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Finding The Next Term Of Any Given Sequence Using Total Similarity & Dissimilarity {New}

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Abstract

In this research investigation, the author has detailed a novel scheme of finding the next term of any given sequence.

Theory

Given any Sequence of the kind,

 $S = \{y_1, y_2, y_3, \dots, y_{n-1}, y_n\}$ which represent some Time Series data of concern, we write the Next Term of this sequence as

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$$\left\{ \sum_{i=1}^{Similarity} \left\{ Smaller(y_i, y_{n+1}) \right\} + \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\{ Larger(y_i, y_{n+1}) - Smaller(y_i, y_{n+1}) \right\} \right\}$$

$$y_{n+1} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\{ Smaller(y_i, y_{n+1}) \right\} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left\{ Smaller(y_i, y_{n+1}) - Smaller(y_i, y_{n+1}) \right\}$$

Equation 1

Solving the above Equation 1 for y_{n+1} gives us the Next Term of the given Sequence $S = \{y_1, y_2, y_3, \dots, y_{n-1}, y_n\}.$

One can note that this Grand Equation can be used to find the Next Prime as well, given a sequence of Primes from the beginning, while considering 1 as Prime as well. One can note the concepts of Similarity & Dissimilarity from author's [1].

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