

# **If Modified Newtonian Dynamics is correct, Then even ‘Dark-energy’ may not be needed**

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## **Abstract and Introduction:**

As an attempt to explain the anomalous constant velocity of the stars at the outskirts of galaxies, known as ‘flattening of galaxies rotation-curves’, Milgrom M. has proposed a modification to Newtonian Dynamics; that at very low gravitational accelerations, of the order of  $10^{-10}$  meter/second<sup>2</sup>, and below, the gravitational acceleration experienced by the stars at the out-skirts of spiral galaxies may be:  $[(GM/R^2)(a_0)]^{1/2}$ , instead of Newtonian expression:  $[GM/R^2]$ . It has been found by this author, as well as by others, that  $a_0$  is close to  $H_0 c$  (where  $H_0$  is Hubble’s constant, and  $c$  the speed of light). Also,  $a_0$  is close to  $GM_0/R_0^2$  (where  $M_0$  is total mass of the universe required for closer of the universe, and  $R_0$  is radius of the universe,  $R_0 = c/H_0$ ). Based on this findings, it is shown here that the strength of gravity beyond the boundary of spiral galaxies is much higher, than expected from Newtonian gravity. Therefore, the actual attractive force between the galaxies can be much higher than that due to Newtonian Dynamics; and the total mass of the universe required for closer of the universe, may be as less as it is already observed. Thus, if MOND is correct, then even ‘dark-energy’ may not be required.

## **The Derivation:**

The actual acceleration experienced by the stars at the out-skirts of spiral galaxies:

$$A_{\text{actual}} = \text{Velocity } v_{\text{observed}}^2 / R = [(GM/R^2)(GM_0/R_0^2)]^{1/2}$$

$$A_{\text{actual}} = \text{Velocity } v_{\text{observed}}^2 / R = [(GM/R^2)(M_0/M)^{1/2}(R/R_0)]$$

Since the total-mass of the universe  $M_0$  is much higher than mass of a single galaxy  $M$ , and at the inter-galactic distances  $R$  becomes comparable with  $R_0$ , the actual acceleration experienced by the galaxies can be much higher, and sufficient for closer of the universe. And no ‘dark-energy’ may be needed.