space is composed of some sort of "medium" that provides physical properties to its Space/Time Entity and enable its Distortion. In his speech in the University of Leiden on May 5th, 1920, Albert Einstein himself explained that his General Relativity Theory requires Space to be some sort of a medium [3], [13].

Concerning the second assumption above, that each Space Entity in the three Interwoven Space/Time Entities, should be composed of something, a trivial question might be asked: "What is this "medium", that each such Space Entity is made of?"; "What should each of the Space Entities be built of in order to enable the Distortion of that Interwoven Space/Time Entity?" The answer of the present work to this question, is based on results and conclusions of a previous study, conducted by the author of the present article, and published in an article named: "The Nature of Space and Dark Energy, Based on Electric and Magnetic Fields' Behavior in Space in the Energy Pairs Theory Framework" [5]. The central idea presented and concluded in that study, was that the Space Entity is equated with Energy. In other words, Space is "made out" of Energy. So, according to this novel idea, the "medium" that can be Distorted in any of the Space/Time Entities is Energy. Thus, if Space is Energy, it can be assumed that the "fabric" or "medium" of each of the Space Entities existing in the suggested three Interwoven Space/Time Entities, consists of the Energy embedded in that specific Entity: The Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity - MA-G-IST, embeds the Energies of the Gravitational Fields; The Positive Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity - PC-G-IST, embeds the Energies of the Electric and Magnetic Fields generated by Positive Electric Charges [5]; And the Negative Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity - NC-G-IST embeds the Energies of the Electric Charges [5].

Thus, to summarize what was presented above: The New Model presents three Entities of Interwoven Space/Time: A Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity MA-G-IST that "guides" the Accelerated Attraction movement of Mass Objects; A Positive Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity PC-G-IST that "guides" the Accelerated Attraction or Repulsion of Positive Electric Charges, and a Negative Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity NC-G-IST that "guides" the Accelerated Attraction or Repulsion of Negative Electric Charges. As noticed before, it is important to remember that each of the three Interwoven Space/Time Entities is separate.

Electric Charges do not Distort the Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity MA-G-IST and are not affected by it, but because each Electric Charge is attached to some Mass, Electrically Charged Bodies May Distort the Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity exactly as Uncharged Mass Objects Distort the Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity. In other word, The Distortion that Electrically Charged Bodies impose on the Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity, is imposed only by the Mass that carry these Electrically Charged Bodies.

In addition, Uncharged Mass Bodies do not Distort any of the two Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entities and are not affected by them. However, Electric Charges, both Positive and Negative, can alter, or Distort any of the two additional Electric Charges Interwoven Space/Time Entities, PC-G-IST and NC-G-IST, and can be affected by them.

Unlike Mass Objects that exhibit only Accelerated Attraction interactions, Electrically Charged Bodies, Positive or Negative, exhibit both Attraction and Repulsion. According to Einstein's General Relativity Theory, Accelerated Attraction between two Mass Objects is guided by a Distortion of the MA-G-IST by one Mass Object and the creation of a shape of a Dimple in it. This Dimple "guides" all other Mass Objects how to move. A Dimple shape is concluded from the mathematical workout related to Einstein's General Relativity Theory. If a shape of a Dimple in the MA-G-IST Interwoven Space/Time Entity causes Accelerated Attraction between Mass Bodies (Fig. 1), it can be assumed that, similarly, Accelerated Attraction between Positive and Negative Electric Charges are "guided" by the creation of a Dimple in one of the two Electric Charges Interwoven Space/Time Entities as follows:

<u>A Positive Electrically Charged Body</u> Distorts the **Negative Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity - NC-G-IST** by creating a **Dimple** in it (Figure 3); and because the **NC-G-IST** guides all *Negative Electric Charges* movements, this means that all *Negative Electric Charges* are *Attracted* towards the *Positive Electric Charge* that created the **Dimple** in the **NC-G-IST**, in an *Accelerated* movement "guided" by that **Dimple**.

<u>A Negative Electrically Charged Body</u> Distorts the **Positive Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity - PC-G-IST** by creating a **Dimple** in it (Figure 3); and because the **PC-G-IST** guides all *Positive Electric Charges* movements, this means that all *Positive Electric Charges* are *Attracted* towards the *Negative Electric Charge* that created the **Dimple** in the **PC-G-IST**, in an *Accelerated* movement "guided" by that **Dimple**.

However, to exhibit a Repulsive Accelerated movement of same polarity Electrically Charged Bodies, any of the Distorted Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity should exhibit a different shape of the Distortion imposed on that Interwoven Space/Time Entity. The question of what this shape looks like, and how it can cause a Repulsive Acceleration movement, might be answered by extending Einstein's General Relativity Theory to include Repulsive interactions, and to explain Repulsion between Electrically Charged Bodies of the same polarity. This new idea will be further explained in detail.

Figure 1 above, provides a visualization of how Einstein's General Relativity Theory uses Distorted Interwoven

Space/Time Entity caused by one Mass Object (in this case – Earth) to explain the Attraction between Mass Objects.

This image shows how the Earth Mass creates a Dimple in the "fabric" of the Interwoven Space/Time Entity. This

Dimple dictates or "guides" all other Mass Objects how to move (in what Acceleration magnitude and in what
direction) towards the Earth Mass, which results in an Accelerated Attraction of all Mass Objects towards Earth. It is
important to pay attention to the fact that the "fabric" of the slice of the Interwoven Space/Time Entity shown in

Figure 1, is a 2-dimensional plane, which is one plane out of the infinite planes existing in the 4-dimensional
construct of Einstein's Interwoven Space/Time Entity. In addition, the Distortion presented in this specific plane, the

Dimple, embeds Acceleration of any other Mass Object whose direction is towards the Earth Mass, which implies that
the shape of a Dimple, causes an Accelerated Attraction towards Earth. This explanation of Accelerated Attraction
between Mass Objects according to Einstein's General Relativity Theory, is based on a complex, long-lasting
mathematical workout [6], [10, [11], which a very simplified version of it can be presented, as elaborated in the
following paragraph:

The Interwoven Space/Time Entity is a 4D construct that embeds the three dimensions of Space: X, Y, Z, and the dimension of Time T. Since it is a 4D construct it cannot be visualized or be precepted by human beings; Figure 1 provides a possibly precepted 3D illustration in which a Distorted plane is shown. This Distorted plane embeds two Space dimensions (X and Y; or Y and Z; or X and Z etc.) and the Time T dimension as a third dimension. This is a 3D illustration, in which it is possible to calculate both the Velocity and the Acceleration of Mass Objects.

Velocity in any axis of Space, for example the X-axis, is defined as the first derivative of that axis in respect to Time T - dx/dt. Acceleration in any axis of Space, for example the X-axis, is defined as the first derivative of the Velocity in respect to Time T - dv/dt, or the second derivative of the X-axis in respect to Time T - d²x/dt².

Both *Velocity* and *Acceleration* are vectors, which are defined by magnitude and direction. At any point of a *Distorted Interwoven Space/Time Entity* the second derivative of any axis of *Space* in respect to *Time* can be calculated, because this *Distorted Interwoven Space/Time Entity* is composed of three dimensions of *Space*: (X, Y, Z) and the *Time* (T) as the fourth dimension.

As such, the <u>shape</u> of the *Distorted Interwoven Space/Time Entity* <u>already</u> embeds the "guided" *Acceleration* in each point of it, including both, direction and magnitude.

If a **Dimple** in the *Interwoven Space/Time Entity*, similar to the Dimple shown in Figure 1, has been shown mathematically by *Einstein's General Relativity Theory* to represent a source of <u>Attraction</u> [6], [10, [11], then according to the same mathematical workout, a *Distorted* shape that would be able to cause the opposed-direction movement, a

<u>Repulsion</u>, or a <u>Repulsive Acceleration</u>, would be a mirror image of a Dimple, which is a Hill (or a Hump) in the Interwoven Space/Time Entity. In this view, expanding Einstein's General Relativity Theory can explain <u>Repulsive Forces</u> in an Interwoven Space/Time Entity as well as <u>Attraction</u>.

However, Repulsive Forces are exhibited only by Same Polarity Electric Charges. Therefore, formation of a Hill in the "fabric" of one of the Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entities, either PC-G-IST or NC-G-IST, by an Electrically Charged Body, would cause a <u>Repulsive Acceleration</u> of all other Electrically Charged Bodies having the Same Polarity as the Polarity of the Electrically Charged Body that created this Hill Distortion, from it. This idea is further explained in the following section by more visualization images.

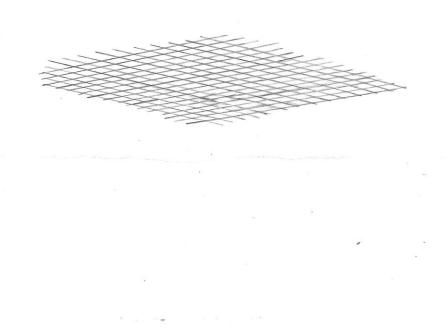


Fig 2 | Visualization of a "fabric" of a "flat" Interwoven Space/Time Entity.

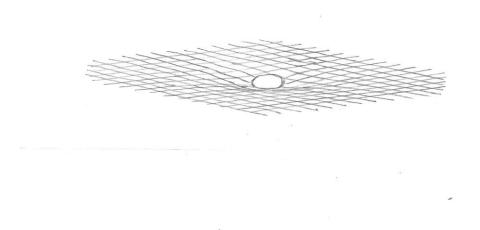


Fig 3 | Visualization of a *Dimple Distortion* created by a *Mass Object* or an *Electrically Charged Body* in an *Interwoven Space/Time Entity*

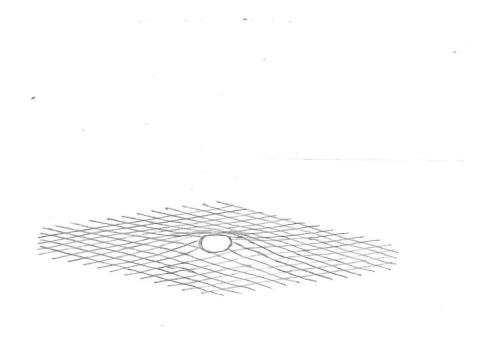


Fig 4 | Visualization of a Hill Distortion created by an Electrically Charged Body in an Interwoven Space/Time Entity

Figure 2 is a visualization of a theoretical 2-dimensional plane "fabric" of a "flat" Interwoven Space/Time Entity. In such an <u>Undistorted</u> Interwoven Space/Time Entity, the Acceleration embedded in each point of it is zero or: d²x/dt²=0. There are no Mass Objects Attracted to it, nor Electrically Charged Objects Attracted to it or Repelled from it. Such an Interwoven Space/Time Entity, that cannot exist, lacks a "guide" of Acceleration. Such a "guide", according to the new model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities suggested in this study, should be a Mass object or an Electrically Charged Body, either Positive or Negative that creates a Distortion in the Interwoven Space/Time entity.

Figures 3 is a visualization of a 2-dimensional plane of a "fabric" of a <u>Distorted Interwoven Space/Time Entity</u>, which embeds a **Dimple**, similarly to the <u>Distorted Interwoven Space/Time Entity</u> presented in Figure 1. According to the New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities suggested in this study, an object that can create such a **Dimple**, is either a Mass Object or an Electrically Charged Body, Positive or Negative. The Acceleration embedded in each point of the **Dimple** is directed towards the bottom of the **Dimple**, which implies Attraction.

<u>Figures 4</u> is a visualization of a 2-dimensional plane of a "fabric" of a <u>Distorted Interwoven Space/Time Entity</u>, which embeds a Hill (or a Hump). According to the <u>New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities</u> suggested in this study, an object that can create such a Hill, is <u>only</u> an <u>Electrically Charged Body</u>. It cannot be a <u>Mass Object</u> because <u>Mass Objects</u> exhibit only <u>Attraction Accelerated Forces</u> by creating a <u>Dimple</u>. The <u>Acceleration</u> embedded in each point of the Hill is directed outwards, from the top of the Hill, which implies **Repulsion**.

Thus, to exhibit a Repulsive Accelerated movement of same polarity Electrically Charged Bodies, the Distorted Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity should exhibit a 'mirror image' of a Dimple, which is a Hill (or a Hump), as shown in Figure 4. A Hill shape Distortion in the Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity would cause a Repulsive Acceleration movement of same polarity Electrically Charged Bodies, from each other. This idea complies with the mathematical workout related to Einstein's General Relativity Theory and enables to expand Einstein's General Relativity Theory to include Repulsive interactions, and to explain Repulsive Forces between Electrically Charged Bodies of the same polarity.

Attraction and Repulsion of Electrically Charged Bodies in the Framework of The Proposed New Model

A Dimple Shape Distortion in an Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity resembles a Dimple Distortion created by Mass Objects in the MA-G-IST, which guides Attraction Forces between Mass Objects. In the same way, whenever a Dimple Distortion is created in any of the two Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entities, the Electrically Charged Bodies that are guided by this specific Dimple Distortion will be Attracted to the Electrically Charged Body that created the Dimple. It is important to remember that the Attraction Force between Electrically Charged Bodies, complies with Coulomb's Law, which has the same formulation structure as the Universal Gravitation Law.

A Hill Shape Distortion in an Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity resembles a 'Mirror Image' of a Dimple Shaped Distortion created by Mass Objects in the MA-G-IST, and therefore guides a Repulsion Force. So, whenever a Hill Distortion is created in any of the two Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entities, the Electrically Charged Bodies that are guided by this specific Hill Distortion, will be Repelled from the Electrically Charged Body that created the Hill. The Repulsion Force guided by a Hill Distortion, complies with Coulomb's Law, which has the same formulation structure as the Universal Gravitation Law.

Each Electrically Charged body moves according to what its Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity "guides". The Positive Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity - PC-G-IST guides Positive Electric Charges how to move (Acceleration magnitude and direction); and the Negative Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity - NC-G-IST guides Negative Electric Charges how to move. Each Electrically Charged Body Can Distort each of the Interwoven Space/Time Entities: PC-G-IST and NC-G-IST, differently:

- 1. <u>Positive Electric Charges</u> Distort the **PC-G-IST** by creating a **Hill** in it, as can be visualized by Figure 4; Positive Electric Charges can also Distort the **NC-G-IST** by creating a **Dimple** in it, similarly to the way a Mass Object creates a **Dimple** in the Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity (Fig. 3). These two different Distortions imply that a Positive Electrically Charged Body Always Repels all other Positive Electrically Charged Bodies, and Always Attracts all Negative Electrically Charged Bodies.
- 2. Negative Electric Charges Distort the NC-G-IST by creating a Hill in it, as can be visualized by Figure 4; Negative Electric Charges can also Distort the PC-G-IST by creating a Dimple in it, resembling the way a Mass Body creates a Dimple in the Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity (Fig.3). These two different Distortions imply that a Negative Electrically Charged Body Always Repels all other Negative Electrically Charged Bodies, and Always Attracts all Positive Electrically Charged Bodies.

The fact that each Electrically Charged Body, Positively or Negatively Charged, Distorts each of the two Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entities differently, complies with the idea that Space is equated with Energy [5]; Each of the two Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entities, PC-G-IST and NC-G-IST, embeds different Energy; PC-G-IST embeds the Energy generated by the Positive Electrically Charged Bodies, and NC-G-IST embeds the Energy generated by the Negative Electrically Charged Bodies.

Following is a summary of the above discussion related to the Attraction/Repulsion Forces between Electrically Charged Bodies, according to the New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities proposed by this study:

- Positive Electrically Charged Bodies Distort the Negative Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity NC-G-IST by creating a Dimple in it, which "guides" an Accelerated Attraction of all Negative Electrically Charged Bodies towards this Dimple, or towards the Positive Electrically Charged Body that created that Dimple.
- 2. <u>Positive Electrically Charged Bodies</u> Distort the **Positive Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity PC-G-IST** by creating a **Hill** in it, which "guides" an *Accelerated Repulsion* of all other *Positive Electrically Charged Bodies* outwards from the top of this Hill, or outwards from the *Positive Electrically Charged Body* that created that Hill.
- 3. <u>Negative Electrically Charged Bodies</u> Distort the **Positive Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity PC-G-IST** by creating a **Dimple** in it which "guides" an Accelerated <u>Attraction</u> of all Positive Electrically Charged Bodies towards this **Dimple**, or towards the Negative Electrically Charged Body that created that Dimple.
- 4. <u>Negative Electrically Charged Bodies</u> Distort the **N**egative **E**lectric **C**harge **I**nterwoven **S**pace/**T**ime Entity **NC-G-IST** by creating a **Hill** in it, which "guides" an *Accelerated <u>Repulsion</u>* of all other *Negative Electrically Charged Bodies* outwards from the top of this **Hill**, or outwards from the *Negative Electrically Charged Body* that created that Hill.

4. Discussion

Initially, developing a New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities was intended to provide a theoretical framework for explaining the origins of the Electric Attraction or Repulsion Forces between Electrically Charged Bodies. The New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities indeed provides such an explanation by introducing three Interwoven Space/Time Entities that can "guide" either Mass Objects or Positively or Negatively Electrically Charged Bodies how to move or determine the Acceleration magnitude and the direction of movement. As in Einstein's General Relativity Theory, where a Mass Object Distorts the MA-G-IST, and the Distortion determines how any other Mass Objects are Attracted to it in an Accelerated movement, in The New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities, in addition, a Positively or a Negatively Electrically Charged Body Distorts each of the PC-G-IST and NC-G-IST and the Distortion determines how (direction and Acceleration magnitude) other Electrically Charged Bodies are Attracted-to, or are Repelled-from it. So, the New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities provides an appropriate framework for explaining Electrically Charged Bodies Attraction or Repulsion origins, in compliance with the explanation given by Einstein's General Relativity Theory to Mass Objects Attraction. In both cases the origins of the Attraction or Repulsion Acceleration Force, is rooted in the Distortion of the appropriate Interwoven Space/Time Entity which determines the direction and the Acceleration magnitude of the movement.

In this section another revolutionary conclusion will be derived, relating to the connection between the Acceleration existing in the Attraction or Repulsion between Electrically Charged Bodies and the Mass Magnitudes of the Bodies that carry these Electric Charges, which follows from the New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities developed in this study.

Einstein's General Relativity Theory was initially based on Newton's idea that <u>a Gravitational Field is a form of</u>
<u>Acceleration.</u> According to Newton's Gravitational Theory, a Mass Body \mathbf{m}_1 dictates or guides the Acceleration in which any other Mass Body \mathbf{m}_2 is Attracted to it through the Gravitational Field. In other words, a Gravitational Field created by one Mass Object, dictates, or guides the Acceleration of any other Mass Object's movement in that Gravitation Field.

Einstein's General Relativity Theory has not changed this basic idea; it has only changed the terminology in compliance with his General Relativity Theory. The term: "Gravitational Field" in the basic classic Newton's Theory was replaced by the term: "Distortion of the Interwoven Space/Time" in the General Relativity Theory, so that each of these two terminologies can be considered as a "Guide of Acceleration". In Einstein's General Relativity Theory, Mass Objects' Accelerated Attraction origins come from the Distortion of the Interwoven Space/Time entity, but, as noted above, this Interwoven Space/Time Entity is identical to the Newton's Gravitational Field. Therefore, both the Distortion of Einstein's Interwoven Space/Time Entity and the Gravitational Field, can be considered a form of Acceleration.

Analogously, in The New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities whenever an Electrically Charged Body \mathbf{q}_1 Distorts the PC-G-IST or the NC-G-IST, the Distortion functions as a guide of the Accelerated movement of any other Electrically Charged Body \mathbf{q}_2 , that can be either Attracted-to it or Repelled-from it, but, both the PC-G-IST and the NC-G-IST are also considered as Energy embedded in the Electric Field, as was already stated in a previous section of this article, and therefore, both the PC-G-IST and/or the NC-G-IST and the Electric Field, can be considered a form of Acceleration. Therefore, the same as a Gravitational Field is a form of Acceleration, Electric Fields can also be considered as a form of Acceleration.

Although this idea, that the *Electric Fields* can also be considered as <u>a form of Acceleration</u>, <u>is</u> new, it could have been derived long time ago by a simple mathematical elaboration of *Coulomb's Law*, which provides the *Electric Force* **F** of *Attraction*, or *Repulsion* between two *Electrically Charged Bodies*:

$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{K}_{e} \cdot (\mathbf{q}_{1} \cdot \mathbf{q}_{2}) / \mathbf{r}^{2}.$$

The *Electric Field* – \mathbf{E} , induced by an *Electrically Charge Body* that has been shown by the present study, to be <u>a form</u> of *Acceleration*, is expressed by the formula:

$$\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{K}_{e} \cdot \mathbf{q}_{1} / \mathbf{r}^{2} [8].$$

Coulomb's Law can be rewritten, then, as: $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{q}_2 \cdot \mathbf{E}$, which is fully analogous to the formula:

 $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{m}_2 \ \mathbf{g}$ in Newton's Gravitational Theory, where \mathbf{g} represents the Gravitational Acceleration.

The similarity between these two formulae might imply that an *Electric Field - E is also a form of Acceleration*, exactly as a *Gravitational Field - g*, is a form of *Acceleration* as related to *Newton's Gravitational Theory*.

The fact that the *Electric Field* is a form of *Acceleration* can be also derived <u>directly</u> from the *Coulomb's Law Force*.

Because the *Coulomb's Force* between two *Electrically Charged Bodies Attracted*-to or *Repelled*-from each other, <u>changes continuously</u>, the <u>velocity</u> in the movement, of these two *Electrically Charged Bodies*, also <u>changes continuously</u>, which implies <u>Acceleration</u>. And since the *Coulomb's Force* is <u>caused</u> by the <u>Electric Field</u>, that <u>Electric Field</u> is a form of <u>Acceleration</u>. All that, is again, in complete analogy to the <u>Gravitational Force</u>, which also <u>changes continuously</u>, such that the <u>velocity</u> in the movement, of two <u>Mass Bodies Attracted</u> under this <u>Gravitational Force</u>, also <u>changes continuously</u>, which implies <u>Acceleration</u>. And since the <u>Gravitational Force</u> is <u>caused</u> by the <u>Gravitational Field</u>, that <u>Gravitational Field</u> is a form of <u>Acceleration</u>.

Obviously, this idea, that an *Electric Field - E is also a form of Acceleration*, could have been derived before developing *Einstein's General Gravitational Theory* and the present *New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities*, as it might be implied from *Coulomb's and Newton's Theories*, but the idea that an *Electric Field - E - might be also a form of Acceleration*, was not given the appropriate attention. Now, after developing *The New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities*, the idea that an *Electric Field - E - is a form of Acceleration*, may have <u>surprising implications</u> and conclusions as further discussed in the following paragraphs of this article.

Before elaborating on the above mentioned surprising implications, it should be also noted that the *Distortion* in each of the *Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entities* will also create the situation in which the movement between the *Electrically Charged Bodies* will comply <u>completely</u> with *Coulomb's Law*: $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{K}_c \cdot (\mathbf{q}_1 \cdot \mathbf{q}_2)/\mathbf{r}^2 \, [2]$, if the *Acceleration* embedded in that *Distorted Interwoven Space/Time Entity*, will be equal to $\mathbf{K}_c \cdot \mathbf{q}_1/\mathbf{r}^2$, because of the following argumentation:

It was already stated above that this *Distorted Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity*, which is a form of <u>Acceleration</u>, also embeds the *Energy* of the *Electric Field* - E, induced by the *Electrically Charged Body* \mathbf{q}_1 that imposed that *Distortion*.

However, as stated above, the *Electric Field* – **E**, induced by an *Electrically Charge Body* \mathbf{q}_1 is expressed by the formula:

$$E=K_e \cdot q_1/r^2 [8].$$

Thus, Coulomb's Law $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{K}_c \cdot (\mathbf{q}_1 \cdot \mathbf{q}_2) / \mathbf{r}^2 [2]$, can be rewritten as: $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{q}_2 \cdot \mathbf{E}$.

Then, if the <u>embedded</u> Acceleration in the above mentioned **Distorted** Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity, is equal to the Electric Field E magnitude which is $K_c \cdot q_1/r^2$, as stated above, and that Electric Field – E, is also the

Energy embedded in that **Distorted Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity**, then, from the equation $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{q}_2 \cdot \mathbf{E}$ follows that any *Electrically Charged Body* \mathbf{q}_2 , residing in that **Distorted Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity**, and, thus, also residing in that *Electric Field* – E, will be attracted-to or Repelled-from the *Electrically Charged Body* \mathbf{q}_1 that imposed that *Distortion*, $\mathbf{as} \cdot \mathbf{if}$ a *Force* F which fully complies with the *Coulomb's Law* $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{K}_c \cdot (\mathbf{q}_1 \cdot \mathbf{q}_2)/\mathbf{r}^2$, was exerted on it.

It is worthwhile to pay attention to why in the previous section the situation was presented only <u>as if</u> a Force complying to Coulomb's Force was exerted. Because, as was already mentioned before, the New Theory, presented in this article, <u>like</u> Einstein's General Relativity Theory, states, that what really occurred, is that the Accelerated motion which occurred between the Electrically Charged Bodies was <u>not</u> controlled by any Force or by any Field. This Accelerated motion was only a result of the Acceleration already embedded in the above mentioned Distorted Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity. And that embedded Acceleration forced any Electrically Charged Body which is "guided" by the above mentioned Distorted Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity, to Accelerated with that Acceleration. And the New Model, presented in this article, does not assume, that there were any Forces or Fields involved in the generation of this motion. But, as explained above, if the Acceleration embedded in that Distorted Interwoven Space/Time Entity, will be equal to K. q./r², this motion will seem as if a Force complying fully with Coulomb's Law is exerted on the Electrically Charged Bodies that are forced to move because of the embedded Acceleration in that Distorted Interwoven Space/Time Entity.

Thus, one surprising implication related to the statement that the Electric Field is a form of Acceleration, is the conclusion derived above, that the Coulomb's Force acting between Electrically Charged Bodies, as the Classic Electromagnetism claims, might not be existing at all. Because, what is stated above, is that the Attractions and/or Repulsions between Electrically Charged Bodies is not rooted in the Coulomb's Force. What was claimed above is that these Attractions and/or Repulsions are rooted only in the embedded Acceleration in the Distorted Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entities. Although this conclusion might not seem surprising if the New Model presented in this article is accepted as reasonable and viable, still, arriving at the conclusion that the notion of Coulomb's Law, which is a major corner stone in Classic Electromagnetism, is just a fiction and does not really exist, is a surprising conclusion. However, this article will continue to use the term Coulomb's Law Force because it is a common term.

However, the relation between the Acceleration in the Attractions or Repulsions between Electrically Charged Bodies, and the Mass Magnitudes of the Bodies that carry these Electric Charges, as will be elaborated in the next paragraph of this article, and which is also a conclusion derived from the New Model and the statement that Electric Fields are a form of Acceleration, might seem even more surprising.

Because this New Theory like Einstein's General Relativity Theory, does <u>not assume</u> any Forces or Fields the above also implies, that for any Electrically Charged Body, which is "guided" or dictated to move with an <u>embedded</u> Acceleration in

a **Distorted Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity**, the Mass that is contained in that Electrically Charged Body will also be **forced** to move with that Acceleration, **regardless** of the actual Mass magnitude of that Mass, because this motion is **forced** or dictated by the Acceleration and not by any Force. This means, on one hand, that the Mass that is contained in that Electrically Charged Body **never violates** Newton's Second Law, F=m·a, because no Forces are assumed in that movement. But, on the other hand, this means that Newton's Second Law might be **not** applicable, and it might be that it cannot be used in scenarios that contain Attractions or Repulsions between Electrically Charged Bodies!!! And, in addition to that, if the Acceleration embedded in that **Distorted Interwoven Space/Time Entity**, will be **K**· **q**₁/**r**², the above movement will also comply completely to a situation in which the Coulomb's Law is also obeyed, **as if** such a Force was exerted on the Electrically Charged Bodies!!!

However, it should be emphasized, that the statement presented above, that the Mass that is contained in that Electrically Charged Body will also be forced to move with the Acceleration embedded in the Distorted Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity, which also implies that Newton's Second Law might be not applicable, can be stated only in scenarios where the Gravitational Law effect on the Electrically Charged Bodies is negligible, as compared to the Coulomb's Law effect on these Electrically Charged Bodies, which it the usual scenarios in all cases of Electrically Charged Bodies which are not of the size of Astronomical Bodies, such as Planets. This will be further elaborated in the next section of this article, that proposes a lab experiment which might provide a way to validate the New Model described in this article.

So far it is clear that if the New Model, presented in this article will be found reasonable and viable, this implies that there exists a full analogy between Mass Objects' interactions, and Electrically Charged Bodies' interactions, and their resulted movement related to both the basic Newton's and Einstein's Theories and The New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities developed in this study. The origins of these interactions are similar as related to The New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities, and so are the significance of the Fields, either the Gravitational Field or the Electric Field, which are both not only Fields but also a form of Acceleration as related to Newton's and Coulomb's Theories. A further step into this interesting analogy may further clarify the significant meaning of Acceleration in the movement rules of Electrically Charged Bodies.

The meaning of what was stated above is revolutionary and significant, because this implies that the *Acceleration* of two *Electric Charges Attracted*-to, or *Repelled*-from each other, should be a function of the *Electric Charge Magnitude* of these two *Electric Charges*, and not a function of the *Mass* magnitudes of the *Bodies* on which these two *Electric Charges* reside, in contrast to the conclusion of *Newton's Theory* that this *Acceleration* always complies to the equation $F=m \cdot a$. This enables the validation of the novel theory offered by the current work, by a lab experiment designed to examine this idea, as will be further elaborated in the next section of this article.

5. Suggestion of a Lab-Experiment to Validate the New Model of Three Interwoven Space/Time Entities

The New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities suggests that each Electric Charge - q₁ "guides" the Acceleration in which any other Electric Charge - q₂ is Attracted-to or Repelled-from it by Distorting the Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entities, proposed in this article, and that imposes an embedded Acceleration in each of the Distorted Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entities. As a result, the Acceleration of two Electric Charges Attracted-to, or Repelled-from each other should be a function of the Electric Charge Magnitude of each of these two Electric Charges and not of the Mass Magnitude of the Bodies that carry these Electric Charges. This idea establishes the basis of a labexperiment to enable experimental validation of the new theory suggested by this study.

Before going into the implementation details of the experiment, it is important to note that all-natural objects possess both Mass and Electric Charge Entities. Therefore, Electrically Charged Bodies are always carried by Mass, while Neutrally Charged Bodies exhibit Mass only. In other words, while many Uncharged Mass Bodies exist in the natural world, there is no Electric Charge that is not attached to some Mass. So, Electrically Charged Bodies always exhibit both Electric Charge and Mass Entities.

The everyday usual experience implies that if two *Uncharged Mass Bodies* are placed on a *Horizontal* surface, they will not move one towards the other. This happens even though a *Horizontal Gravitational Attraction Force* tries to *Attract* them one towards the other. That happens because this *Gravitational Attraction Force* is very small and cannot overcome other forces operating on these *Uncharged Bodies*, such as the friction between these bodies and the surface they are placed on. However, if these bodies are charged with a reasonable amount of *Electric Charge*, they will be *Attracted/Repelled* to/from each other, because the *Coulomb's Force* is bigger as compared to the *Gravitational Force* mentioned above, and that *Coulomb's Force* can overcome all other forces that inhibit these bodies motion.

According to the theory presented in this article, each natural Electrically Charged Body movement should be "guided" by three Interwoven Space/Time Entities: Einstein's Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity should "guide" the body's Mass how to move, and an Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity, PC-G-IST, or NC-G-IST should "guide" its Electric Charge how to move. So, an obvious question arises: "Who guides Electrically Charged Body's movement and Acceleration?"

Looking into some basic calculated data relating to the *Gravitational Force* and the *Coulomb's Force*, may provide an answer to this question: The *Gravitational Force* between two 1-kg *Mass Objects* that are 1 meter apart is 6.67 · 10⁻¹¹ Newtons [16], while the *Attraction or Repulsion Coulomb's Force* between two 1 *Coulomb Electrically Charged Bodies*, held 1 meter apart, is 9 · 10⁹ Newtons [17]. And, the *Gravitational Force* between the two 1-kg *Mass Bodies* will

generate an Acceleration of 6.67 · 10-11 m · s-2 according to Newton's second law (F=m·a), while the Acceleration between the Electrically Charged Bodies, predicted by this article will be 9 · 10° m · s-2, because this Acceleration is a function of the Charge Magnitude of each of these two Electric Charges and not of the Mass Magnitude of the Bodies that carry these Electric Charges and that Acceleration magnitude is equal to the magnitude of the Electric Field - E= K_s· q/r². This calculated data indicates that Coulomb's Force exerted on an Electrically Charged Body is usually much more effective than the Gravitation Force exerted on that Electrically Charged Body, by a magnitude factor of 1.35 · 10²⁰! This implies that the Gravitational Force effect on an Electrically Charged Body is usually negligible in comparison to the Coulomb's Force effect on that same Electrically Charged Body. So, the Acceleration resulted from the Gravitation Force exerted on two Electrically Charged Bodies is usually negligible as compared to the Acceleration resulted from the Coulomb's Force exerted on these two same Electrically Charged Bodies. Therefore, and according to the new model of the three Interwoven Space/Time Entities, the Acceleration of two Electrically Charged Bodies, Attracted to or Repelled from, each other should be usually a function of the Electric Charge magnitude of these two Electrically Charged Bodies and not a function of the Mass magnitude of these two Electrically Charged Bodies.

However, 1 Coulomb *Electric Charges* are rare and *Electric Charges* are usually in the range of 10⁻³ or 10⁻⁶ or 10⁻⁹, or even 10⁻¹² Coulombs. Thus, if the 1 Coulomb *Electric Charges*, mentioned above, will be changed to 10⁻⁹ Coulomb *Electric Charges*, the *Coulomb Force* between the *Electric Charges* will be now 9 · 10⁻⁹ Newtons and the *Acceleration* between the *Electrically Charged Bodies*, that this article predicts will be now 9 m·s⁻², still many orders of magnitude greater, about 1.35 · 10¹¹ greater, than the *Acceleration* between the *Mass Bodies* created by the *Gravitation Force* between the 1–kg *Mass Bodies* mentioned above.

Only if the two 1 Coulomb *Electric Charges*, mentioned above, will be changed to 10^{-12} Coulomb *Electric Charges*, the *Coulomb Force* between the *Electric Charges* will now be $9 \cdot 10^{-15}$ Newtons, which is smaller than the *Gravitational Attraction Force* between these two 1-kg *Mass Bodies*. However, in this case, these *Electrically Charged Bodies* will **not** move, because now, also the *Coulomb's Force* is too small to overcome all other forces (such as friction) which inhibit the movement of these bodies. But, if these bodies will be in outer space, and no other forces, apart from the *Coulomb's Force* and the *Gravitational Attraction* between the bodies, will exist between them, this article predicts, that these bodies will **now move** and the *Acceleration* because of **F= m·a** will still be $6.67 \cdot 10^{-11}$ m·s⁻², and the *Acceleration* between the *Electrically Charged Bodies*, that this article predicts will be $9 \cdot 10^{-3}$ m·s⁻², still about $1.35 \cdot 10^8$ greater, than the *Acceleration* between the *Mass Bodies* created by the *Gravitation Force* between the two 1-kg *Mass Bodies* mentioned above.

Only if the two 1 - kg Mass Bodies, mentioned above, will be changed to 10^9 kg, and these Mass Bodies will be in outer space with no other forces applied on them, they will move with an Acceleration according to $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{m} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, because now that Acceleration will be $6.67 \cdot 10^{-2}$ m·s⁻², bigger by a factor of about 7.4, as compared to the Acceleration that Eclectically

Charged Bodies, each charged by 10⁻¹² Coulombs, can generate, which, as shown above, will be 9 · 10⁻³ m · s⁻², as this article predicts.

This implies that $F=m \cdot a$ should be used <u>only in cases</u> of <u>Uncharged</u> (or Neutrally Charged) Bodies or very Massive Bodies. Because Planets are Uncharged Bodies, or Electrically Neutral Bodies, and very Massive Objects, (Earth Mass, for example, is $5.9722 \cdot 10^{24}$ kg) the Acceleration between Planets movements obeys Newton's second law, $F=m \cdot a$, as is known from experience.

Thus, although situations can be created were the effect of the Universal Gravitation Law effect on an Electrically Charged Body is not negligible in comparison to the Coulomb's Law effect on that Electrically Charged Body, usually, it is well established that the dominant force exerted on Electrically Charged Bodies, residing in an Earth lab, is usually Coulomb's Force and not the Gravitational Force, because the Gravitation Force exerted between these Electrically Charged Bodies is usually negligible and insignificant as compared to the Coulomb's Force exerted between these Electrically Charged Bodies. However, the acceptable notion among many professionals in the field, is that the Acceleration resulting from the Coulomb's Force exerted on Electrically Charged Bodies is determined by the Mass magnitude of the Electrically Charged Bodies, and can simply be calculated according to Newton's Second Law: F=m a [18],[19]. According to this approach, the Acceleration of a moving Electrically Charged Body, that moves under the Coulomb's Force, is usually simply calculated by dividing the Coulomb's Force exerted on the Electrically Charged Body by the Electrically Charged Body Mass. This, of course, is an application of Newton's Second Law, which states that any Force (including Coulomb's Force) that is exerted on a Mass Object, or on an Electrically charged Body that carries Mass, Accelerates according to the Newton's Second Law: F=m a, and the Acceleration magnitude is calculated by it.

However, in the framework of The New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities this approach is wrong. The New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities predicts that the Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entities, PC-G-IST, and NC-G-IST, which contain the Energy embedded in the Electric Field $E = K_c \cdot q/r^2$, are a form of Acceleration, and it depends on the Electric Charge q and not on any Mass; Therefore, the Acceleration of each of two Electrically Charged Bodies Attracted-to or Repelled-from each other should be usually dependent on the Electric Charge Magnitude of each of these two Electrically Charged Bodies, and not on their Mass Magnitude.

A lab-experiment that examines the above conclusion, derived from the new theory presented in the present study, might be also used to establish an experimental validation of *The New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities* presented in this article. Thus, the experiment's goal should be to confirm that the *Acceleration* of each of two *Electrically Charged Bodies Attracted*-to, or *Repelled*-from each other, should be usually a function of their *Electric Charge Magnitude* only, and <u>not</u> a function of their *Mass* magnitude.

Implementation of the Suggested Lab-Experiment

Phase 1

Two small balls with equal *Mass* (for example: two small metal balls, 10 grams each) are placed on a *Horizontal* smooth surface with a remarkable small coefficient of friction, at any distance – r – apart. These two *Mass balls* should *Attract* each other according to *Newton's and Einstein's Gravitational Theories*. However, as shown before, this *Gravitational Attraction Force*, in the case of regular *Uncharged Mass Bodies* (as opposed to *Astronomical* bodies, such as *Planets*, that clearly exhibit *Gravitational Forces*), is so small that the *Gravitational Attraction Force* between the balls cannot overcome the other forces exerted on these balls, such as friction. As a result, these two equal *Mass* balls, that are placed on a very smooth surface, in a lab, would not move at all, and it would be impossible to record any movement or *Acceleration* between them.

Phase 2

However, if these two equal Mass balls are Electrically Charged with equal magnitude Electric Charges but Opposite Polarity, such as Electric Charges, $\mathbf{q}+$ and $\mathbf{q}-$, and the distance between them is still kept $-\mathbf{r}$, as in the first phase of the experiment, and the two Electrically Charged balls are let free to be Attracted to each other according to Coulomb's Law, then they will Accelerate one towards the other until they meet. The Mass Bodies and the Electric Charges magnitudes should be such as to create the usual situation described above in which the Universal Gravitation Law effect on the Electrically Charged balls will be negligible in comparison to the Coulomb's Law effect on these Electrically Charged balls. For example, the Mass Bodies will be 10-grams and the Electric Charges 10^{-3} Coulomb. Since the Attraction Coulomb's Force between these two Electric Charges changes all the time from the beginning of their movement until they meet, a proper measurement that can provide an indication about the Acceleration magnitude during this experiment, is the Time from the beginning of their movement until they meet. This Time T is recorded.

Phase 3

Another set of two equal *Mass* and *Electrically Charged balls* are used, each ball *Charged* with the <u>same</u> amount of *Electric Charge* as the previous set: q+ and q-, but, this time, each *Electrically Charged ball* carries a **different Mass** magnitude than in the previous phase. The two balls should possess an equal *Mass* magnitude, but it should be significantly **different f**rom the *Mass* magnitude used in the previous phase, for example: 20 or 30 or 50 or 100 gram each; or 0.1 or 0.2 or 0.3 or 0.5 or 1 gram each. The distance between the balls should be also kept the same as in the previous phase - **r**. The same procedure is repeated with this second set of the equal (but different) *Mass* and *Electrically Charged balls*, the two *Electrically Charged balls* are let free to *Attract* each other according to *Coulomb's Law*; They will *Accelerate* one towards the other until they meet, and the **travel Time T** of the two balls from the beginning of their movement to the meeting point is recorded.

According to The New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities, the Acceleration magnitude of the two balls in the present phase should be equal to the Acceleration magnitude in the previous phase, so that the recorded travel Time - T to the meeting point should be the same as in the previous phase of the experiment, because according to The New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities what determines the Acceleration magnitude of each ball is its Electric Charge magnitude and not its Mass magnitude. If the Electric Charge magnitude in both phases is kept the same, even though the Mass magnitude has been changed, the Acceleration magnitude should remain the same, and thus, if the travel Time - T to the meeting point in the present phase indeed remains the same as in the previous phase of the experiment, it explicitly implies that the Acceleration of the Electrically Charged balls is dependent only on the magnitude of the Electric Charge that each of these Electrically Charged balls are carrying, and not not their Mass magnitude, in compliance with the theory provided by this study, which also implies that in this scenario Newton's second law cannot be used to calculate the Acceleration that occurred in this scenario.

Phase-3 of the experiment can, and should, be repeated several times, were **q+**, **q-**, and **r**, are kept the same all the times, and only the *Mass* magnitude of the two **equal** *Mass* and **equally** *Electrically Charged* balls, is changed. In every repeated experiment following the conditions explained above, the *Time* travel - **T** should be the same if indeed the *Acceleration* of the *Electrically Charged* balls is dependent only on the magnitude of their *Electric Charge*, and <u>not</u> on their *Mass magnitude*.

Additional Comments Related to the Proposed Lab-Experiment

<u>First</u>, it is important to pay attention to the fact that on each of the two, equal-Mass, equally-Electrically Charged balls, in each phase of the experiment, both **Vertical** and **Horizonal** forces are exerted. The experiment's aim is to prove that in the **Horizonal axis** the Acceleration of these two Attracted Electrically Charged balls, is affected only by their Electric Charge magnitude, and <u>not</u> by their Mass magnitude.

The Horizontal Attraction forces acting between the two Electrically Charged balls are two different forces that are rooted in two different sources of Acceleration: The Attraction Forces caused by the Gravitational Attraction Force between the two Electrically Charged balls' Mass, as one source of Horizonal Forces between the two balls; And the second source of the Horizontal Forces acting between the two balls is the Coulomb's Force of Attraction between the two Electrically Charged balls' Electric Charge, which, according to the theory developed in this study, will be the only dominant force that will eventually determine the Acceleration of the Attraction movement of these two balls. The Gravitational Force acting between these two Electrically Charged balls, as noted above is negligible in relation to the Coulomb's Electrical Attraction Force, because the Mass magnitude of the two balls is small (not of astronomic magnitude, such as planets).

In addition to the *Horizontal Forces* mentioned above, which are the focus of this study, an additional *Gravitation Vertical Force* is exerted on each of the two balls' *Mass*, Attracting it towards the center of the *Earth Mass*. This, of course, is the *Gravitational Force* acting between each of the *balls' Mass* and the *Earth Mass*. The *Earth Mass*, being of astronomic magnitude exerts an effective *Gravitational Force* in the *Vertical* direction, on each of the balls' *Mass*. Since this experiment intends to examine only what happens in the *Horizontal* direction, this force is not affecting the experimental observations related to the *Horizonal Attractions* between the two balls mentioned above. However, another *Horizonal Force* that might have a significant influence on the experiment's results is *Friction*, which is affected by the balls' *Mass* and the *Friction Coefficient* of the *Horizontal* surface, upon which the two *Electrically Charged balls* reside. This is the reason why the *Mass* of each of the balls, in each phase of the experiment, should be kept as small as possible, and the *Horizontal* surface upon which the two *Electric Charged balls* reside, should have a remarkably small *Friction Coefficient*. These two demands of the experiment ensure that the *Friction Force* acting in the *Horizonal* axis would be as small as possible.

Second, In the experimental process described above, both the Mass and the Electric Charge of each of the two Electrically Charge balls, move together as one unit with one noticeable Acceleration. This might be confusing; One may argue that the Coulomb's Forces is exerted on each of the balls' Mass and therefore, the balls' Acceleration should obey Newton's Second Law: F=m a. According to the new Model presented in this article this is not correct! It is worthwhile to emphasize again that according to the theory developed in this study, the Attraction between the two Electrically Charged balls in this experiment, is not rooted in a Force or a Field, the **origin** of this Attraction is the embedded Acceleration of the Distorted Electric Charges Interwoven Space/Time Entities, and even though these two Electrically Charged balls are carried by Mass, this Acceleration is **not** dependent on the magnitude of this Mass. After all, this was what was meant to be proved in this experiment. Following the New Model of three Interwoven Space/Time Entities, the Acceleration of the two Electrically Charged balls cannot be "guided" by the Mass Interwoven Space/Time -MA-G-IST; It should be "guided" only by the Distortion of the Electric Charges' Interwoven Space/Time Entities PC-G-IST and/or NC-G-IST, according to the Distortion of each of these Entities by the appropriate Electric Charge. Therefore, the balls' Acceleration that is measured indirectly, by recording the travel Time of the two balls - T, as described above, is "guided" only by the Distortion of the Electric Charges' Interwoven Space/Time Entity, and as this Distortion is a form of Acceleration, and that Acceleration is dependent only on the Electric Charge of each of the balls, and not on their Mass magnitude. As noted above, this is the actual idea upon which this experimental validation of the new theory, is based on. This also implies that in a scenario of two Electrically Charged Bodies, in order to calculate the Acceleration in the Attraction/Repulsion that occurs between these Bodies, Newton's second law (F=m a) cannot always be used.

In relation to the previous statement, that Newton's second law cannot always be used, the following should be also stated: Newton's Second law of motion, $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{m} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, was <u>not</u> developed and validated by looking into the details of motions and Accelerations between Electrically Charged Bodies. It was developed based on the knowledge that existed before Newton, provided by Kepler [20], [21], [22], about the trajectories existing in the Solar System. Newton used

this data when developing his *Gravitation* theory, and his laws of motion, as a proof that his laws are valid, because they forecasted what were already found by *Kepler*. As such, *Newton's* second law is based on *Gravitation*, which is also acknowledged by the study presented in this article. However, this article predicts that by investigating the *Acceleration* between *Electrically Charged Bodies*, it might turn out, that *Newton's second law* cannot always be used in such scenarios.

6. Summary and Conclusions

This work was mainly centered around an attempt to find the <u>origins</u> of the Forces between Electrically Charged Bodies, by studying the analogies which exist between Mass and Electric Charge Entities. One such well known analogy can be clearly identified in Newton's Universal Gravitation Law which defines the Attraction Force between Mass Objects, having an identical formulation structure as the Coulomb's Law which defines the Attraction/Repulsion Force between Electrically Charged Bodies. These two formulations are classified as Classic Physics and raise the question if any other possible analogies between the two Entities of Mass and Electric Charge, might be found. For example, while the <u>origins</u> of the Accelerated Attraction interactions between Mass Objects was studied and explained explicitly by Albert Einstein's General Relativity Theory, no explanation to the Accelerated Attraction/Repulsion interactions' <u>origins</u> of Electrically Charged Bodies was ever proposed. The current study was initially intended to examine this question, or to understand what initiates and evolves the Attraction or Repulsion defined by the Coulomb's Force between Electrically Charged Bodies, or the <u>origins</u> of their interactions. As Einstein's General Relativity Theory answered a similar or an analog question related to Mass Objects, it seemed reasonable to look for answers into his theory. Accordingly, this study's approach was to expand the General Relativity Theory to include Electrically Charged Bodies, trying to find solutions to the question of the <u>origins</u> of the Coulomb's Electric Force. This approach produced reasonable and surprising answers.

The New Model, developed in this study and based on the General Relativity Theory, describes three Interwoven Space/Time Entities.

Because Electrically Charged Bodies are of two basic polarity types: Positive and Negative, and the force acting between two Electrically Charged Bodies can be either Attraction or Repulsion depending on their polarity, describing their movement by expanding Einstein's General Relativity Theory, demanded two different possible modes of Distortion of The Interwoven Space/Time Entity. So, in addition to Einstein's Dimple-shaped Distortion that presents Attraction Accelerated movement, the new model, based on Einstein's mathematical elaboration, also suggests a Hill-shaped Distortion that implies Repulsive Accelerated movement. In such a framework, the two polarity types of Electrically Charged Bodies, the Positive and the Negative, are both capable of Distorting each of the two additional Electric Charge

Interwoven Space/Time Entities, proposed by the new model, by creating the appropriate Distortion in it, a **Dimp**le, <u>or</u> a **Hill**, to produce Attraction <u>or</u> Repulsion movements. This novel idea in the framework of Einstein's General Relativity Theory, enabled understanding both the <u>origins</u> of the Coulomb's Electric Force and the rules of movement of Electrically Charged Bodies.

As already stated above, *The New Model*, developed in this study and based on the *General Relativity Theory*, describes three *Interwoven Space/Time Entities*:

One, in full compliance with the original Einstein's Interwoven Space/Time Entity, that its **Dimple** shaped Distortion, formed by a Mass Object, guides the Accelerated Attraction movement of any other Mass Object. This Entity guides Mass Objects how to move or how to Attract and Accelerate towards any other Mass Object.

The second, is a Positive Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity that its **Dimple or Hill** shaped **Distortion**, formed by an Electrically Charged Body, Positively or Negatively charged, guides Positive Electrically Charged Bodies how to move, or how to Attract and Accelerate towards any Negative Electrically Charged Body and how to Repel from any other Positive Electrically Charged Body.

The third, is a Negative Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity that its **Dimple or Hill** shaped **Distortion**, formed by an Electrically Charged Body, Positively or Negatively charged, guides Negative Electrically Charged Bodies how to move, or how to Attract and Accelerate towards any Positive Electrically Charged Body and how to Repel from any other Negative Electrically Charged Body.

Thus, these three Interwoven Space/Time Entities, described in this study, determine the direction and the Acceleration magnitude of the Attraction/Repulsion movement of any Mass Object or Electrically Charged Body, according to the Distortion of that Interwoven Space/Time Entity, by any other Mass Objects or Electrically Charged Body. Therefore, the Distortion of any of these Interwoven Space/Time Entities is described in this work as "A Guide of Acceleration", or "A form of Acceleration". This terminology exists also in Newton's Gravitational Theory stating that the Gravitational Field is "A Form of Acceleration". Thus, the terminology "A form of Acceleration" is related analogically to both concepts: "Field" in Classic Physics, which related, in that case, to the Gravitational Field, and the "Distortion of an Interwoven Space/Time" Entity, in the General Relativity Theory, or Relativistic Physics. This identity, according to this study, encompasses another analogy between "Fields" and "Distortion of an Interwoven Space/Time" Entity, which, in this case "Field" is not only the Gravitational Field, but also the Electric Fields, and implies that either the Gravitational Field and the Electric Fields are all manifestation of Acceleration. This insight and conclusion of the present study is one of the linking analogies between Classic Physics (Newton's Gravitational Theory), and Relativistic Physics (Einstein's General Relativity Theory). More such analogies concluded by the present study, will be further discussed.

The New Model, presented in detail in this article, explains explicitly the <u>origins</u> of the Electrically Charged Bodies

Attraction/Repulsion Coulomb's Force, which was the central goal of this study, by using the terminology: "Distortion of an Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity", in complete analogy to the explanation of the <u>origins</u> of Mass Objects

Accelerated Attraction in Einstein's General Relativity Theory. In this case, the analogy between the <u>origins</u> of either Gravitational or Electrical Force, and the Accelerated movement of either Mass Objects or Electrically Charged Bodies, builds an analogy between Classic Physics and Relativistic Physics.

It is interesting to pay attention to the fact that although Einstein's General Relativity Theory relates to astronomic magnitude Mass Objects, the same theoretical framework and rules may determine the direction and Acceleration magnitude of moving smaller Entities such as Electrically Charged Bodies.

The New Theory, presented in this article, concludes that because the <u>origins</u> of the *Accelerated* movement of *Electrically Charged Bodies*, is the *Distortion* of an *Interwoven Space/Time Entity*, what determines the *Acceleration* magnitude of *Attracted/Repelled Electrically Charged Bodies* is <u>usually</u> their *Electric Charge* magnitude and not their *Mass* magnitude as might be predicted by *Newton's Second Law*. In other words, the *Acceleration* of the *Attracted/Repelled* movement of two *Electrically Charged Bodies* is dependent <u>usually</u> on their *Electric Charge* magnitude and <u>not</u> on their *Mass* magnitude. This conclusion establishes the basis of an experimental validation of *The New Model* which is described in detail in the article.

Thus, the present research work described in this article can be viewed as a connecting link between two categories of *Physics, Classic Physics* and *Relativistic Physics*. Categorizing the **analogies** found and studied in this work, may emphasize the novelty of *The New Model* and its efficacy in understanding the basic building stones of the natural world.

- 1. The first analogy mentioned in the beginning of the current work, between Newton's Gravitational Law and Coulomb's Law formulation structure, can be clearly categorized as Classic Physics. This analogy raised the question upon which the present research study was built around.
- 2. The **analogy** between the <u>origins</u> of the *Accelerated Attraction Force* between *Mass Objects*, and the <u>origins</u> of the *Accelerated Attraction/Repulsion Force* between *Electrically Charged Bodies*, can be clearly categorized as *Relativistic Physics*.
- 3. The analogy between: Gravitational Field being "A Form or a Guide of Acceleration" and being also a Distortion of Einstein's Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity, on one hand, and on the other hand, the Electric Field being "A Form or a Guide of Acceleration" and being also a Distortion of the Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity, is a central idea developed in this study, and may be regarded as a linking analogy between Classic Physics and Relativistic Physics. Such linking analogies are essential for better understanding the nature of both Mass and Electric Charge Entities.

The development of *The New Model*, which used *Relativistic Physics* principles and provided conclusions that might change the view of *Classic Physics* principles, gave a broader approach in studying and understanding the nature of the most fundamental building stones of the natural world: *Mass Objects* and *Electrically Charged Bodies*. However,

expanding *Einstein's General Relativity Theory*, which seem to be achieved successfully, was supported also by conclusions drawn in the previous two parts of this comprehensive research work [4], [5]. This article is the third of three articles that summarize a comprehensive research work investigating the characteristics and the nature of the *Electric Charge Entity*.

The first part of the research was intended to study the Energy embedded in Electromagnetic Waves and is summarized in an article named: "Energy Analysis of a Null Electromagnetic Wave" [4]. The basic conclusion of this part of the study that "Electric Charge is Equated with Energy", is analogous to Einstein's Special Relativity Theory's conclusion that the entity of "Mass is Equated with Energy" [15]. This revolutionary analogy between the Mass and Electric Charge Entities in which both Entities exhibit a manifestation of Energy, was a significant support in implementing the idea of expanding Einstein's General Relativity Theory, which relates to Mass Objects only, to include Electrically Charged Bodies in it. The idea that both the Mass and the Electric Charge Entities are manifestation of Energy, indicated that they may have also other characteristics and features in common, which turned to be complimentary with the results presented in that third part of this study, that revealed a full analogy between these two Entities' movements origins, and their movement rules, in both Classic and Relativistic Physics approaches.

The second part of the research work investigated Electric and Magnetic Fields' Energies induced by Electrically Charged Bodies and concluded that "Space is Equated with Energy" [5]. In other words, Space itself was found to be a manifestation of Energy. This revolutionary conclusion has far-reaching consequences that were discussed in the second article [5], but it also formed a foundation of the ideas developed in the present third part of the study.

The conclusion that each of the **three** Interwoven Space/Time Entities can undergo a **Distortion**, is a key idea in both Einstein's General Relativity Theory and in the current suggested expansion of this theory. The fact that Space is equated with Energy is an important element in the understanding of how such Distortions can occur[5], because this enables to attribute to Einstein's Interwoven Space/Time Entity physical properties which enables its Distortion, and also to provide such physical properties for each of the **three** Interwoven Space/Time Entities to also enable its Distortion.

However, as the Interwoven Space/Time Entity might also be recognized as a manifestation of Energy, each of the three Interwoven Space/Time Entities, described in The New Model should embed different Energies: The Mass Interwoven Space/Time Entity, embeds the Energies of the Gravitational Fields; The Positive Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity, embeds the Energies of the Electric and Magnetic Fields generated by Positive Electrically Charged Bodies [5]; and the Negative Electric Charge Interwoven Space/Time Entity embeds the Energies of the Electric and Magnetic Fields generated by Negative Electrically Charged Bodies [5].

Thus, implementing conclusions and ideas developed in the first two parts of the study, in the development of the present third part of this wide-scale research work, provided a comprehensive picture of both *Electric Charge* and *Mass*

Entities as related to their nature, their movement rules, and their characteristics as being a manifestation of Energy. In addition, the properties and features of Einstein's Interwoven Space/Time Entity were also recognized as a manifestation of Energy and provide a novel approach to the question of what Space is.

The conclusions derived in this research work concerns the most basic ingredients of the natural world: *Mass; Electric Charge; Energy; Space*. The ideas derived from this comprehensive investigation clarify unresolved basic questions on the one hand and produce fascinating conclusions about the natural world on the other hand.

If the lab-experimental examination, proposed in this study, would indeed result in validating the new theory developed in this study, fascinating implications on our understanding of the natural world and the *Universe* might be reached, which would probably have significant impact on scientific research and study in all categories of *Physics*.

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