UNIFIED FIELD THEORY FOUND Copyright 25 June 2015 By Glenn A. Baxter, P.E. www.k1man.com Institute@k1man.com 207 242 2143 (Draft 25 June 2015 9:40 A.M., 150626 9:23A, 6:55P, 150627 7:33P) ABSTRACT

The author properly explains, as Dr. Einstein failed to do, the connection between mass, gravity, inertia, and acceleration.

# ARGUMENT

Dr. Albert Einstein spent his whole life, without success, searching for a unified field theory. He even correctly postulated that what we traditionally understand as gravity to be the same as acceleration produced force (like being pushed into the back of your seat as an airplane accelerates forward) or "artificial gravity."

The author has "found" a single tiny composite field – mass "particle" that makes up all mass in the universe called a Gravitron. Note the spelling as compared to the main stream postulated graviton. www.k1man.com/c50.pdf

The Gravitron is consistent with the requirement that all matter must be elastic and obey the second law of thermodynamics. Like an electron, which radiates energy such as light when accelerated or decelerated, a Gravitron also radiates energy, in this case gravity. Gravity is not explained in the so called Standard Model, and was not properly explained by Dr. Einstein in his General Relativity. Dr. Einstein could never postulate a unified field theory where the so called gravity field was consistent with other observed and measured fields such as electrostatic fields and the seemingly field related phenomena such as radio and light.

The Gravitron is the smallest possible mass particle which is spherically surrounded by a field (not electrostatic) which allows it to be elastic, as required by the second law of thermodynamics. When a Gravitron accelerates or decelerates, it creates a disturbance in the gravitational field (identical to a void), permeating the entire universe, which disturbance propagates as a wave at constant speed g until it encounters another gravitron, where it exerts a force that we have traditionally called gravity.

What I call the universe wide gravitational field, identical to a void, replaces the so called Higgs field; the Gravitron replaces the so called Higgs particle; and the wave disturbance in the void that radiates from a Gravitron (as we traditionally understand as gravity) replaces the so called Higgs boson.

## INERTIA

A metal shot-put, made up of molecules which are made up of many Gravitrons, will always radiate traditionally understood gravity in all directions. If you tried to move or accelerate the shot-put, the Gravitrons making it up would naturally radiate more gravity, all in the same direction, and this would be felt as traditional inertia.

What keeps the shot-put going after the accelerating force is removed is the conservation of its kinetic energy.

Gravitrons are moving randomly in a solid mass, and the mass therefore has temperature. If you reduce that solid mass to or near to absolute zero, the mass component of the composite field – mass particles would be "shut down," so to speak, and weird things happen in mass at such low temperatures, as we observe.

## PROPERTIES

- (1) Since Gravitrons have temperature, what we traditionally think of as gravity is temperature dependent. This has been measured in the lab.
- (2) Traditional gravity, such as on the earth, declines, as time moves on. There is scientific evidence that gravity of the earth has been declining for years.
- (3) Gravitrons move very quickly and therefore radiate at very high frequency and thus very small wavelength. The Gravitron radiated gravity waves act more and more like electrostatic fields or waves disturbing the void "medium" as the wave length increases. Plus or minus charges of electrostatic fields are probably caused by 180 degree out of phase relationships.

## ANTI GRAVITY AND ZERO INERTIA WITH GRAVITRONS

Given that a metal shot-put will normally radiate gravity waves in all directions, controlling the polarization and phase of Gravitron radiated gravity waves can adjust the net gravity "pull" direction on that shot-put and even null out all inertia of that material object. A material object or vehicle, along with its material contents, including live occupants, with all Gravitron radiation generated material inertia so nulled out, could be easily infinitely accelerated or even able to make high velocity right angle, etc. turns.

By pointing to any desired massive object such as a planet or asteroid, etc. in any particular desired direction that you wish to travel, you thus have a propulsion system using the properties of Gravitrons.

### SUMMARY

The Gravitron is very small and has a very tiny amount of mass. It is the smallest of all mass objects in nature and makes up all other matter. If you kept cutting it in half you would eventually get to a cut where the cut would have to separate it from its composite spherical field surrounding it which is postulated to be impossible (an exclusion principle), since all mass must be elastic and obey the second law of thermodynamics (a new postulate).

It has no electrostatic charge and thus can associate with other gravitrons by the gravitron's own gravity forces. Gravitrons can build up to form all particles including electrons which do have electrostatic charge. How electrons are constructed from Gravitrons and how they accumulate electrostatic charge from Gravitrons is still an open question.

Gravitron radiation polarization can both null out inertia in matter and also provide a gravity propulsion system for things composed of matter.

Mr. Baxter has a degree in Industrial Engineering from the University of Rhode Island and is a Licensed Professional Engineer in Illinois and Maine. He is a graduate of Vermont Academy, which honored him in 1993 as a Distinguished Alumnus with the Dr. Florence R. Sabin Award. It was at Vermont Academy as a student where Mr. Baxter attended a talk and met the very popular relativity author James A. Coleman[3]. Mr. Baxter has been doing research in relativity and physics ever since and is currently Executive Director of the Belgrade Lakes Institute for Advanced Research. His current interests include physics, philosophy, and theology.



Glenn A. Baxter, P.E., at his home in Belgrade Lakes, Maine U.S.A.

See <u>www.k1man.com/g</u>



Glenn A. Baxter, P.E., age 4, with his dad, Frank H. Baxter (Bachelor of Science Degree, Mechanical Engineering, 1914, Rhode Island State College), and President of Frank H. Baxter Associates, 370 Lexington Avenue, New York City. See <u>www.k1man.com/fhb</u> and also <u>www.k1man.com/w10</u> and <u>www.k1man.com/Loons</u>