

Pi Formulas

Part 5: Formula for the constant Pi

Edgar Valdebenito

abstract

In this note we give one formula for the constant Pi

Una Representación Para La Constante Pi : $\pi = 3.141592\dots$

Edgar Valdebenito V

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Resumen. Se muestra una fórmula general para la constante Pi:

$$\pi = 4 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n (2n+1)^{-1}$$

1. Fórmula

Para $n \in \mathbb{N} = \{1, 2, 3, \dots\}$, $0 < a < 1$, se tiene:

$$\pi = 6 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \int_0^v (nax^{n-1} + 1 - a)(ax^n + (1-a)x)^{2k} dx \quad (1)$$

donde $v \equiv v(n, a) \in (0, 1)$, satisface la ecuación:

$$av^n + (1-a)v = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N} \quad (2)$$

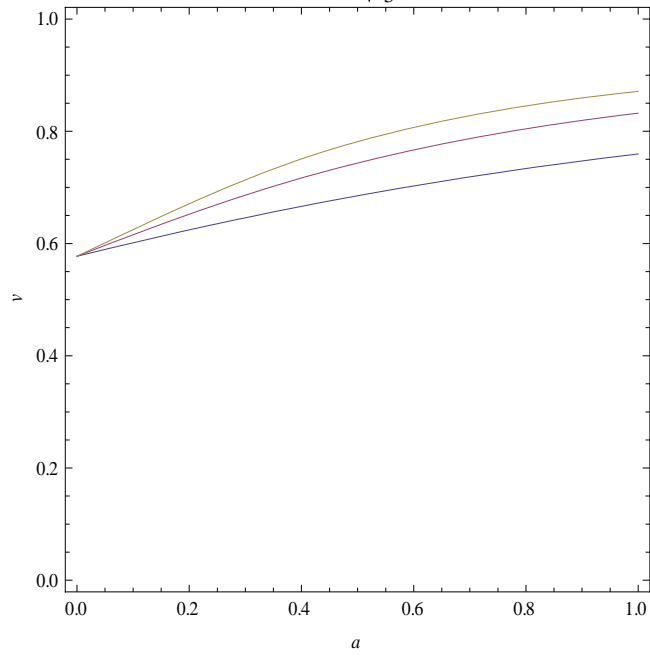
2. Representación Gráfica de la Función: $v(n, a), n = 2, 3, 4, \dots$

Para $n = 2, 3, 4, \dots$, y $s = \frac{n}{n-1}$, se tiene:

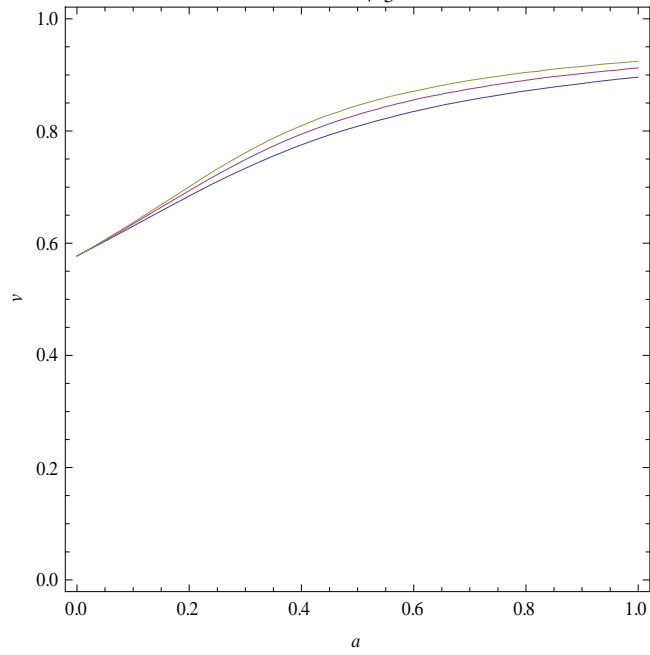
$$u = \sqrt[s]{a\sqrt{3} + (1-a)\sqrt{3}\sqrt[s]{a\sqrt{3} + (1-a)\sqrt{3}\sqrt[s]{a\sqrt{3} + \dots}}} \quad (3)$$

$$v = \left(\frac{1}{u}\right)^{\frac{1}{n-1}} \quad (4)$$

$$\left\{ a v^n + (1 - a) v = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, n = 2, 3, 4 \right\}$$



$$\left\{ a v^n + (1 - a) v = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, n = 5, 6, 7 \right\}$$



3. Una Integral

$$\int_0^v (nax^{n-1} + 1 - a)(ax^n + (1-a)x)^{2k} dx =$$
$$= \sum_{m=0}^{2k} \binom{2k}{m} a^{2k-m} (1-a)^m \left(\frac{nav^{(2k-m+1)n+m}}{(2k-m+1)n+m} + \frac{(1-a)v^{(2k-m)n+m+1}}{(2k-m)n+m+1} \right) \quad (5)$$

4. Referencias

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