

Conjecture on the numbers $3p(q-1)-1$ where p and q are primes and $p=q+6$

Abstract. In this paper I state the following conjecture: there exist an infinity of primes of the form $3*p*(q - 1) - 1$, where p and q are primes and $p = q + 6$. Note that from the first terms of the sequence of sexy primes we have a chain of consecutive 9 primes: 131, 233, 509, 683, 1103, 1913, 3329, 4643, 5639 (for $q = 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 23, 31, 37, 41$).

Conjecture:

There exist an infinity of primes of the form $3*p*(q - 1) - 1$, where p and q are primes and $p = q + 6$. Note that from the first terms of the sequence of sexy primes we have a chain of consecutive 9 primes: 131, 233, 509, 683, 1103, 1913, 3329, 4643, 5639 (for $q = 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 23, 31, 37, 41$).

The sequence of primes of this form:

: $3*11*(5 - 1) = 131$, prime;
: $3*13*(7 - 1) = 233$, prime;
: $3*17*(11 - 1) = 509$, prime;
: $3*19*(13 - 1) = 683$, prime;
: $3*23*(17 - 1) = 1103$, prime;
: $3*29*(23 - 1) = 1913$, prime;
: $3*37*(31 - 1) = 3329$, prime;
: $3*43*(37 - 1) = 4643$, prime;
: $3*47*(41 - 1) = 5639$, prime;
: $3*59*(53 - 1) = 9203$, prime;
: $3*89*(83 - 1) = 21893$, prime;
: $3*103*(97 - 1) = 29663$, prime;
: $3*107*(101 - 1) = 32099$, prime;
: $3*109*(103 - 1) = 33353$, prime;
: $3*113*(107 - 1) = 35933$, prime;
: $3*163*(157 - 1) = 76283$, prime;
: $3*179*(173 - 1) = 92363$, prime;
: $3*197*(191 - 1) = 112289$, prime;
: $3*257*(251 - 1) = 192749$, prime;
: $3*269*(263 - 1) = 211433$, prime;
: $3*283*(277 - 1) = 224369$, prime;
: $3*313*(307 - 1) = 287333$, prime;
: $3*317*(311 - 1) = 294809$, prime;
: $3*359*(353 - 1) = 379103$, prime;
: $3*449*(443 - 1) = 595373$, prime;
: $3*463*(457 - 1) = 595373$, prime;
: $3*509*(503 - 1) = 766553$, prime;
(...)

Note:

The sequence of the semiprimes $m \cdot n$ of this form is also interesting because of a property shared by many of these, i.e. that $m + n - 1$ is prime; examples:

- : $3 \cdot 53 \cdot (47 - 1) = 7313 = 71 \cdot 103$ and $71 + 103 - 1 = 173$, prime;
- : $3 \cdot 67 \cdot (61 - 1) = 12059 = 31 \cdot 389$ and $31 + 389 - 1 = 419$, prime;
- : $3 \cdot 79 \cdot (73 - 1) = 17063 = 113 \cdot 151$ and $113 + 151 - 1 = 263$, prime;
- : $3 \cdot 173 \cdot (167 - 1) = 86153 = 101 \cdot 853$ and $101 + 853 - 1 = 953$, prime;
- : $3 \cdot 277 \cdot (271 - 1) = 224369 = 89 \cdot 2521$ and $89 + 2521 - 1 = 2609$, prime.