

# Quantum Thread Theory

by James Cranwell

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**Everything in the Universe is made from one type of thread.  
All workings of the Universe are result from said thread.**

## The Universe Equation

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**Universe = Infinity times {a, b, c, d, f, g, h, j, k, l, m, o, p, q, t, w, x, y, z}**  
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*"Particles follow a strict set of laws that dictate how they can form, decay and interact" -- BBC Earth*

Sorry Charlie,

If you claim there are particles: there would actually have to be particles. And that would mean there are about 18 different microscopic things that work flawlessly together -- just like clockwork to make even just one basic atom "gear" set.

If you have larger sized atoms: it would be like throwing more and more gear sets into the clockwork -- but that is ok because no matter what you throw in -- it will still work just fine.

How can an infinity of 18 different things (infinity times 18 different things) just happen to be here, know how work together as a group and also successfully work together as a group(s)?

How is that possible? It isn't...

Stuff cannot be made from what they call "particles."

If there are particles; this is equation of the universe:

Universe = Infinity × {a, b, c, d, f, g, h, j, k, l, m, o, p, q, t, w, x, y, z}

The letters are the unique particles of the standard model.

One set would be an atom.

The number of atoms in the universe is for all intents infinity

Do you really think the 18 unique particles (times infinity) have always been here and just by happenstance they can work seamlessly and flawlessly together?

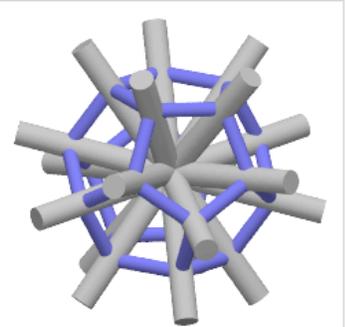
-- OR --

Did the 18 particles "pop" here out of nothing an infinite number of times? And yes, they still have their clockworklike abilities -- they work with more precision than a Swiss watch.

It doesn't matter which one you pick, they both require an enormous amount of belief, faith and magic to explain.

So, what is going on? When they collide protons they get shrapnel and call the different sized thread pieces "particles" because of the different mass / weight.

They are only getting shrapnel from the same thing and they give different amounts (shrapnel pieces) different names



The particle itself would be just the grey threads (or strings) in the picture (no color and a lot thinner of course).  
 It would fit perfectly inside of a **dodecahedron**.  
 Actual thread (or string) length is about one Ångström and it is fine enough where 10 threads (20 radii) could curl-up into the size of a neutron.

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**UNBELIEVABLE COINCIDENCE**  
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Whenever you see a picture of a proton / proton collision: you will see the paths the shrapnel took after the collision. It looks like stringy threads joined at their centers but there is actually nothing there -- it is only the paths.

But, if the threads in the picture were real it would be a fairly accurate representation of the actual quantum thread particle.

So, what happened is: They collided protons in the LHC to try and find out what everything is made from and they wind up with what could be considered an accurate picture of the actual particle (what it would look like) but do not realize it..

The basic particle is 10 threads joined at their centers (that's 20 radii).

If you ball 20 threads you get a proton. And if you smash 2 protons together you get a collision of 40 threads. A lot of the pictures actually have that many threads in them (that isn't a coincidence though).

~~~~~  
**SCHRAPNEL**  
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There is actually only one type of thing -- all the different "particles" are just different amounts of shrapnel threads.

The threads also form a network.

Here is a regular thread tension formula...

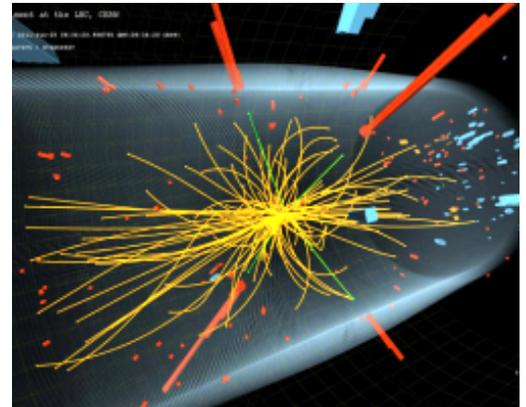
Tension = velocity squared x mass / Length.

If we plug c in and rearrange we get the one-inch formula for light and energy...

$$TL = mc^2$$

| - - inch - - |      It's one inch

The vibrations travel on the thread particle network as waves  
 So light is vibrations -- waves -- traveling on particles (threads)



Look at the s.i.m.p.l.e.t.o.n equation again. If the sub-atomic particle (standard) model is correct the only way it could have happened is by design -- like an experiment by an alien teenager -- there are all of these intricate mechanisms doing highly specific things. And there are an uncountable number of them -- all the exact same. That is impossible to happen just by chance.

What really happened is: they have the wrong model of the electron and the photon and it snowballed into a massive amount of incorrect and bloated explanations to try and explain previous misconceptions.

Here is the correct math...

Universe =/= infinity x {a, b, c, d, f, g, h, j, k, l, m, o, p, q, t, w, x, y, z}

i.e. there are NO particles like they say.

Quantum Thread Theory on the other hand works automatically (not the string theory type). If you pluck a thread it will vibrate. Quantum threads can twist together and stay connected. It is all stuff that works automatically.

It does NOT solve the creation problem though. The quantum threads have either always been here -- OR -- they were created at some point in time

Here is a link to the whole theory...

<http://www.mccelt.com/the-one-inch-equation-to-explain-all-physical-laws.php>

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### References

[3] Quantum Thread Theory & Why the Speed of Light is "C"

<http://vixra.org/abs/1612.0363>

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Category: Quantum Gravity and String Theory