

mass is inversely proportional to velocity if we look at velocity $v=x/t$ we find that mass is directly proportional to time and inversely proportional to distance this means that as we increase time the mass increases and as we increase distance covered by masses the masses decrease but since time cannot increase or decrease we find that the distance is the only one controlling the decrease of the mass but then we also find out that masses do not decrease they remain the same for very long times now lets take a look at volumes volume of masses is directly proportional to distance of the masses three lengths xyz and volume of space is directly proportional to distance of nothing's three lengths xyz if a volume of mass is upon a volume of nothing what happens? the volume of nothing disappear and remains the volume of mass now what happened to the volume of nothing? it seems like this story of binding between volume of mass and volume of nothing made the story of the universe lets ask what is nothing? nothing is essentially nothing and that is the problem if you add something to nothing where does the nothing go? it goes nowhere i guess as its non existent and so the only thing we deduce is that the only thing that exists is the volume of masses but then arises the problem why would masses move toward each other by gravity? where would the volume of masses be? if volume of masses are not replacing anything with their volumes then what is the value of masses? value of masses is given by antiparticles this is fair and all but what about nothing? what does nothing want out of these two? it seems that it wants nothing at all since its again nothing now what do we want from these ideas? it seems like there are forces that recreate matter and anti matter as they vanish in space what should that mean? this can only mean one thing in this world that volume of nothingness are making the two matter and antimatters fight and reconcile and this is essential to understanding physics why would matter and antimatter fight? and why would they reconcile and exist again? the answer is obvious its because volume of nothingness make them do just that or its simply because matter and antimatter like to fight whenever they meet aha! why would they meet? i mean if they have problems with each other why would they meet? maybe they want to do so simply to fight or maybe just maybe the volume of nothingness is making them do just that maybe the volume of nothingness is controlling their fate of fighting but not their will to fight maybe the volume of nothingness is doing the math and the matter and antimatter are just ready to fight whenever if you have a huge room and two people willing to fight they would go straight forward to each other at maximum possible speed but they would take time to reach each other now what controls this maximum speed? properties of matter and antimatter maybe or maybe its again the volume of nothingness lets assume the second possibility that its the volume of nothingness lets return to that room again with the two people willing to fight lets say that they can pick any speed they want to go at each other aha! if there was no volume of nothingness they would simply be adhering to each other annihilating and then? maybe? aha! so the volume of nothingness also serve as a place for the fight.... and then the reborn of two matter and antimatter somewhere else but those would be other two matter and antimatter now what does this all mean? this maybe means one thing and only one thing that the matter and antimatter actually need the space for movement than to be at one point appearing and disappearing forever in the same place forever they need diversity and to appear and disappear at different places just to make some action the ratio of matter and antimatter to the whole universe volume of nothingness affect speed of those two so when the volume of nothingness increases the matter and antimatter increase their speed towards each other

but then the question arises by how much would they speed up? lets leave the properties part of the matter and antimatter we look only at the volume of the universe what happens if the volume of both antimatter and matter is equal to the volume of the universe? they annihilate directly and they do not take any speed now what if both of them were smaller by c ? they would move by a speed of c but then if there was a number of c matter and antimatter particle they would move by the speed of 1 m/ sec and so we deduce! that there is a relation between the volume of masses(v_m) and the volume of nothingness(v_n) and speed(v) so $v_n/v_m=v$ of all particles but v is equal to x/t how can we allocate v to x and t such that $v_n/v_m=x/t$? lets return to the room the matter and antimatter fight in what happens if we make the volume equal to the volume of the two matter and antimatter? they would annihilate in no time and would have zero speed lets increase the volume they would have the same speed and time taken in magnitude just as they were before in the small room(0 sec and 0 velocity) so if c is the speed of light it would take $3 \cdot 10^8 \text{ sec}$ as well to cover the whole volume now lets calculate something before we enlarge the room if we had a room of a volume $v_n? \text{ m}^3$ and the matter and antimatter had a volume of $v_m? \text{ m}^3$ now lets assume that the volume is cubical and the universe is cubical now to go thro the whole volume we would need t seconds if the volume passes with a velocity of v meter per second solve the ? and find them by solving the following law $v_n/v_m=?$ if x or distance is equal to t or time (magnitude of c or speed of light) and v is equal to $3 \cdot 10^8$ (magnitude of c or speed of light) see a pattern here? what happens if we reduce the speed? what happens when we take note that the two matter and antimatter are separate? and that they spin the whole universe(since that they are most likely spheres) and not just passing thro the universe(spherical one) toward each other directly? i will give you a hint you have the max speed so u got the max time and both are c or $3 \cdot 10^8$ i leave u with these questions to answer if you are interested in mathematics and one thing tho i would like to know what would from these info like the volume of nothingness of the universe and the volume of masses(matter and antimatter) if the speed by which the masses(matter and antimatter) move by is c or the speed of light

strictly talking this was based on the notion of

$$x=0 \quad t=0 \quad v=0$$

x (distance) where $x=299792458 \text{ meter}$

t (time) where $t= 299792458 \text{ sec}$

v (velocity) where $v=299792458 \text{ m/s}$

$$x=299792458 \text{ m} \quad t=299792458 \text{ sec} \quad v=299792458 \text{ sec}$$

this notion with the x (distance) doesn't work since it's not simple we substitute the x (distance) for v_o (volume)

it's the same since when there are no distance between the matter and antimatter volume of mass in an equal volume of nothingness we find that volume is also equal to zero

the new notion is like this

$v_0=0$ $t=0$ $v=0$

$v_0=299792458 \text{ m}^3$ $t=299792458 \text{ sec}$ $v=299792458 \text{ sec}$

now we try to do some tricks but first we need some basic understanding of velocity

$v=x/t$ when we substitute for some numbers for v , x and t as in

$$3 \cdot 10^8 = 9 \cdot 10^{16} / 3 \cdot 10^8$$

where v and t are equal we find that x always equals $v^2 = t^2$

now as we know this we know that $x^3 = (v^2)^3 = (t^2)^3 = v_0$

therefore from this we know that $v_0 = (v^2)^3 = (299792458^2)^3 = 7.259792663 \cdot 10^{50} \text{ m}^3$

which is simply the maximum volume of the universe

now knowing that v_0 (volume of the universe) = v_n (volume of nothingness) and the notion v_m (volume of masses) and v (velocity) we try to find the age of the universe with the law

a_{ouad} (age of universe at death) = a_{ouab} (age of universe at beginning) = $v_n / v_m \cdot v$

since we know $v_n = v_0 = 7.259792663 \cdot 10^{50} \text{ m}^3$ and since we know at beginning of universe $v_m = v_n = v_0 = 7.259792663 \cdot 10^{50} \text{ m}^3$ and since the maximum speed $v = c$ (speed of light)

any decrease in the volume of masses v_m applies this law

therefore i estimate the a_{ouab} (age of universe at beginning) = $v_n / v_m \cdot v = 7.259792663 \cdot 10^{50} / 7.259792663 \cdot 10^{50} \cdot 299792458 = 0.000000000000000001 \text{ sec}$ and so on

and then! i estimate a_{ouad} (age of universe at death) = $v_n / v_m \cdot v = 7.259792663 \cdot 10^{50} / 0.000000000000000001 \cdot 299792458 = 2.176431087 \cdot 10^{71} \text{ sec}$

as v_m is all depleted

now u can try to find the amount of masses (in kg) in the universe as well as the volume of masses in the universe simply through cosmology

have fun! and please => GIVE ME A NOBEL PRIZE!