

# Question 441 : eight series for pi

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abstract

This note presents eight series for pi.

1. INTRODUCTION. The pi constant is defined by

$$\pi = 4 \int_0^1 \sqrt{1-x^2} dx = 3.1415926535... \quad (1)$$

2. SOME FORMULAS FOR PI

$$\frac{\pi(\sqrt{2}-1)}{2} = -\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)^n + \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)^n \right) \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k \binom{n}{k}} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{1}{i} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)^n - \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)^n \right) \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k \binom{n}{k}} \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{\pi(2-\sqrt{3})}{3} = -\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{3}+i}{2} \right)^n + \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{3}-i}{2} \right)^n \right) \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k \binom{n}{k}} \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{1}{i} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{3}+i}{2} \right)^n - \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{3}-i}{2} \right)^n \right) \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k \binom{n}{k}} \quad (5)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} = -\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ (1+i) \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)^n + (1-i) \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)^n \right\} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k \binom{n}{k}} \quad (6)$$

$$\frac{\pi(2-\sqrt{2})}{2} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ (1-i) \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)^n + (1+i) \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{2}-i\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)^n \right\} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k \binom{n}{k}} \quad (7)$$

$$\frac{\pi(3-\sqrt{3})}{3} = -\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ (1+i) \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{3}+i}{2} \right)^n + (1-i) \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{3}-i}{2} \right)^n \right\} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k \binom{n}{k}} \quad (8)$$

$$\frac{\pi(\sqrt{3}-1)}{3} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ (1-i) \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{3}+i}{2} \right)^n + (1+i) \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{3}-i}{2} \right)^n \right\} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k \binom{n}{k}} \quad (9)$$

Remark:  $i = \sqrt{-1}$  .

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