A Study on the Effect of the Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment on Physicochemical and Thermal Properties of Vitamin D$_3$ (Cholecalciferol)

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Abstract: Vitamin D$_3$ or cholecalciferol is a secosteroid nutraceutical used for the prevention and treatment of vitamin D deficiency. The objective of this study was to investigate the impact of The Trivedi Effect® - Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment on the physicochemical and thermal properties of cholecalciferol using PXRD, PSA, DSC, and TGA/DTG analysis. Cholecalciferol was divided into two parts, one part of cholecalciferol was considered as control (no Biofield Treatment was provided), while second part received The Trivedi Effect® - Biofield Energy Healing Treatment remotely by a renowned Biofield Energy Healer, Alice Branton. The PXRD analysis exhibited that the relative intensities of characteristic diffraction peak in the Alice’s treated cholecalciferol were significantly altered from -28.21% to 54.16% compared with the control sample. The crystallite size of the treated sample was altered from -40.02% to 83.20% compared with the control sample. The particle size values at $d_{10}$, $d_{50}$, $d_{90}$, and D(4, 3) in Alice’s treated sample were significantly reduced by 33.48%, 23.82%, 18.61%, and 22.08%, respectively compared to the control sample. The specific surface area of treated cholecalciferol was significantly increased by 32.72% compared to the control sample. The DSC analysis demonstrated that the melting point of the treated sample was higher by 0.24% with an enhanced latent heat of fusion (ΔH) by 3.54% compared to the control sample. The decomposition temperature of the treated cholecalciferol was increased by 0.12% with a significant increase of the enthalpy of decomposition by 5.85% compared to the control sample. The melting temperature and ΔH of a second broad endothermic peak in the treated sample were increased by 0.18% and 73.87%, respectively compared to the control sample. The TGA analysis revealed that the weight loss in the treated sample was decreased compared with the control sample. The DTG analysis indicated that the maximum thermal degradation temperature of the treated cholecalciferol was increased by 3.23% compared to the control sample. Overall, the thermal analysis indicated that the thermal stability of the treated cholecalciferol was improved compared to the control sample. Thus, The Trivedi Effect® might lead to produce a polymorphic form of cholecalciferol which might have the improved solubility, bioavailability, and thermally stability as compared with the untreated sample. The Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol would be beneficial to design better nutraceutical and pharmaceutical formulations, which could provide better therapeutic response against vitamin D deficiency i.e. rickets, osteoporosis, cancer, diabetes mellitus, etc.

Keywords: Vitamin D$_3$, Cholecalciferol, Biofield Energy, The Trivedi Effect®, Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment, PXRD, Particle Size, Thermal Analysis

1. Introduction

Vitamin D$_3$ or cholecalciferol is a fat-soluble secosteroid having cyclopentanoperhydro-phenanthrene ring system and possess antirachitic activity. It is produced from 7-dehydrocholesterol by photochemical reaction in the skin.
contains three double bonds which are usually responsible for the cis and trans conformation of cholecalciferol. It is air and light sensitive compound [1, 2]. Thus, the stability of this compound is more concerned. It is one type of vitamin D which is found to be responsible for enhancement intestinal absorption of several vital minerals like calcium, zinc, magnesium, iron, and phosphate [3]. Vitamin D plays a vital role in several diseases, e.g. cancer, diabetes mellitus, rickets, osteoporosis, mental disorders, cardiovascular diseases, multiple sclerosis, infections [4-6]. Cholecalciferol is found in animal food sources, such as cod liver oil, milk, fatty fish like salmon, tuna, etc. Now-a-days vitamin D deficiency is pandemic, mostly under-diagnosed and under-treated nutritional deficiency in the world. Cholecalciferol can be used as food and dietary supplement for the prevention and treatment of vitamin D deficiency [5]. Cholecalciferol is a prohormone and is hydroxylated at position C-25 to convert 25-hydroxycholecalciferol (also known as calcidiol), which is more circulating form. Consequently, the second hydroxylation occurs at position C1α to produce its biologically active form-1,25-dihydroxycholecalciferol or calcitriol [5-7]. Vitamin D toxicity i.e. hypercalcemia, polyuria, polydipsia, weakness, insomnia, mental retardation can be resultant with high dose supplementation [3].

Biofield is sometime referred as quantum energy matrix that surrounds the human body resulting from the continuous movement of the electrically charged particles (ions, cells, etc.) inside the body and it continuous discharges the electromagnetic waves in the form of bio-photons. Healing practitioners have the ability to harness the energy from the “universal energy field” and can transmit into any living or nonliving object(s) around the earth. The process, where the objects receive the biofield energy and respond into useful way is called as Biofield Energy Healing Treatment [8, 9]. Biofield Energy Healing therapy has been recognized as a Complementary and Alternative Medicine (CAM) health care approach by National Center of Complementary and Integrative Health (NCCIH) with other therapies, medicines and practices such as yoga, Qi Gong, Tai Chi, chiropractic/osteopathic manipulation, meditation, homeopathy, acupressure, acupuncture, healing touch, hypnotherapy, movement therapy, naturopathy, Ayurvedic medicine, traditional Chinese herbs and medicines, aromatherapy, Reiki, cranial sacral therapy, etc. [10, 11].

Biofield Energy Healing Treatment (The Trivedi Effect®) is drawing importance in several fields include material science [12], pharmaceuticals [13], nutraceuticals [14], organic compounds [15, 16], microbiology [17], agricultural [18], biotechnology [19], genetics [20], medical [21] due to its amazing ability for modification of the characteristic properties of the numerous non-living and living substances. Recently literature reported that The Trivedi Effect®-Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment has the astounding capability to alter physicochemical properties such as crystalline structure, crystallite size, particle size, surface area, and thermal stability of various nutraceuticals such as herbal medicines, minerals through introducing a new polymorph [22-26]. It is assumed that Biofield Energy Treated pharmaceutical/nutraceutical compounds would be beneficial for enhancement of their therapeutic efficacy against the diseases. The physicochemical and thermal properties etc. of a pharmaceutical solid compound play an important role in drug product performance i.e. bioavailability, therapeutic efficacy, and toxicity [27, 28]. The Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment (The Trivedi Effect®) might change the physicochemical and thermal properties through the possible intervention of neutrinos [29]. Thus, it was aimed to investigate the effect of The Trivedi Effect® - Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment on the physicochemical and thermal properties of cholecalciferol using powder X-ray diffraction (PXRD), particle size analysis (PSA), differential scanning calorimetry (DSC), and thermogravimetric analysis (TGA)/ Differential thermogravimetric analysis (DTG).

2. Materials and Methods

2.1. Chemicals and Reagents

Cholecalciferol was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich, India. All other chemicals used during the experiments were of analytical grade available in India.

2.2. Consciousness Energy Healing Treatment Strategies

The sample of cholecalciferol was divided into two parts. One part of cholecalciferol was considered as control (no Biofield Energy Treatment was provided). Consequently, the second part of cholecalciferol was treated with The Trivedi Effect® - Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment remotely under standard laboratory conditions for 3 minutes and known as The Trivedi Effect® or Biofield Energy Treated sample. This Biofield Energy Treatment was provided through the healer’s unique energy transmission process by the renowned Biofield Energy Healer, Alice Branton, USA to the test item. Further, the control group was treated with “sham” healer for comparison purpose. The sham healer did not have any knowledge about the Biofield Energy Treatment. After that, the Biofield Energy Treated and untreated samples were kept in sealed conditions and characterized using PXRD, PSA, DSC, and TGA/DTG techniques.

2.3. Characterization

2.3.1. Powder X-ray Diffraction (PXRD) Analysis

The PXRD analysis of cholecalciferol was performed on a PANalytical XPERT3 powder X-ray diffractometer, UK. Diffraction of the analyte was carried out using a copper line as the source of radiation at the X-ray of wavelength of 0.154 nm, running at 45 kV voltage and 40 mA current with a scanning rate of 18.87° / second over a 2θ range of 3-50°. The ratio of Kα-2 and Kα-1 in this instrument was 0.5 (k, equipment constant). The data was collected in the form of a chart of the Bragg angle (2θ) vs. intensity (counts per second), and a detailed table containing information on peak
intensity counts, d value (Å), relative intensity (%), full width half maximum (FWHM) (°2θ), area (cts*°2θ) using X’pert powder diffractometer and X’pert high score plus processing software. The crystallite size (G) was calculated from the Scherrer equation following the literature [22-24, 30]. The crystallite size (G) was calculated using following equation 1:

\[ G = \frac{k\lambda}{b\cos\theta} \]  

Where, k is the equipment constant (0.5), \( \lambda \) is the X-ray wavelength (0.154 nm); b in radians is the full-width at half of the peaks and \( \theta \) the corresponding Bragg angle.

Percent change in crystallite size (G) of cholecalciferol was calculated using following equation 2:

\[ \% \text{ change in crystallite size} = \frac{[G_{\text{Treated}} - G_{\text{Control}}]}{G_{\text{Control}}} \times 100 \]  

Where, \( G_{\text{Control}} \) and \( G_{\text{Treated}} \) are the crystallite size of the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples, respectively.

2.3.2. Particle Size Analysis (PSA)

The particle size analysis of cholecalciferol was conducted on Malvern Mastersizer 3000, UK with a detection range between 0.01 µm to 3000 µm using wet method [22-24]. The % change in weight loss (W) was calculated using following equation 7:

\[ \% \text{ change in weight loss} = \frac{[W_{\text{Treated}} - W_{\text{Control}}]}{W_{\text{Control}}} \times 100 \]  

Where, \( W_{\text{Control}} \) and \( W_{\text{Treated}} \) are the weight loss of the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples, respectively.

The % change in maximum thermal degradation temperature (\( \text{T}_{\text{max}} \)) (M) was calculated using following equation 8:

\[ \% \text{ change in } \text{T}_{\text{max}} = \frac{[M_{\text{Treated}} - M_{\text{Control}}]}{M_{\text{Control}}} \times 100 \]  

Where, \( M_{\text{Control}} \) and \( M_{\text{Treated}} \) are the \( \text{T}_{\text{max}} \) values of the control and Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol, respectively.

3. Results and Discussion

3.1. Powder X-ray Diffraction (PXRD) Analysis

The sharp and intense peaks in PXRD diffractograms of the control and Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol (Figure 1) revealed that both the samples were crystalline in nature. The values of the Bragg angle as shown in the Figure 1 and other PXRD data like d-spacing of the control sample were matched with the reported values for cholecalciferol [1].
Figure 1. PXRD diffractograms of the control and Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol.

The PXRD diffractograms of the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples showed highest peak intensity (100%) at Bragg’s angle (2θ) equal to 18.0° (Table 1, entry 14). Besides, the relative intensities of the PXRD peaks at 2θ equal to 5.0°, 5.1°, 6.7°, 9.0°, 15.6°, 16.7°, 21.9°, 23.0°, and 23.7° (Table 1, entry 1-3, 5, 10, 13, and 17-19) in the Biofield Energy Treated sample were significantly increased from 2.68% to 54.16% compared to the control sample. Consequently, the relative intensities of the PXRD peaks at 2θ equal to 8.7°, 13.1°, 13.7°, 15.0°, 15.3°, 15.8°, 16.3°, 18.8°, and 19.5° (Table 1, entry 4, 6-9, 11, 12, 15, and 16) in the Biofield Energy Treated sample were significantly decreased from 0.98% to 28.21% compared to the control sample.

### Table 1. PXRD data for the control and Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Entry No.</th>
<th>Bragg angle (°2θ)</th>
<th>Relative Intensity (%)</th>
<th>% change a</th>
<th>Crystallite size (G, nm)</th>
<th>% change b</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Control</td>
<td>Treated</td>
<td></td>
<td>Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>49.87</td>
<td>76.88</td>
<td>54.16</td>
<td>49.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>42.52</td>
<td>43.66</td>
<td>2.68</td>
<td>49.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>12.09</td>
<td>13.24</td>
<td>9.51</td>
<td>43.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>8.7</td>
<td>11.17</td>
<td>11.06</td>
<td>-0.98</td>
<td>43.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>7.79</td>
<td>9.97</td>
<td>27.98</td>
<td>43.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>13.1</td>
<td>17.19</td>
<td>15.18</td>
<td>-11.69</td>
<td>24.74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>13.7</td>
<td>21.32</td>
<td>18.72</td>
<td>-12.20</td>
<td>43.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>18.73</td>
<td>16.76</td>
<td>-10.52</td>
<td>49.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>15.3</td>
<td>24.46</td>
<td>20.93</td>
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<td>43.41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>15.6</td>
<td>31.03</td>
<td>39.31</td>
<td>26.68</td>
<td>57.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>15.8</td>
<td>41.98</td>
<td>32.18</td>
<td>-23.34</td>
<td>31.58</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>16.3</td>
<td>21.09</td>
<td>15.14</td>
<td>-28.21</td>
<td>38.63</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>16.7</td>
<td>7.96</td>
<td>11.29</td>
<td>-41.83</td>
<td>34.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>18.0</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>69.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>18.8</td>
<td>7.35</td>
<td>6.73</td>
<td>-8.44</td>
<td>31.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>19.5</td>
<td>5.27</td>
<td>4.73</td>
<td>-10.25</td>
<td>31.74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>21.9</td>
<td>21.91</td>
<td>27.66</td>
<td>26.24</td>
<td>35.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>23.0</td>
<td>6.67</td>
<td>7.72</td>
<td>15.74</td>
<td>43.91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>23.7</td>
<td>10.61</td>
<td>15.38</td>
<td>44.96</td>
<td>39.08</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a denotes the percentage change in the relative intensity of Biofield Energy Treated sample with respect to the control sample, b denotes the percentage change in the crystallite size of Biofield Energy Treated sample with respect to the control sample.
The crystallite sizes of the Biofield Energy Treated sample at 2θ equal to 5.0°, 6.7°, 8.7°, 13.7°, and 16.3° (Table 1, entry 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, and 12) were significantly decreased from 11.12% to 40.02% with respect to the control sample. Consequently, the crystallite sizes of the control and Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol at 2θ equal to 5.1°, 15.6°, and 18.0° (Table 1, entry 2, 10, and 14) remained unaltered. Furthermore, at position 2θ equal to 9.0°, 13.1°, 15.0°, 15.3°, 15.8°, 16.7°, 18.8°, 19.5°, 21.9°, 23.0°, and 23.7° (Table 1, entry 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 13, and 15-19), the crystallite sizes of the Biofield Energy Treated sample were significantly increased in the range of 10.00% to 83.20% compared with the control sample. The significant changes in the crystallite size and relative intensities indicated that the crystal morphology of the Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol was modified compared to the control sample. The scientific literature reported that Biofield Energy Treatment has the significant capability to introduce a polymorph by modifying crystal morphology of the pharmaceuticals and nutraceuticals through altering the relative intensities and crystallite size of the diffraction peaks [22-24, 31]. Thus, The Trivedi Effect® - Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment probably introduced a polymorphic form through the energy transferred into the cholecalciferol. Polymorphic forms of pharmaceuticals have the significant effects on the drug performance, such as bioavailability, therapeutic efficacy, and toxicity, because of their thermodynamic and physicochemical properties like melting point, energy, stability, and especially solubility, are different (probably improvement) from the original form [31-33]. Thus, it can be predicted that Alice’s Biofield Energy Treatment could be a very suitable technique for the production of novel crystal polymorph of cholecalciferol that would offer an improvement on its therapeutic performance.

3.2. Particle Size Analysis (PSA)

The particle size of both the control and Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol was evaluated and presented in Table 2. The particle size distribution of the control cholecalciferol was observed at d_{10} = 133.01 μm, d_{50} = 402.82 μm, d_{90} = 803.81 μm, and D(4, 3) = 439.50 μm. Consequently, the particle size distribution of the Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol was found at d_{10} = 88.48 μm, d_{50} = 306.88 μm, d_{90} = 654.24 μm, and D(4, 3) = 342.47 μm. The particle size values at d_{10}, d_{50}, d_{90}, and D(4, 3) in Alice’s Biofield Energy Treated sample were significantly decreased by 33.48%, 23.82%, 18.61%, and 22.08%, respectively compared to the control sample. The specific surface area (SSA) of Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol (42.63 m²/Kg) was significantly increased by 32.72% with compared to the control sample (32.12 m²/Kg).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>d_{10} (µm)</th>
<th>d_{50} (µm)</th>
<th>d_{90} (µm)</th>
<th>D (4, 3) (µm)</th>
<th>SSA (m²/Kg)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Control</td>
<td>133.01</td>
<td>402.82</td>
<td>803.81</td>
<td>439.50</td>
<td>32.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biofield Treated</td>
<td>88.48</td>
<td>306.88</td>
<td>654.24</td>
<td>342.47</td>
<td>42.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent change* (%)</td>
<td>-32.72</td>
<td>-23.82</td>
<td>-18.61</td>
<td>-22.08</td>
<td>32.72</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

d_{10}, d_{50}, and d_{90}: Particle diameter corresponding to 10%, 50%, and 90% of the cumulative distribution, D(4, 3): the average mass-volume diameter, and SSA: the specific surface area. *denotes the percentage change in the Particle size distribution of the Biofield Energy Treated sample with respect to the control sample.

It is presumed that The Trivedi Effect® might act as an external force like ball mill for reducing the particle size of vitamin D₃. Scientific literature mentioned that the reduced particle size and increased surface area of any pharmaceutical solid compound improve its absorption, dissolution rate, and bioavailability [34, 35]. Thus, it is anticipated that The Trivedi Effect® - Energy of Consciousness Healing Treated cholecalciferol might offer better bioavailability than the untreated sample.

3.3. Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC) Analysis

The DSC thermograms of the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples of cholecalciferol (Figure 2) exhibited two endothermic peaks at nearly 86 and 307°C and one exothermic peak at nearly 221°C. Literature mentioned that the sharp endothermic peak at 86.30° in the DSC curve is the melting point of cholecalciferol and exothermic peak at 206°C may be due to the decomposition of cholecalciferol [1]. The present analysis revealed that the melting point of the Biofield Energy Treated sample was higher by 0.24% compared to the control sample as shown in Table 3. After that, the latent heat of fusion (∆H) of the Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol was decreased by 3.54% compared with the control sample. So, Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol required less energy in the form of ∆H to undergo the whole process of melting after Alice’s Biofield Energy Treatment. Consequently, the decomposition temperature and the enthalpy of decomposition in the Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol were increased by 0.12%, and 5.85%, respectively, compared with the control sample.
Table 3. DSC data for both control and Biofield Energy Treated samples of cholecalciferol.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sample</th>
<th>Melting point/Decomposition Temperature (°C)</th>
<th>∆H (J/g)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1st Peak</td>
<td>2nd Peak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control Sample</td>
<td>86.20</td>
<td>220.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biofield Energy Treated</td>
<td>86.41</td>
<td>221.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>%Change*</td>
<td>0.24</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

∆H: Latent heat of fusion/Enthalpy of decomposition, *denotes the percentage change of the Biofield Energy Treated sample with respect to the control sample.

The 2nd broad endothermic peak at nearly 307°C may be the slow degradation of non-volatile intermediates produced during the thermal reaction. The melting endotherm and ∆H of this peak in the Biofield Energy Treated sample were increased by 0.18% and 73.87%, respectively compared to the control sample. The results suggested that the thermodynamic stability of the Biofield Energy Treated sample was increased compared with the control sample (Table 3).

3.4. Thermal Gravimetric Analysis (TGA) / Differential Thermogravimetric Analysis (DTG)

Koshy and Beyer described that TGA curve of cholecalciferol exhibited a sharp drop in weight at 128°C that...
might be due to the boiling and possible splattering of the sample [1].

The TGA thermograms of the control and Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol showed two steps of thermal degradation (Figure 3). The percentage weight loss in Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol was significantly decreased by 32.63% in the 1st step of degradation, while the percentage weight loss in the 2nd step degradation which showed the major weight loss was increased by 0.58% compared with the control sample (Table 4). The total weight loss in the Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol was reduced by 0.05% compared with the control sample (Table 4).

![Figure 3. TGA thermograms of the control and Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol.](image)
The DTG thermograms of the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples (Figure 4) exhibited only one peak. The Biofield Energy Treated sample was thermally stable up to 312.28°C, while controls sample was stable up to 302.51°C. The maximum thermal degradation temperature (T<sub>max</sub>) of the Biofield Energy Treated sample was higher by 3.23% than the control sample as shown in Table 4. Overall, TGA/DTG revealed that the thermodynamic stability of the Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol was significantly improved compared to the control sample.

### 4. Conclusions

The present article inferred that The Trivedi Effect® - Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment exhibited the significant impact on the relative intensities and crystallite size of the characteristic diffraction peaks, particle size, surface area, and thermodynamic stability of cholecalciferol. Relative intensities of the characteristic diffraction peak in the Alice’s Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol were significantly changed from -28.21 to 54.16% compared with the control sample. Consequently, the crystallite sizes of the Biofield Energy Treated sample was altered from -40.02% to 83.20% compared with the control sample. The particle size values at d<sub>10</sub>, d<sub>50</sub>, d<sub>90</sub>, and D(4, 3) in Alice’s Biofield Energy Treated sample were significantly decreased by 33.48%, 23.82%, 18.61%, and 22.08%, respectively compared to the control sample. The specific surface area (SSA) of Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol was significantly increased by 32.72% with respect to the control sample. The DSC analysis demonstrated that the melting point of the Biofield Energy Treated sample was higher by 0.24% with an increased latent heat of fusion (ΔH) by 3.54% compared with the control sample. The decomposition temperature and the enthalpy of decomposition of the Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol were increased by 0.12%, and 5.85%, respectively compared with the control sample. The melting temperature and ΔH of a broad endothermic peak in the Biofield Energy Treated sample were increased by 0.18% and 73.87%, respectively compared to the control sample. The TGA thermograms of both the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples exhibited a major weight loss from ~150°C to 350°C. The weight loss in the Biofield Energy Treated sample was decreased compared with the control sample. The DTG analysis indicated that the T<sub>max</sub> of the treated cholecalciferol was increased by 3.23% compared to the control sample. Overall, the thermal analysis indicated that the thermodynamic stability of the Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol was significantly enhanced compared to the control sample. Thus, the Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment (The Trivedi Effect®) might lead to produce a polymorphic form of cholecalciferol which might have the
improved solubility, bioavailability, and thermodynamic stability as compared with the untreated sample. The Biofield Energy Treated cholecalciferol would be very suitable to design better nutraceutical and pharmaceutical formulations which might offer better therapeutic response against vitamin D deficiency i.e. rickets, osteoporosis, cancer, diabetes mellitus, mental disorders, cardiovascular diseases, multiple sclerosis, infections.

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