

# Primes of the form $2^a \cdot 2^b \cdot 2^c - d$ where $a, b, c, d$ of the form $6k+1$

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**Abstract.** In this paper I make the following conjecture: For any  $a, b, c$  distinct numbers of the form  $6*k + 1$  there exist an infinity of numbers  $d$  of the form  $6*h + 1$  such that the number  $n = 2^a \cdot 2^b \cdot 2^c - d$  is prime. This is a formula that conducts often to primes and composites with very few prime factors; for instance, taking  $a = 7$  and  $b = 13$  are obtained eighteen primes for  $c$  and  $d$  both less than 100 (for  $c = 19$ ,  $n$  is prime for four values of  $d$  up to 100: 7, 19, 67, 91)! Also note that for  $[a, b, c, d] = [49, 55, 61, 61]$  (all four less than or equal to 61) is obtained a prime with 50 digits!

## Conjecture:

For any  $a, b, c$  distinct numbers of the form  $6*k + 1$  there exist an infinity of numbers  $d$  of the form  $6*h + 1$  such that the number  $n = 2^a \cdot 2^b \cdot 2^c - d$  is prime.

### The first four primes $n$ for $[a, b, c] = [7, 13, 19]$ :

:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{19} - 7 = 549755813881;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{19} - 19 = 549755813869;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{19} - 67 = 549755813821;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{19} - 91 = 549755813797.$

### The less primes $n$ for $[a, b]=[7, 13]$ and $c$ from 19 to 91:

:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{19} - 7 = 549755813881;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{25} - 55 = 35184372088777;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{31} - 139 = 2251799813685109;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{37} - 13 = 144115188075855859;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{43} - 25 = 9223372036854775783;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{49} - 19 = 590295810358705651693;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{55} - 97 = 37778931862957161709471;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{61} - 163 = 2417851639229258349412189;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{67} - 67 = 154742504910672534362390461;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{73} - 25 = 9903520314283042199192993767;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{79} - 115 = 633825300114114700748351602573;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{85} - 13 = 40564819207303340847894502572019;$   
:  $n = 2^7 \cdot 2^{13} \cdot 2^{91} - 37 = 2596148429267413814265248164610011.$

The largest two primes n for a, b, c, d less than or equal to 61:

$$\begin{aligned} : \quad n &= 2^{49} \cdot 2^{55} \cdot 2^{61} - 25 = \\ 46768052394588893382517914646921056628989841375207; \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} : \quad n &= 2^{49} \cdot 2^{55} \cdot 2^{61} - 61 = \\ 46768052394588893382517914646921056628989841375171. \end{aligned}$$