

Pi Formulas , Part 1

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abstract

In this note we give some formulas related to the constant Pi

Número Pi , Fórmulas

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Resumen – Abstract

Se muestra una fórmula general que involucra la constante Pi : $\pi = 4 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1} = 3.14159\dots$

1. Fórmula

Para $x \in \mathbb{R}; p \in \mathbb{N}; m_1, m_2, \dots, m_p \in \mathbb{N}; k_i \in \{0, 1, \dots, 2m_i\}, i = 1, \dots, p$, se tiene

$$\tan^{-1}(x) = \sum_{k_1=0}^{2m_1} \dots \sum_{k_p=0}^{2m_p} (-1)^{k_1+\dots+k_p} t_p(x, m_1, \dots, m_p, k_1, \dots, k_p)$$

donde

$$t_p(x, m_1, \dots, m_p, k_1, \dots, k_p) = \int_0^x \frac{y^{2k_1+2(2m_1+1)k_2+2(2m_1+1)(2m_2+1)k_3+\dots+2(2m_1+1)\dots(2m_{p-1}+1)k_p}}{1+y^{2(2m_1+1)(2m_2+1)\dots(2m_p+1)}} dy$$

$$t_p(x, m_1, \dots, m_p, k_1, \dots, k_p) = \sum_{k_{p+1}=0}^{2m_{p+1}} (-1)^{k_{p+1}} t_{p+1}(x, m_1, \dots, m_{p+1}, k_1, \dots, k_{p+1})$$

$$t_p(x, m_1, \dots, m_p, k_1, \dots, k_p) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^j x^{bj+a+1}}{b j + a + 1} \quad , |x| \leq 1$$

$$a = 2k_1 + 2(2m_1 + 1)k_2 + 2(2m_1 + 1)(2m_2 + 1)k_3 + \dots + 2(2m_1 + 1)\dots(2m_{p-1} + 1)k_p$$

$$b = 2(2m_1 + 1)(2m_2 + 1)\dots(2m_p + 1)$$

2. Ejemplos

2.1. $x=1, p=1, m_1 \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = \sum_{k_1=0}^{2m_1} (-1)^{k_1} t_1(1, m_1, k_1)$$

$$t_1(1, m_1, k_1) = \int_0^1 \frac{y^{2k_1}}{1+y^{4m_1+2}} dy = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^j}{(4m_1+2)j+2k_1+1}$$

caso trivial $m_1 = 0$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = t_1(1, 0, 0) = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+y^2} dy = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^j}{2j+1}$$

caso $m_1 = 1$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = t_1(1, 1, 0) - t_1(1, 1, 1) + t_1(1, 1, 2)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+y^6} dy - \int_0^1 \frac{y^2}{1+y^6} dy + \int_0^1 \frac{y^4}{1+y^6} dy$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (-1)^j \left(\frac{1}{6j+1} - \frac{1}{6j+3} + \frac{1}{6j+5} \right)$$

caso $m_1 = 2$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = t_1(1, 2, 0) - t_1(1, 2, 1) + t_1(1, 2, 2) - t_1(1, 2, 3) + t_1(1, 2, 4)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+y^{10}} dy - \int_0^1 \frac{y^2}{1+y^{10}} dy + \int_0^1 \frac{y^4}{1+y^{10}} dy - \int_0^1 \frac{y^6}{1+y^{10}} dy + \int_0^1 \frac{y^8}{1+y^{10}} dy$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (-1)^j \left(\frac{1}{10j+1} - \frac{1}{10j+3} + \frac{1}{10j+5} - \frac{1}{10j+7} + \frac{1}{10j+9} \right)$$

2.2. $x=1, p=2, m_1, m_2 \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = \sum_{k_1=0}^{2m_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{2m_2} (-1)^{k_1+k_2} t_2(1, m_1, m_2, k_1, k_2)$$

$$t_2(1, m_1, m_2, k_1, k_2) = \int_0^1 \frac{y^{2k_1+2(2m_1+1)k_2}}{1+y^{2(2m_1+1)(2m_2+1)}} dy$$

$$t_2(1, m_1, m_2, k_1, k_2) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^j}{2(2m_1+1)(2m_2+1)j+2k_1+(4m_1+2)k_2+1}$$

caso $m_1 = m_2 = 1$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = \sum_{k_1=0}^{2m_1} \sum_{k_2=0}^{2m_2} (-1)^{k_1+k_2} t_2(1, 1, 1, k_1, k_2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{4} &= t_2(1, 1, 1, 0, 0) - t_2(1, 1, 1, 0, 1) + t_2(1, 1, 1, 0, 2) \\ &\quad - t_2(1, 1, 1, 1, 0) + t_2(1, 1, 1, 1, 1) - t_2(1, 1, 1, 1, 2) \\ &\quad + t_2(1, 1, 1, 2, 0) - t_2(1, 1, 1, 2, 1) + t_2(1, 1, 1, 2, 2) \end{aligned}$$

$$t_2(1, 1, 1, k_1, k_2) = \int_0^1 \frac{y^{2k_1+6k_2}}{1+y^{18}} dy = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^j}{18j+2k_1+6k_2+1}, \quad k_1, k_2 \in \{0, 1, 2\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{4} &= \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+y^{18}} dy - \int_0^1 \frac{y^6}{1+y^{18}} dy + \int_0^1 \frac{y^{12}}{1+y^{18}} dy \\ &\quad - \int_0^1 \frac{y^2}{1+y^{18}} dy + \int_0^1 \frac{y^8}{1+y^{18}} dy - \int_0^1 \frac{y^{14}}{1+y^{18}} dy \\ &\quad + \int_0^1 \frac{y^4}{1+y^{18}} dy - \int_0^1 \frac{y^{10}}{1+y^{18}} dy + \int_0^1 \frac{y^{16}}{1+y^{18}} dy \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{4} &= \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (-1)^j \left(\frac{1}{18j+1} - \frac{1}{18j+3} + \frac{1}{18j+5} - \frac{1}{18j+7} + \frac{1}{18j+9} - \frac{1}{18j+11} + \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{1}{18j+13} - \frac{1}{18j+15} + \frac{1}{18j+17} \right) \end{aligned}$$

2.3. $0 < x < 1; p \in \mathbb{N}; m_1, m_2, \dots, m_p \in \mathbb{N}; k_i \in \{0, 1, \dots, 2m_i\}, i = 1, \dots, p$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{4} &= \sum_{k_1=0}^{2m_1} \dots \sum_{k_p=0}^{2m_p} (-1)^{k_1+\dots+k_p} \left(t_p(x, m_1, \dots, m_p, k_1, \dots, k_p) + \right. \\ &\quad \left. + t_p\left(\frac{(1-x)}{(1+x)}, m_1, \dots, m_p, k_1, \dots, k_p\right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

2.4. $0 < x < 1; p, q \in \mathbb{N};$

$$m_i \in \mathbb{N}, k_i \in \{0, \dots, 2m_i\}, i = 1, \dots, p; n_j \in \mathbb{N}, s_j \in \{0, \dots, 2n_j\}, j = 1, \dots, q$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{4} = & \sum_{k_1=0}^{2m_1} \dots \sum_{k_p=0}^{2m_p} (-1)^{k_1+\dots+k_p} t_p(x, m_1, \dots, m_p, k_1, \dots, k_p) + \\ & + \sum_{s_1=0}^{2n_1} \dots \sum_{s_q=0}^{2n_q} (-1)^{s_1+\dots+s_q} t_p\left(\frac{1-x}{1+x}, n_1, \dots, n_q, s_1, \dots, s_q\right) \end{aligned}$$

2.5.

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = \sum_{k_1=0}^4 (-1)^{k_1} \left(t_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2, k_1\right) + t_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, 2, k_1\right) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{4} = & \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (-1)^j \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{10j+9} \left(\frac{256}{10j+1} - \frac{64}{10j+3} + \frac{16}{10j+5} - \frac{4}{10j+7} + \frac{1}{10j+9} \right) + \\ & + \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (-1)^j \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{10j+9} \left(\frac{6561}{10j+1} - \frac{729}{10j+3} + \frac{81}{10j+5} - \frac{9}{10j+7} + \frac{1}{10j+9} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Referencias

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