

The Earth Must be Expanding Globally

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Abstract

Exactly 100 years ago, German scientist – Alfred Lothar Wegener, sailed against the prevailing wisdom of his day when he posited that not only have the Earth's continental plates receded from each other over the course of the Earth's history, but that they are currently in a state of motion relative to one another. To explain this, Wegener set forth the hypothesis that the Earth must be expanding as a whole. Wegener's inability to provide an adequate explanation of the forces and energy source responsible for continental drift and the prevailing belief that the Earth was a rigid solid body resulted in the acrimonious dismissal of his theories. Today, that the continents are receding from each other is no longer a point of debate but a sacrosanct pillar of modern geology and geophysics. What is debatable is the energy source driving this phenomenon. An expanding Earth hypothesis is currently an idea that is not accepted on a general consensus level. Antiproponent of the expanding Earth mercilessly dismiss it as a pseudo or fringe science. Be that it may, we show herein that from the well accepted law of conservation of spin angular momentum, Stephenson & Morrison (1995)'s result that over the last 2700 years or so, the length of the Earth's day has undergone a change of about $+17.00 \mu\text{s}/\text{yr}$, this result invariably leads to the fact the Earth must be expanding radially at a paltry rate of about $+0.60 \text{ mm}/\text{yr}$. This simple fact, automatically moves the expanding Earth hypothesis from the realm of pseudo or fringe science, to that of real and ponderable science.

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Exactly 100 years ago, German scientist – Alfred Lothar Wegener (1880–1930), sailed against the prevailing wisdom of his day when he posited that not only have the Earth's continental plates receded from each other over the course of the Earth's history, but that they are currently in a state of motion relative to one another (Wegener 1912a,2). To explain this, Wegener set forth the hypothesis that the Earth must be expanding as a whole. Wegener's inability to provide an adequate explanation of the forces and energy source responsible for continental drift and the prevailing belief that the Earth was a rigid solid body resulted in the acrimonious dismissal of his theories. Today, that the continents are receding from each other is no longer a point of debate but a sacrosanct pillar of modern geology and geophysics. What is debatable is the energy source driving this phenomenon. An expanding

Earth hypothesis is currently an idea that is not accepted on a general consensus level. Foremost anti-proponents of the expanding Earth who hold the mainstream view in the field of plate tectonics, mercilessly dismiss (perhaps with good reasons) the Expanding Earth Hypothesis (EEH) as a pseudo or fringe science. This letter brings before the eyes of these anti-proponent *hard-to-dismiss* evidence that the Earth must be expanding somehow. To the proponents of the EEH, we bring a reason to believe that physical evidence points to the EEH not just as a possibility, but a necessary physical requirement from the sacrosanct and embellished Laws of Physics such as the conservation of spin angular momentum.

Most – if not all, scientists (and as-well the non-scientists) with a sufficient or modicum of understanding of physics and physics principles will agree or attest to the fact that in the absence of interaction between orbital angular momentum (\mathcal{J}) and spin (\mathcal{S}), the angular momentum and spin will be conserved separately, that is $\dot{\mathcal{L}} = \dot{\mathcal{S}} = 0$. In the event that there exists some *spin-orbit interaction*, then, the total angular momentum $\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{J} + \mathcal{S}$ is what must be conserved, that is $\dot{\mathcal{L}} = 0$ such that $\dot{\mathcal{J}} \neq 0$ and $\dot{\mathcal{S}} \neq 0$. In Nyambuya (2012), we considered the option of spin-orbit interaction, where we concluded that the observed recession of the Earth-Moon system from the Sun must lead to the Earth expanding and the Moon to shrink. In the present letter, for the sack of the skeptic that might deny spin-orbit interaction, we drop this hypothesis of spin-orbit interaction and consider the scenario where spin and orbital angular momentum are conserved separately. The spin $\mathcal{S} = |\mathcal{S}|$ is a function of the mass \mathcal{M} , radius \mathcal{R} and period \mathcal{T} of spin of the object, that is $\mathcal{S} = 2\pi\mathcal{M}\mathcal{R}^2/\mathcal{T}$. Conservation of spin *i.e.* $\dot{\mathcal{S}} = 0$ implies that $\dot{\mathcal{M}}/\mathcal{M} + 2\dot{\mathcal{R}}/\mathcal{R} - \dot{\mathcal{T}}/\mathcal{T} = 0$.

Now, if δ is to represent secular changes, then, the very fact that $\dot{\mathcal{S}} = 0$ invariably implies that $\delta\mathcal{S} = 0$, which in-turn implies that $\delta\mathcal{M}/\mathcal{M} + 2\delta\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{R} - \delta\mathcal{T}/\mathcal{T} = 0$. For the Earth, we will have:

$$\frac{\delta\mathcal{R}_{\oplus}}{\mathcal{R}_{\oplus}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\delta\mathcal{T}_{\oplus}}{\mathcal{T}_{\oplus}} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\delta\mathcal{M}_{\oplus}}{\mathcal{M}_{\oplus}}, \quad (1)$$

where \mathcal{M}_{\oplus} , \mathcal{R}_{\oplus} and \mathcal{T}_{\oplus} are the mass, radius and period of the spin for the Earth respectively. From (1), in the absence of a secular variation in \mathcal{T}_{\oplus} , *i.e.* $\delta\mathcal{T}_{\oplus} = 0$, an accreting Earth will lead to the Earth shrinking. On the other hand, an Earth with a non-varying mass will only expand *if and only if* there is a secular change in the Length of the Day (LOD). Such evidence exists!

In a remarkable study, Stephenson (1997), Stephenson & Morrison (1995) have produced their seminal and landmarking works in the field of Earth's rotation spanning nearly three millennia *i.e.* from 700 BC to 1990 AD = 2690 years, where they concluded that the LOD is undergoing a secular variation of about $+17.00 \pm 5.00 \mu\text{s}/\text{yr}$. To come up with their remarkable conclusion, they have identified hundreds of eclipses and occultation observations in early European, Middle Eastern and Chinese annals, manuscripts, canons and records. Of these data, since the dawn of humankind, in spite of their relatively low precision, these data represent humanity's only record of the variation of the LOD over a lengthy period of time.

Given that the present mean LOD $\mathcal{T}_{\oplus} = 23.93 \text{ hr}$, it follows that the Earth's radius is not only changing, but increasing, *i.e.*:

$$\delta\mathcal{R}_{\oplus} = +0.60 \pm 0.10 \text{ mm}/\text{yr}. \quad (2)$$

In Nyambuya (2012) where the spin-orbit interaction and the recession of the Earth-Moon system is taken into account, one finds an expansion rate of about $+1.50 \text{ mm}/\text{yr}$ which is –

at least, about twice that obtained above. The difference can safely be attributed to the here unaccounted for phenomenon of spin-orbit interaction.

Perhaps, with good reason, the anti-proponents of the EEH have been right to vehemently dismiss the EEH as fringe and or pseudo-science for the simple reason that the proponents of the EEH have in most cases presented *far from home solutions* for the mechanism that might drive this expansion. For example, Dr. Hugh Owen suggested in his book, *Atlas of Continental Displacement, 200 Million Years to the Present: A Test of the Conventional and Expanding Earth Models*, that there was a phase change in the Earth's core that produced a volume change in the Earth while the mass stayed the same. It is difficult if not impossible to verify this claim/hypothesis.

Another favourite mechanism for the EEH is that the mass of the Earth must be increasing. That the mass of the Earth is increasing is not wrong at all, it is correct. The Earth's mass increases due to radiation it absorbs from the Sun. Further, the Earth is under the constant bombardment of cosmic showers (meteorites, cosmic rays, *etc*), these obviously add small amounts of material over short periods. The proponents of the EEH then say, "... *but over geological times ... these cosmic showers become 'cosmic storms', leading to a significant increase in the Earth's radius*". We did argue that an increase in the mass of the Earth must instead lead to a shrinking and not expansion of the Earth. Besides, the amount of mass increase of the Earth is so small that it should not lead to a significant change in the radius of the Earth. The required secular mass loss rate of the Earth $\delta M_{\oplus}/M_{\oplus}$, must be of the order of $\sim 1.00 \times 10^{-10} \text{ yr}^{-1}$ if at all this were to lead to a significant change in the Earth's radius of the order of $\sim +1.00 \text{ mm/yr}$, at any rate, this is a very high unacceptable mass loss rate.

On the list of the EEH, there is one notable present day advocate worthy of mention *i.e.*, Australia's Dr. J. Marvin Herndon. He has set forth what he calls "*Whole-Earth Decompression Dynamics*" (WEDD), which he describes as a theory combining elements of plate tectonics and Earth expansion (Herndon 2005). This WEDD theory holds that Earth formed from a Jupiter-sized gas giant by catastrophic loss of its gaseous atmosphere with subsequent decompression and expansion of the rocky remnant planet resulting in decompression cracks at continental margins which are filled in by basalts from mid-ocean ridges. Despite it being physically possible, this hypothesis is very difficult to prove, let alone believe. Anti-proponents of the EEH will obviously have a field day in dressing-down such a hypothesis on the basis of lack of evidence to prove its viability.

Surely, insofar as explaining very well many facts about our present *World*, the idea of an expanding Earth has been shown to work (see *e.g.* Romm 1994, Mantovani 1909, 1889, amongst many others). However – in science, that is not a good enough reason to believe the Earth must be expanding. It is only a good enough reason to set the hypothesis that the Earth must be expanding; nothing more and nothing less. Thereafter, one must now go onto seek ponderable evidence in support or against the hypothesis. The acceptance of a hypothesis as fact is similar or akin to *String Theory*¹ whose exquisite mathematical beauty, elegance and consistency with Einstein's General Theory of Relativity (GTR) and Quantum Mechanics (QM), has persuaded many to come so close as to declaring this *yet-to-be-tested* theory a fact of experience without it submitting to the rigorous yardsticks of science that

¹*String Theory* is a theory considered – by a significant number of researchers; to be the most promising theory that seeks science's greatest and foremost endeavour of unifying all of the forces of *Nature* (*i.e.*, the Gravitational, Electromagnetic, Weak, and Strong nuclear forces) into one consistent mathematical framework and physical theory.

would place this theory on a pedestal and correspondence with physical experience. For as long as we are still doing science, there is always the need to come up with as *close to home as is possible solutions or theories* (that are readily falsifiable) – which in the present case these are theories as to why the Earth is or must be expanding and these theories must easily be verified or refuted by observations and experience.

Logically, there are two obvious possibilities, (1) either the Earth is expanding or, (2) the Earth is not expanding. One of the two of these possibilities must be true and verifiable to within reasonable, believable and acceptable accuracy. We believe the simple ideas laid down herein and as-well as in Nyambuya (2012) are *close to home solutions* to the problem of the EEH and these solutions are based on solid observational evidence in the form of (1) the variation in the LOD and (2) the observed recession of the Earth-Moon system from the Sun. These pieces of evidence can not be dismissed so easily, one is involuntarily forced somehow to consider for a minute or so, that yes, the Earth must be expanding somehow. At our disposal, the recession of the Earth-Moon system from the Sun is the most indirect piece of evidence yet, that, the Earth must indeed be expanding if at all the Laws of Physics are to hold as most would believe they do hold all the time *i.e.*, yesterday, now and forever. Off cause, for whatever reason, one may not want the Earth to expand, but sadly and against our foremost desideratum, *Nature* does not at all caterer for our feelings or wishes in this regard or on this front; facts are facts, they are hard to dismiss, let alone – ignore.

Despite its abysmal dismissal by the mainstream researcher(s), the EEH has or is supported by a number of credible authors (*e.g.*, Carey 1975,0, Creer 1965, Ward 1963, Cox & Doell 1961, Egyed 1961, Heezen 1960, amongst many others) who have surely contributed significantly to the field of knowledge of geology, geophysics and science in general. The only problem in getting this hypothesis being accepted by the mainstream is the completion of the hypothesis by obtaining a credible source of energy for the supposed or hypothesised expansion. Clearly, as suggested in Nyambuya (2012), a credible source of energy driving this phenomenon is the orbital kinetic energy of the Earth-Moon system that is converted to kinetic energy associated with the spin of the spinning object. This same energy is what must drive the secular change in the LOD. Changes in the spin affect the spin period and as-well the spatial size of the spinning object – hence the Earth must either expand or contract, the situation on the ground is that the Earth must expand.

In a nutshell, what the present letter has sought to furnish is that in the case that one does not believe or does not want to believe at all in the possibility that the Earth might be or has expanded since it came into being, we have presented the remarkable findings of Stephenson (1997), Stephenson & Morrison (1995) so that they may or might make the endeavour to comprehend these findings in the light of the conservation of spin angular momentum. If at all they do comprehend this well enough, then, we are left in no doubt whatsoever that they will without fail accept that the Earth must be expanding, at least by a magnitude of about +0.60 mm/yr. In summary, all we have done herein, is to set aside the issue of spin-orbit interaction, in case this is used as a weapon to dressing-down the idea that the Earth must be expanding.

In closing, though we await solid confirmation from observations and experience, if we are to express our uttermost confidence (and not faith) in the Laws of Physics, we do not have to say “*The Earth might be expanding globally*” but that “*The Earth must be expanding globally*” at a rate of at least +0.60 mm/yr.

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