

Pi Formula

Edgar Valdebenito

29-04-2019 15:12:50

Abstract. In this note we recall a formula for Pi.

1. Formula

Entry 1. If $\alpha = 1 + \cos(3 \cos(3 \cos(3 \dots))) = 0.020633202\dots$, then

$$\pi = 3 - 3\alpha + 2 \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{\alpha}{2 - \alpha}} \quad (1)$$

Entry 2.

$$\pi = -3 \cos(3 \cos(3 \cos(3 \dots))) + 2 \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos(3 \cos(3 \cos(3 \dots)))}{1 - \cos(3 \cos(3 \cos(3 \dots)))}} \quad (2)$$

2. Roots of : $x = \cos(3x)$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$

Entry 3. If $x = \cos(3x)$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$ then

$$x = \begin{cases} a = -0.9793667979902706\dots \\ b = -0.8877262944545929\dots \\ c = 0.3900403166675420\dots \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

Entry 4. Graphics:

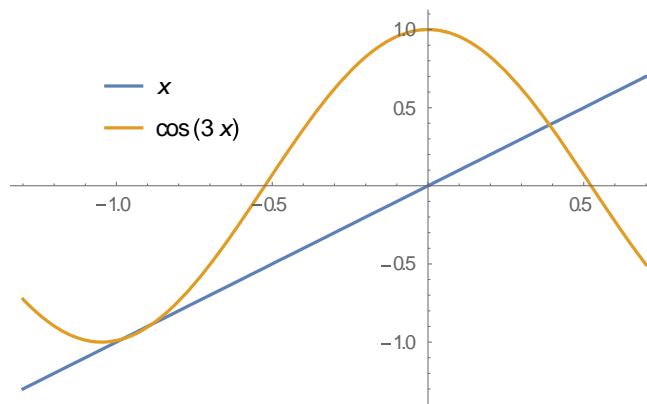


Figure 1.

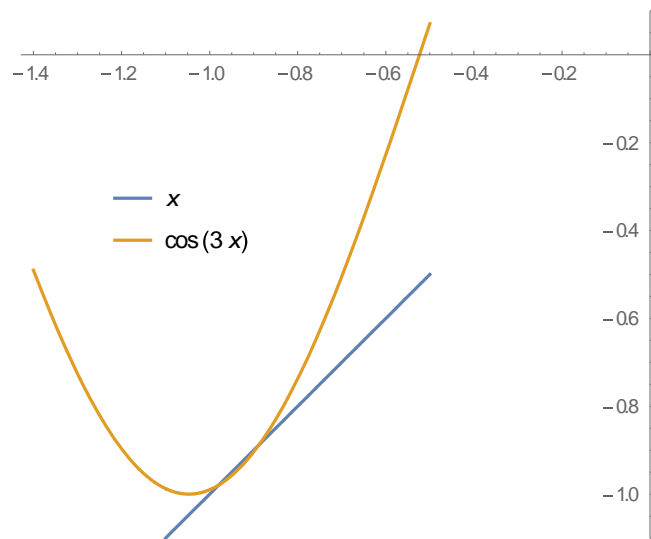


Figure 2.

3. Iteration

Entry 5.

$$x_{n+1} = \cos(3x_n), \quad x_0 = 0 \Rightarrow x_n \rightarrow a = -0.979366... \quad (4)$$

Entry 6. Graphics:

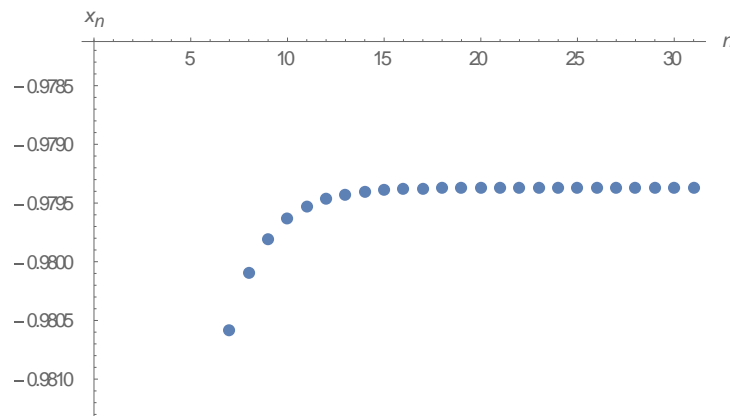


Figure 3.

References

1. Arndt, J., and Haenel, C.: π unleashed. Springer-Verlag, 2001.