Annotation

The article contains the results of studying homosexuality in terms of information-wave medicine. The viral-genetic aetiology of this pathological condition has been confirmed.

Introduction

The phenomenon of homosexuality has been exciting the minds of scientists around the world for many years. Scientists are vying with each other trying to convince one another in their rightness. These disputes involve improper upbringing, early sexual activity, and much other nonsense.

Only one hypothesis has attracted our attention. The American scientist, Professor Gregory Cochran, from the University of Utah and his colleague, Professor Paul Ivald, consider the occurrence of homosexuality to be associated with pathogenic aetiology. Their hypothesis suggests that homosexuality develops pathogenically and, most likely, is a viral infection.

Some proponents of this hypothesis believe that homosexuality has nothing to do with hereditary background and resembles diseases characterized with brain lesions and behavioural changes. Viral aetiology may be suspected with regards to some of these diseases.

According to the classical science, this hypothesis cannot be attributed to the theory since it has not been proven by any experiments or by using scientifically available methods. Thus, doctors have not come to a definite conclusion so far.

In all fairness it should be noted that the terminology aspect has also been disputed until now. Thus, scientists argue about which term should be used: “homosexualism” or “homosexuality”, as well as “homosexualist” or “homosexual”. As our reader understands, the use of one term or the other one will not affect in any way the essence of the problem.

What is homosexualism?

Let’s remember that the concept of information-wave medicine created by us regards the human body as an information-wave portrait of radiations from all organs and systems of the physical body. Also, let’s remember that the mentioned radiation pertains to the class of ultra-weak emissions (UWE) of non-electromagnetic nature. According to our concept, the human genome consists of 2 parts.

The first of them includes genes “operating” during the ontogenesis process, i.e. responsible for the entire normal development course of a human – from birth to death. This part of the genome is embedded in the body by the Nature.

The second part may contain pathogenic genes causing diseases and pathological conditions. This part of the genome was accumulated in the human body for thousands of years under the influence of various adverse conditions.
We started our research into homosexualism before finding out the above hypothesis. Our approach to tackling this issue was standard, i.e. the same one as we treat any disease in terms of information-wave medicine.

In the outcome, we have come to a conclusion that homosexualism has common symptoms with other diseases of genetic virus aetiology. Such conclusion is proven by the fact that when checking the genomes of homosexualists known to us we detected the respective gene on the maternal and paternal ancestry lines. This enabled us to check the composition of the genetic virus and the location of pathogenic structures on sets of chromosomes.

It turned out that the genetic homosexualism virus contains two known RNA-containing viruses enclosed in a protein shell. These are the retrovirus and Coxsackievirus.

*It should be noted that the genetic viruses examined from the perspective of information-wave medicine are not “biological agents”, but only a set of information-wave structures. In other words: genetic viruses are information-wave pathogenic structures that cause the same pathological foci in the body that live viruses similar to them by level of radiation.*

The mentioned genetic virus is located on the chromosomes – from the 1st to the 8th, as well as on the 46th and 47th chromosomes.

Moreover, it is noteworthy that the last two chromosomes determine the “activeness” of homosexuals, as will be discussed below.

The reader may be surprised with the fact that we mention the 47th chromosome, though the normal set of chromosomes includes only 46 chromosomes.

Due to many years of research, we have ascertained that, in a number of cases, the occurrence of pathological foci in the human body causes the appearance of the 47th chromosome in the set of chromosomes. After elimination of a pathological focus, the 47th chromosome disappears.

We have also found out that the genome of each person contains a gene of sexual attraction – the libido gene. This gene is activated during puberty of a person and determines the person’s sexual orientation. It may stay in three conditions characterized with right or left polarization, as well as in a transitional phase. We pointed out that the male sexual field is characterized with right-hand polarization, and the female sexual field – with left hand polarization [2]. In men with heterosexual orientation, the libido gene will always have negative polarization, and in women with the same orientation – positive. A non-conformance of this rule is the sign of homosexuality. That means that homosexual men will always have a positively polarized libido gene, in women it will be negative.

As regards the sexual field, it may change in homosexuals, in contrast to people with heterosexual orientation. As stated above, the presence of the respective genetic virus on the 46th and 47th chromosomes is characteristic of “active” homosexuals whose sexual field has positive polarization. If the 46th chromosome is free, and the 47th one is missing, the sexual field of men and women will be negative, which corresponds to passive sexual behavior.
Using the method of situational modeling, we have ascertained that the condition of homosexualism also depends on the presence of the Coxsackievirus and retrovirus in some neurohormonal glands.

It may be explained by the fact that the homosexuality gene is initially realized in the brain structures. Elimination of viruses from the mentioned glands leads to purification of chromosome sets from pathogenic foci in the respective areas of the brain. It results in setting the traditional heterosexual orientation.

**Conclusion**

Completing this article, we note that we have managed not only to prove the genetic virus etiology of homosexualism, but also to offer a method for its early diagnosis and treatment.

Moreover, we have managed to figure out a pill to neutralize the function of the above viruses. Thus, mentioning of a pill in the title of the article has actual background.

We note once more that the research was conducted not on live carriers of this pathological condition, but on situational models of the organism, which are carriers of information with the field of the subject under research transferred to them.

And finally, we want to warn our readers that, in order to prevent unauthorized access to the informational radiations of the organism, the technology of changing sexual orientation if given by us in an oversimplified manner.

The author understands that it is unlikely that persons who are satisfied of their unconventional sexual orientation will want to change it. But there are also people who, due to multiple reasons, have to conceal their unconventional orientation, which brings them a lot of suffering. If such people approach us, we are ready to help them.

**References**

4. Hypothesis of Pathogenic Origin of Homosexuality. Wikipedia. http://ru.wikipedia.org/wiki/%D0%93%D0%B8%D0%BF%D0%BE%D1%82%D0%B5%D0%B7%D0%B0 _%D0%BF%D0%B0%D1%82%D0%BE%D0%B3%D0%B5%D0%BD%D0%BE%D0%B3%D0%BE_%D0%BF%D1%80%D0%BE%D0%B8%D1%81%D1%85%D0%BE%D0%B6%D0%B4%D0%BD%D0%B8%D1%8F_%D0%B3%D0%BE%D0%BC%D0%BE%D1%81%D0%B5%D0%BA%D1%81%D1%83%D0%B0%D0%BB%D1%8C%D0%BD%D0%BE%D1%81%D1%82%D0%B8