

Question 424: Double Integral for π^2

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abstract

This note presents a double integral for π^2 .

Double Integral for π^2

$$\frac{\pi^2}{24} = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{1-x}{x+y+\sqrt{(x+y)^2+4xy(1-x)(1-y)}} dx dy \quad (1)$$

Related integrals:

$$\frac{\pi^2}{24} = \int_1^\infty \int_1^\infty \frac{x-1}{x^2 y \left(x+y+\sqrt{(x+y)^2+4(x-1)(y-1)} \right)} dx dy \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{\pi^2}{24} = \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty \frac{x}{(x+1)^2 (y+1) \left(2+x+y+\sqrt{(2+x+y)^2+4xy} \right)} dx dy \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{\pi^2}{24} = \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty \frac{(1-e^{-x})e^{-x-y}}{e^{-x}+e^{-y}+\sqrt{(e^{-x}+e^{-y})^2+4e^{-x-y}(1-e^{-x})(1-e^{-y})}} dx dy \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{\pi^2}{12} = \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty \frac{x+y+2xy}{(x+1)^2 (y+1)^2 \left(2+x+y+\sqrt{(2+x+y)^2+4xy} \right)} dx dy \quad (5)$$

References

1. Guillera, J. and Sondow, J. : Double Integrals and Infinite Products for Some Classical Constants Via Analytic Continuations of Lerch's Transcendent. 2005.
<http://arxiv.org/abs/math.NT/0506319>.