

Quantum Gravity and Electro Magnetic forces in FFF-theory.

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Abstract,

Quantum FFF theory states, that the vacuum is seeded with fast oscillating massless Higgs particles, oscillating along a complex chiral tetrahedral vacuum lattice, which has the ability to transfer Photon and Graviton information in bunches of oscillations, through the vacuum lattice with the local speed of light. As a consequence there are no attraction forces on propeller shaped Fermions. Only the sum of the different kinds of vacuum impulses from all directions on Fermions are responsible for all energetic phenomena in the universe.

Introduction.

According to Le Sage gravity the vacuum is seeded with fast travelling corpuscles, impinging on mass carrying particles present inside massive bodies. The deflection of these vacuum particles after the impulse on the first body, should lead to a decline in vacuum pressure on a second object, tending to drive two bodies together.

However, we suggest, that the vacuum is seeded with fast oscillating energetic but massless Higgs particles, oscillating along a complex chiral tetrahedral vacuum lattice, which has the ability to transfer Photon and Graviton information in bunches of oscillations, through the vacuum lattice with the local speed of light.

As a consequence there are no attraction forces on the propeller shaped spinning Fermions. Only the sum of the different kinds of vacuum impulses from all directions on Fermions coined: “**Double Vector Hedgehogs**”, are responsible for all energetic phenomena in the universe.

Thus we could give such a gravity model the name: “**Double Le Sage gravity**”.

Fermions are assumed to be fast spinning 3 Dimensional propeller shaped strings, able to deform impinging Higgs particles into 5 different shaped 3-Dimensional Photon/Gluon particles and Gravitons. (Figure 1,2 and Ref. 3,4).

In contrast with the contemporary “standard model”, we count two Gluon/Photons (coded: LOL+ROR) for the electric quantum force, two Gluon/Photons (LOU+ROU) for the magnetic quantum force and one Gluon/Photon (UOU) as general particle for the x-ray, gamma ray and different light frequencies.

The 5 different shaped Gluon particles (Ref.3,4) are in contrast with Gravitons, supposed to be able to merge with Fermions into more complex compound Fermion particles (Quarks, including Muons and Tau Fermions). However if no Fermions are hit, then after a very short (Planck) distance the Gluon information is picked up and transferred as 5 different coded Photon information or as a Graviton encoded information, by the Higgs system simultaneous along different Lattice routes in the form of a bunch of entangled Higgs oscillations. (figure: 3) This is our proposal for the explanation of the so called particle-wave duality.

The bunch of Higgs oscillations can impinge somewhere on a new Fermion and then the Photonic bunched wave function will COLLAPSE and change back into one Gluon particle, able to merge with the Fermion and originate measurable atomic change.

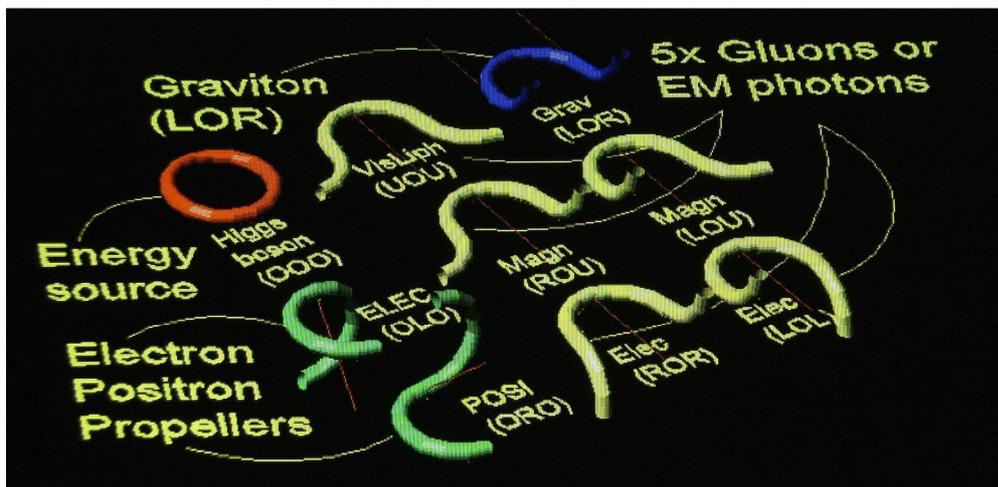
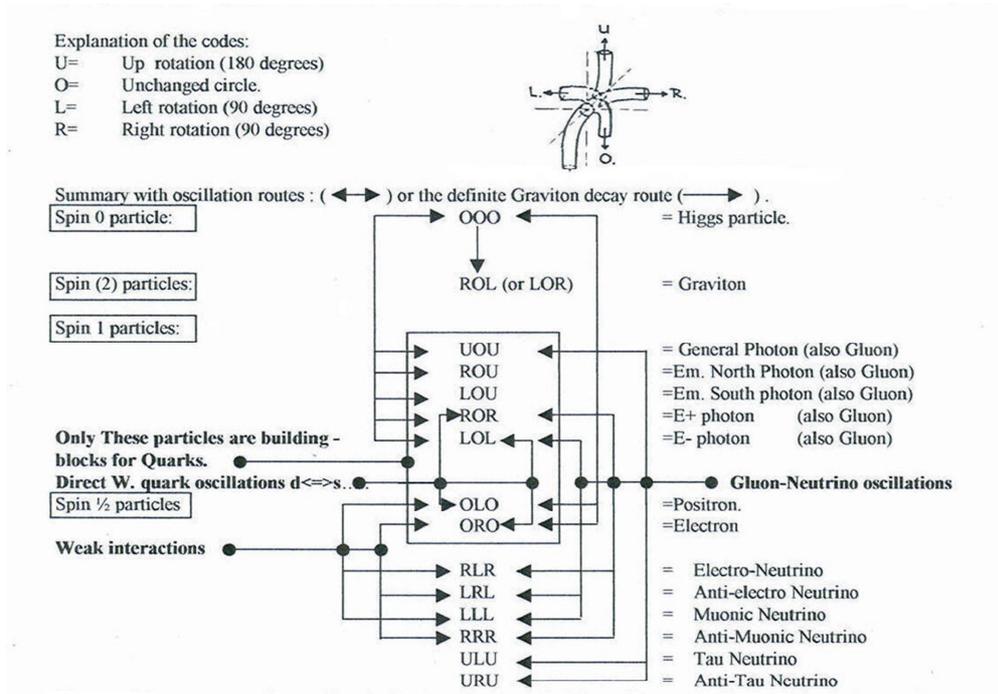


Figure 1, 3-Dimensional String Based Alternative Particle Model. (Ref. 3)

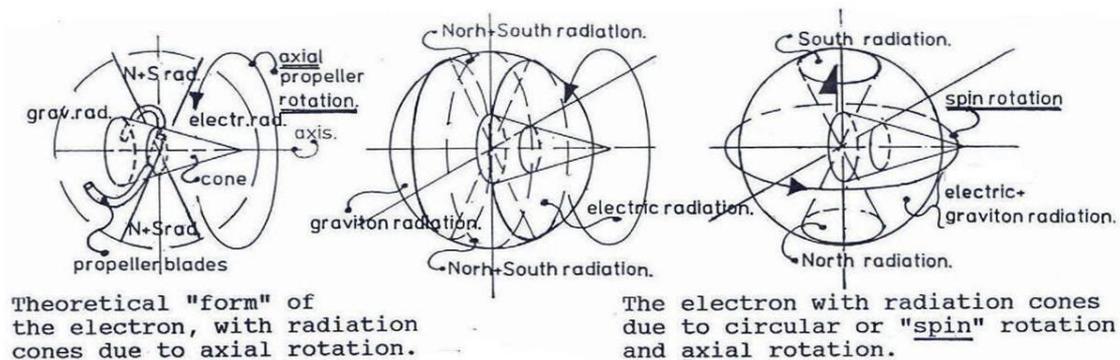
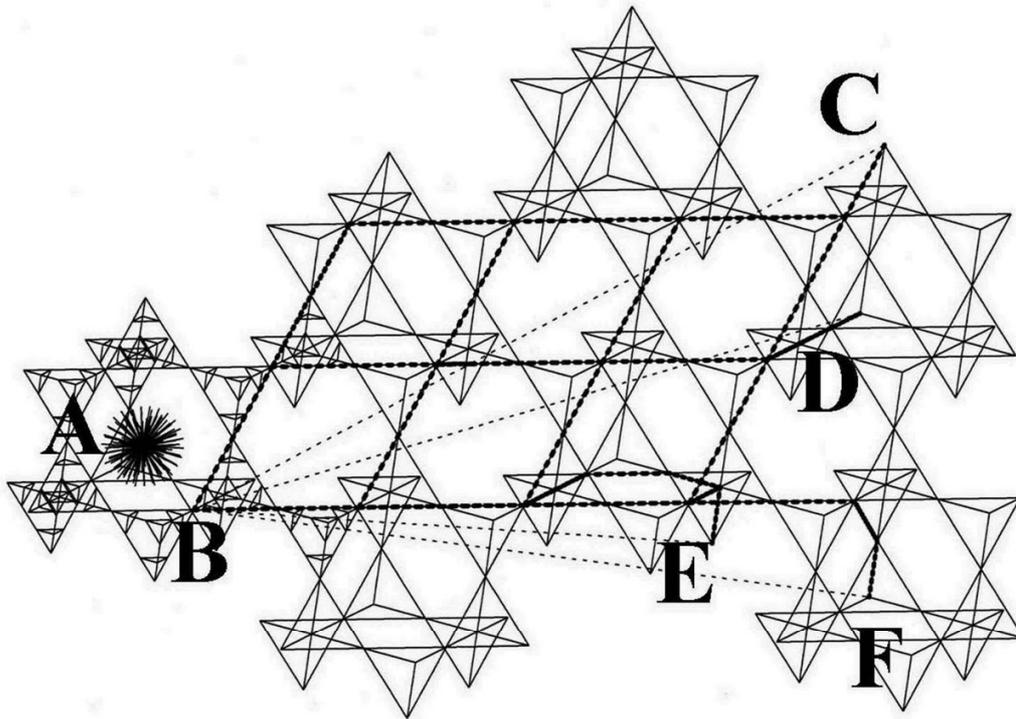


Figure 2, Double axial spin of Fermions with monopole Gluon- Graviton radiation cones. (Ref.3) After a short distance the 5 string shaped Gluons (2 Electric, 2 Magnetic and one general) can merge with Fermions into compound Quarks, or become a photonic wave, just like the Graviton.



Photon trajectories through the tetrahedral Chiral vacuum lattice.

A photon is created as a deformed Higgs particle at position (A), thus as a single (Photon/Gluon) particle which after some distance changes form back into a Higgs particle (B).

The photon energy is transferred into the oscillating Higgs system and travelling through the vacuum lattice in the form of a BUNCH of entangled energetic Higgs oscillations with the local speed of light.

(To match the single photon double slit experiment)

After collision with a second Fermion, at locations C,D,E,F. the BUNCH of energy collapses and change the FORM of a local Higgs particle into the shape of the original Photon.

Five different shaped Gluons after some distance are called Photons.

Thus five different shaped Photons start their journey as Gluon. Author: Leo Vuyk.

Figure 3, Photon (bunch shaped) trajectories, through the Higgs vacuum lattice. (Ref. 4)

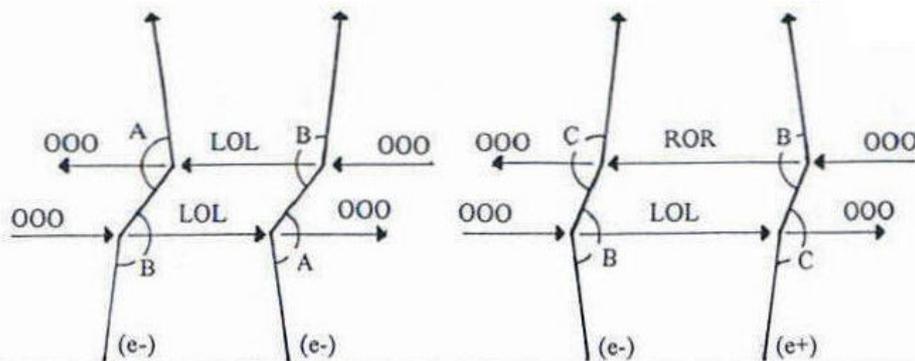
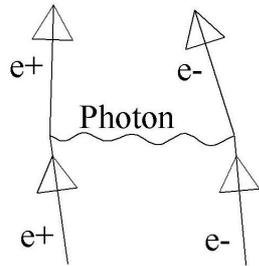


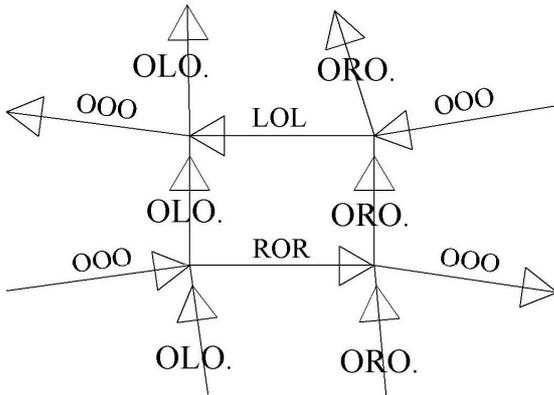
Figure 4, The principle of electric field force transfer by two monopole electric Photons (LOL and ROR) pushing Fermions with different impulses between two equal charged Fermions and different charged Fermions. The impulse of the Higgs particles is supposed to play an important role in combination with the monopole Photons to deflect the Fermions out of their trajectory.

A comparable system is supposed to be active for Gravitons. (Figure 7)

Feynman diagram for Electron Positron attraction, compared with Quantum FFF Theory repulsion solution.



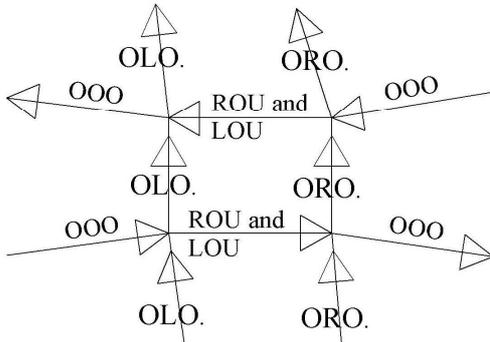
Higgs Impulse diagram for ELECTRIC monopole radiation, according to Quantum FFF theory.



Fermionic impulse differences between Higgs (OOO) and TWO Electric monopole Gluon/Photons (LOL and ROR) on Fermions (OLO and ORO).
 OOO changes form after collision with OLO resp ORO into ROR resp LOL and after second collision back again into OOO.

Figure 5, Comparison between electric Feynman diagram and Q-FFF Theory

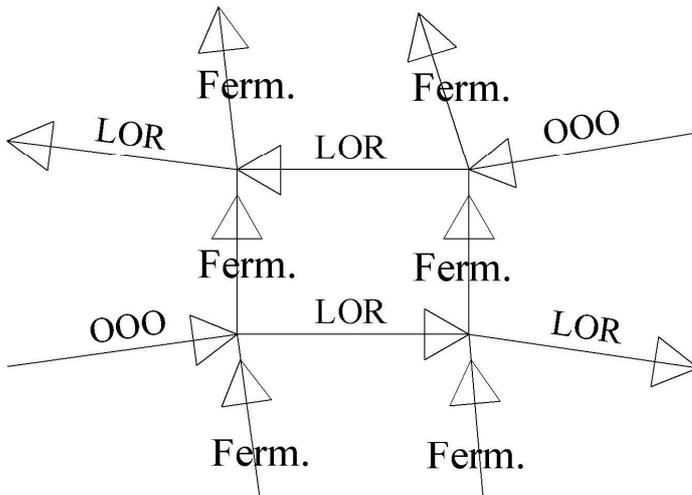
Higgs Impulse diagram for MAGNETIC monopole radiation, according to Quantum FFF theory.



Fermionic impulse differences between Higgs (OOO) and TWO Magnetic monopole photons (LOU and ROU) on Fermions (OLO and ORO).
 OOO changes form after collision with OLO resp ORO into ROU and LOU and after second collision back again into OOO.

Figure 6,

Higgs impulse diagram for Double LeSage Gravity, according to Quantum FFF theory.



Fermionic impulse differences with Higgs (OOO) and pushing Gravitons (LOR).
 OOO changes form after collision into LOR.
 Gravitons don't change shape after collision.

Figure 7, The principle of the Double Le Sage gravity force transfer between two Fermions. The impulse of the Higgs particles is supposed to be larger than the Graviton Impulse.

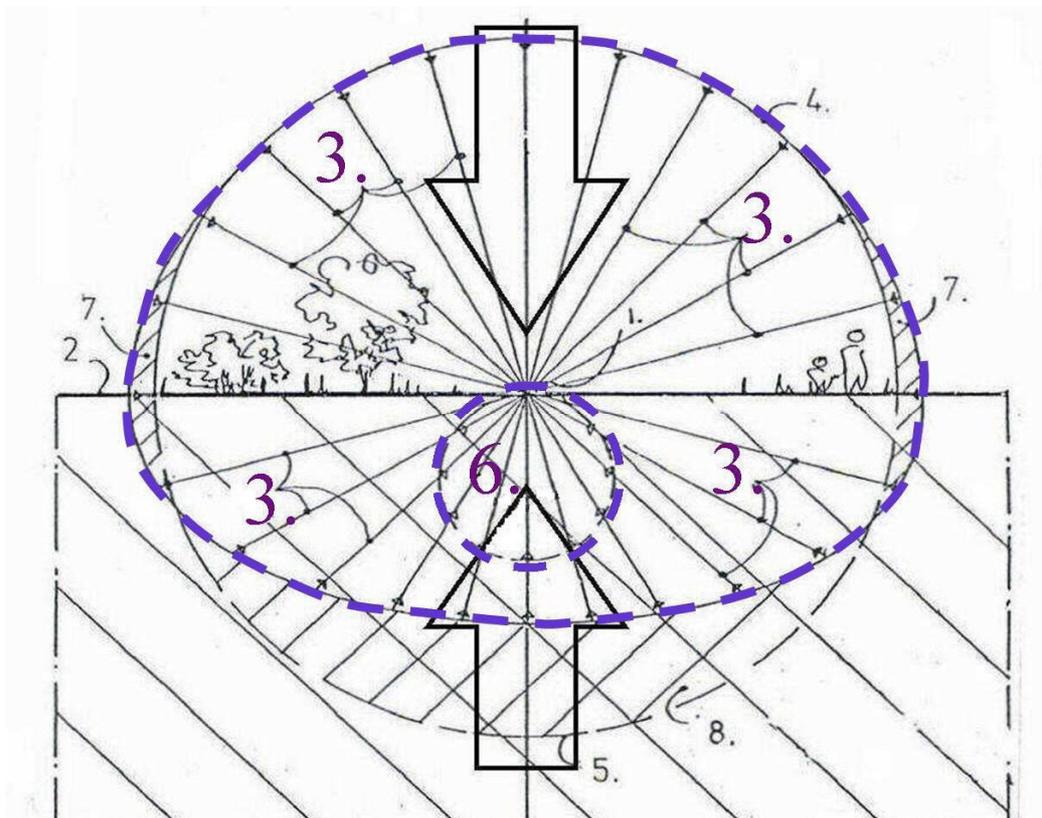


Figure 8, Cross section of the “Double Vector Hedgehog” of pushing forces around Fermions. The difference between Higgs vacuum pressure (3) and less effective Graviton pressure (6) on Fermions are the basic elements of Double Le Sage gravity.

Higgs/Graviton pressure vector hedgehogs acting on a mass carrying Quantum particle. The irregular distribution of mass inside the earth is supposed to influence the 3D pressure vector hedgehog according to the new Double LeSage gravity paradigm, see image below.

Author Leo Vuyk.

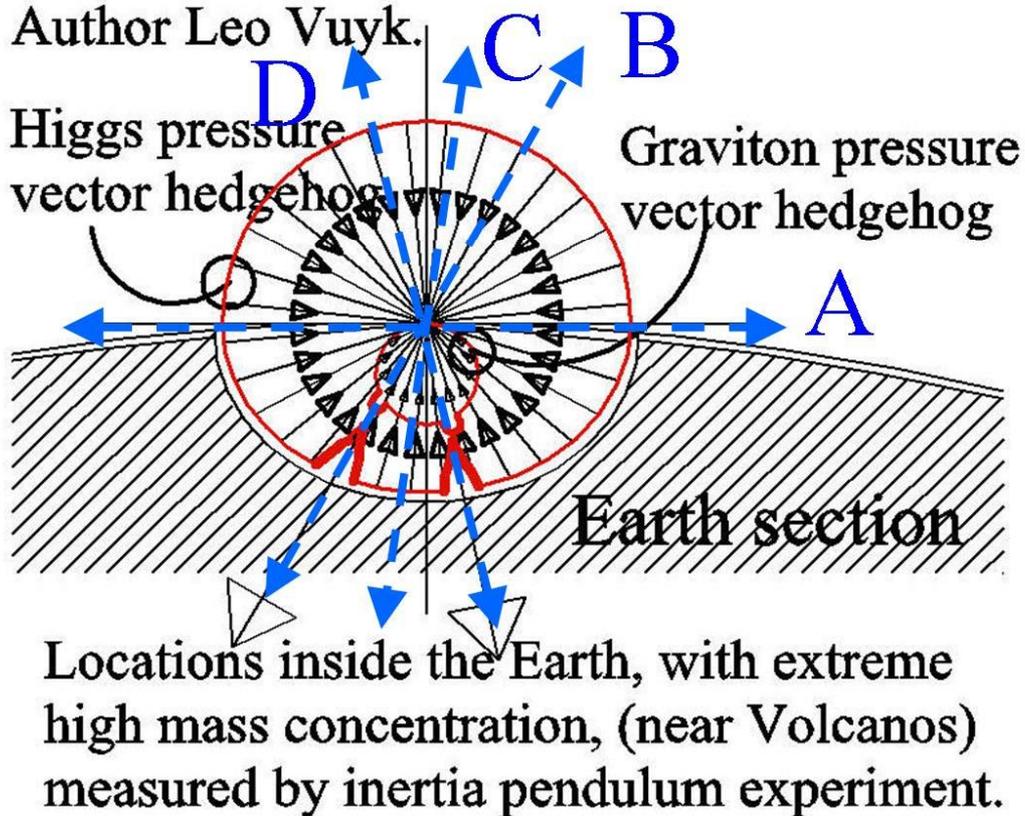


Figure 9,

The “Double Vector Hedgehog” related to mass concentrations in the earth.

Oscillation directions: A,B,C and D will give larger damping differences as expected by Newtonian gravity rules, if we use a new Inertia oscillator device, presented in figure (10).

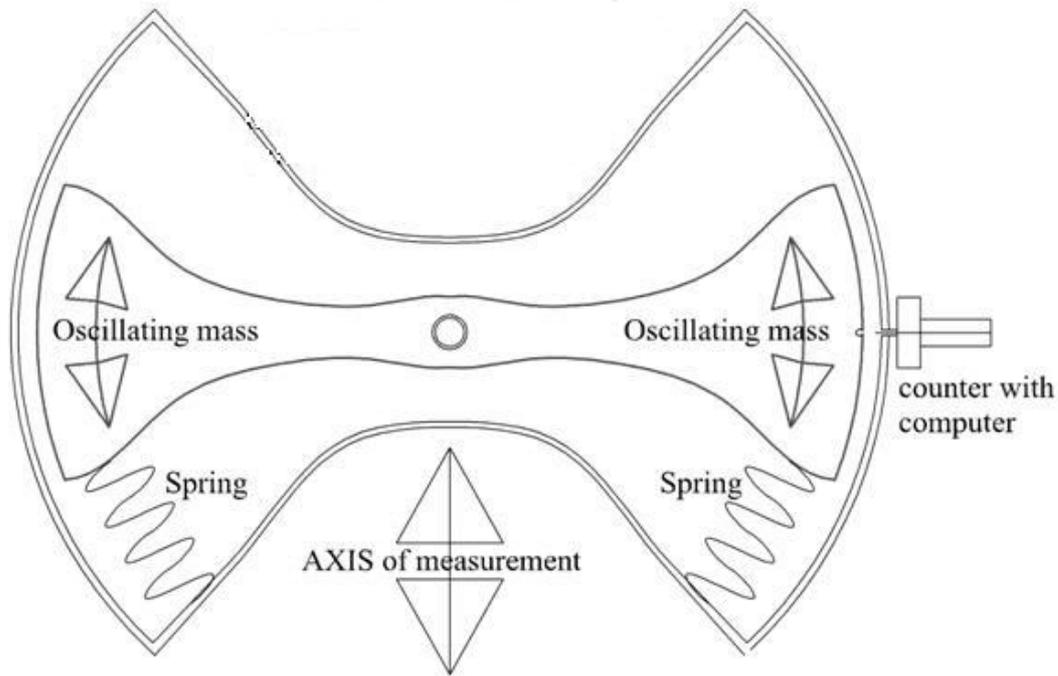


Figure 10, Cross section through the inertia oscillator for the search of mass concentrations inside the near earth and as a test for double Le Sage gravity.

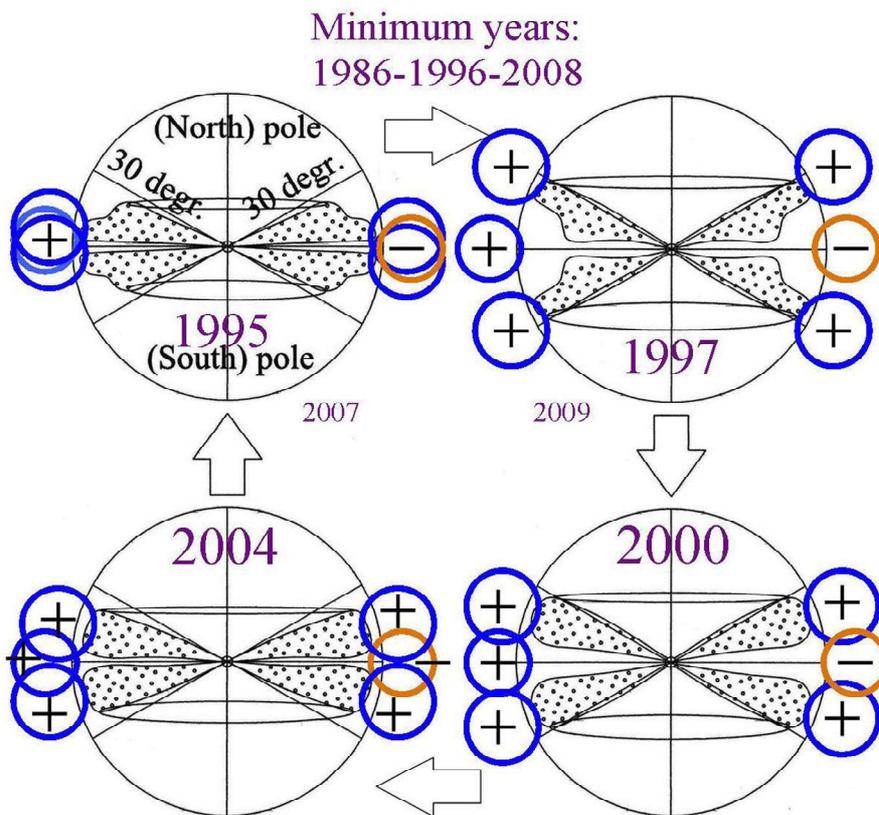


Figure 11, Cross section through the sun with the sunspot (micro black hole) distribution in two mirror symmetrical double cones, changing shape with the 11 year sunspot cycle. The gravity influence of the double cones together with the solar rotation (blue and yellow ring area) is supposed to be the origin of Solar eclipse gravity variation of the measurements.

Well documented solar eclipse gravity variation measurements are made by different scientists in the past years. After years of measurement, it seems to be impossible to find a scientific base for the different results.

However if we assume that Sunspots are micro black holes, (**Ref. 2**) able to drag and influence the Higgs vacuum pressure distribution around the sun, then we may have a clue.

We assume that the sunspot distribution has a double cone shape inside the sun, as depicted in figure 11.

ALTERNATIVE MAGNETIC FIELD INTERPRETATION.

If magnetic field lines have a quantum mechanical origin, based on alternative magnetic monopole photons (with a North or South characteristic and a slight "photonic trajectory CURL") then the picture below could represent the origin of a "Magnetic vector potential (A)" around an electric current e.g. in a wire.

This magnetic CURL is supposed to have the same origin as assumed for the DIFFRACTION process (of light): "Settlement" of photonic information routing inside the local microscopic Higgs vacuum lattice.

It is assumed that the photonic CURL in the photonic vector field will change due to wire bending.

The Curl will be able to decrease down to zero curl, at the outside turn of a bended wire, (e.g. see position: a) If this is the case, the magnetic field (called the B field) will vanish completely around a long small solenoid. Inside a wire bending however, the Curl will consequently increase.

Conclusion, the proposed two force carriers (photons: North and South) are able to explain the peculiar qualities of the so called Magnetic Vector Potential field (A). (Author L.Vuyk)

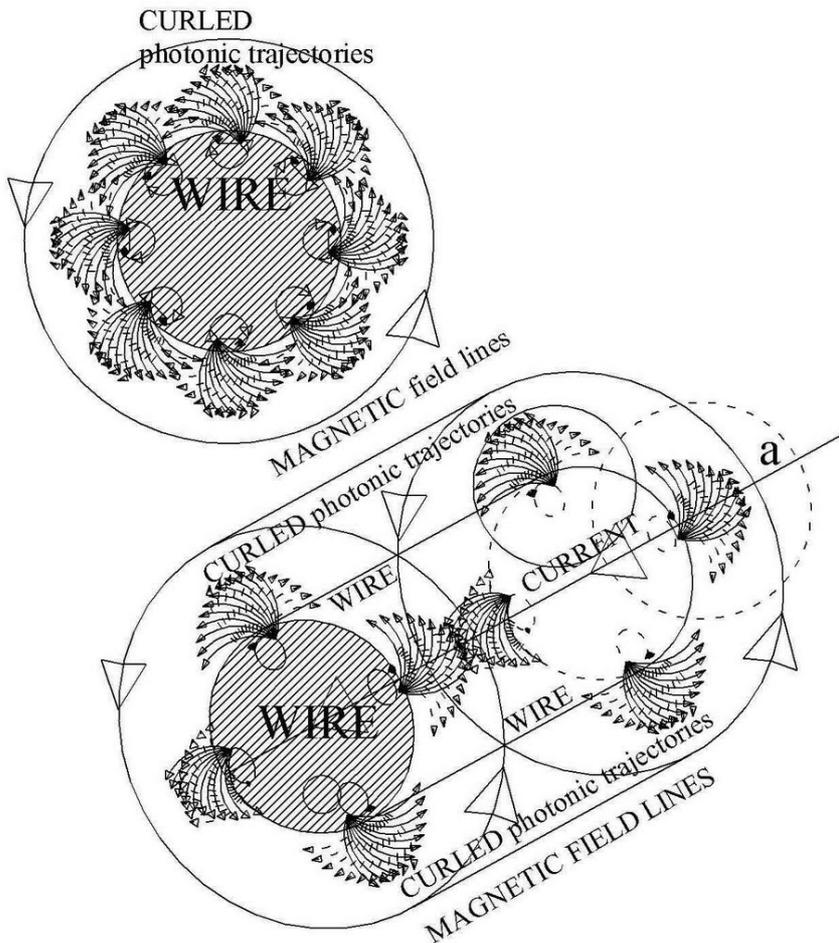


Figure 12, Alternative magnetic field by “curled Photonic monopole information around an electric wire under current.

perpendicular to the axial symmetry axis of the tube. See the result on figure 15.

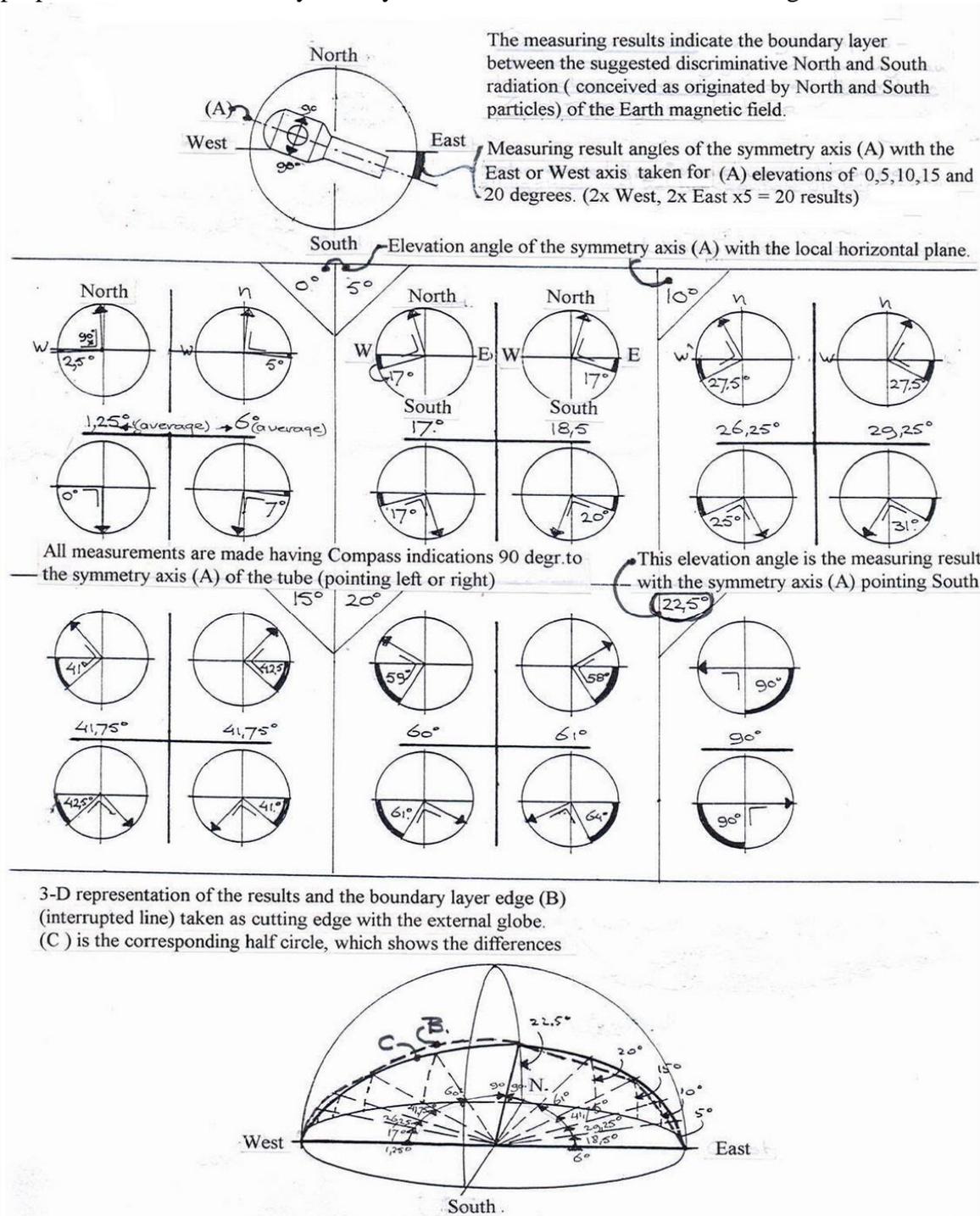
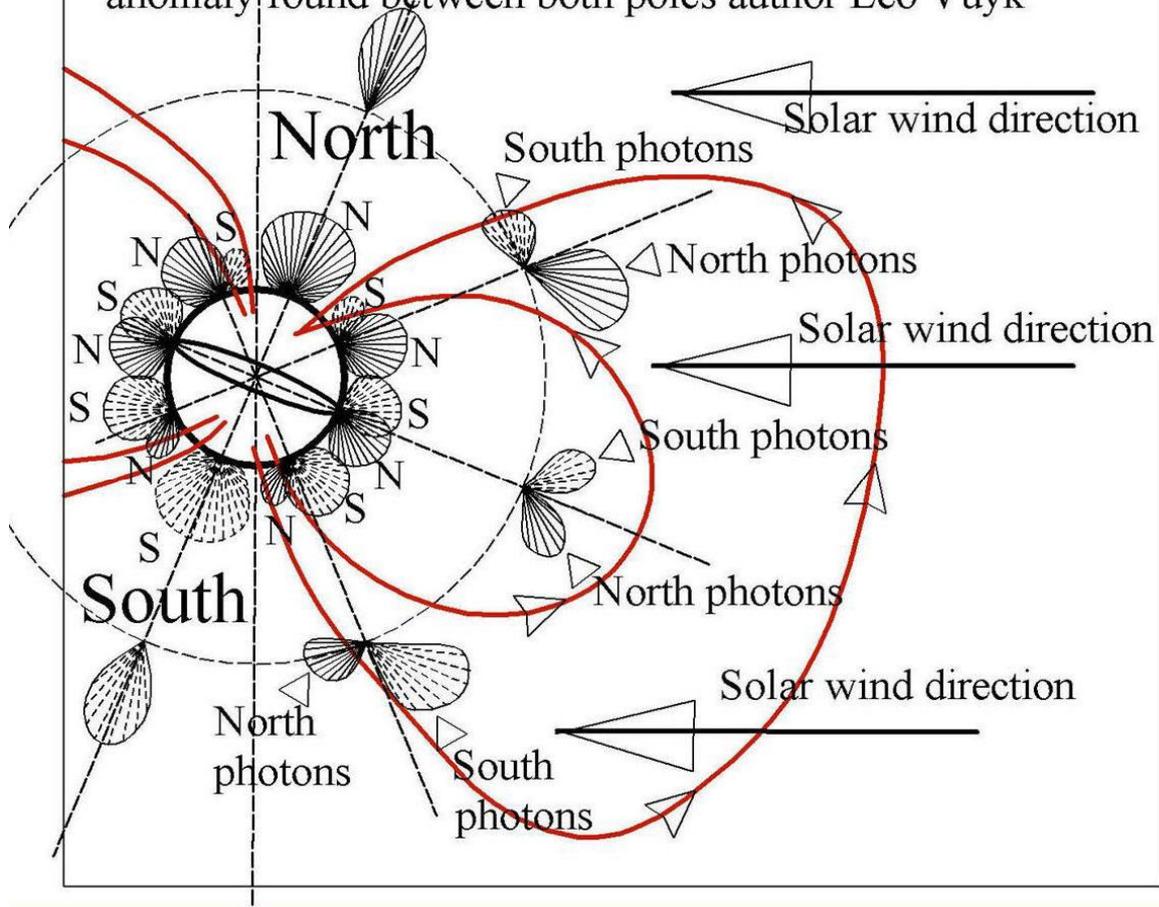


Figure 15,
3-Dimensional representation of the “boundary layer” B, between the North and South monopole radiation of the earth, is the result of multiple measurements by the magnetic telescope at location, Latitude: 52,18 degr. North and Longitude degr. 5,2 East.(see: figure 14).

It is assumed that every location on earth has its individual **boundary layer Curve B.**

It is also assumed that **animals like Pigeons and sea Turtles are able to identify these specific curves (B) for different locations by the small amount of permalloy alike metals already found in their bodies, to explain the extraordinary qualities of animal orientation.**

North and South magnetic monopole photon arrays in vector bubble form around the earth surface and in space. The origin of the anti-Symmetrical Aurora anomaly found between both poles author Leo Vuyk



Section through the earth with magnetic monopole photon arrays in vector form. The Magnetic curl effect in space is influencing the vector bubble directions and shapes. Date 12-01-2012.

Figure 16, North and South monopole photon vector arrays around the earth.
 The North photon angle of attack and concentration on the Solar wind charged particles is assumed to be the origin of the recently found anti-symmetry of aurora effects in the summer.

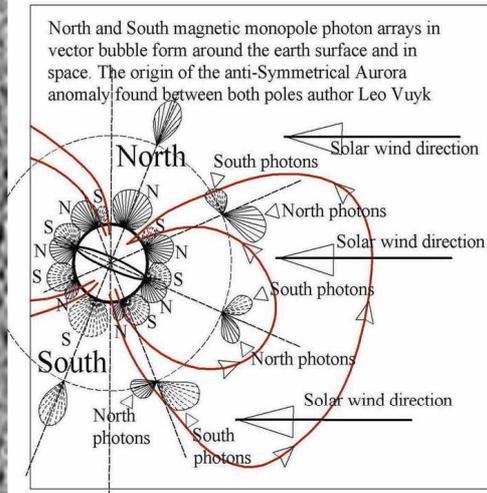
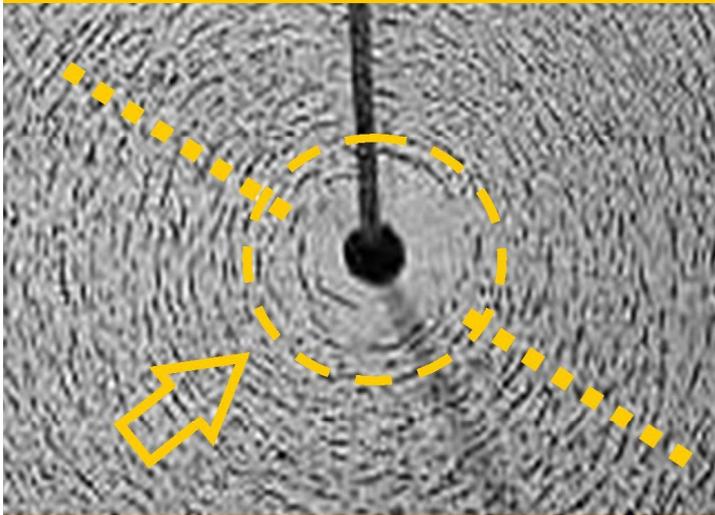
Polar Auroras do occur at the same time in northern and southern polar regions at locations connected by geomagnetic field lines, a connection that might be expected to link patterns, positions and timing of the two aurora.

However this is found to be not the case!!

See: Asymmetric auroral intensities in the Earth's Northern and Southern hemispheres

K. M. Laundal & N. Østgaard. doi:10.1038/nature08154.

Magnetic field variations by the “Curl” of Magnetic Monopole (N and South) Radiation around a wire and the earth.

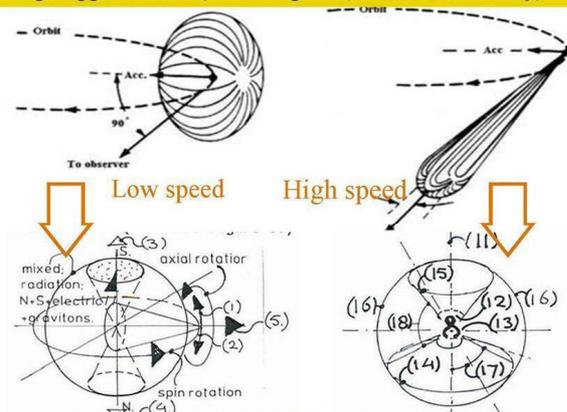


According to Quantum FFF theory, all magnetic fields can be presented as CURLED Magnetic Monopole Photon Vector Arrays. As a result, the magnetic field intensity is (away from polar positions) NOT dropping as the inverse cube of the distance from the source!! (See images). Also: direct around the current in a wire- equipped with iron powder on paper- the magnetic field strength seem to be even less than at some distance.

Figure 17, Magnetic Field intensity is only at polar regions dropping with the inverse cube of the distance from the source.

However the so called CURL of the magnetic vector arrays around the earth, permanent magnets and around current bearing wires, is the origin of a strange anomalous less pronounced drop of the field strength related to the source.

Synchrotron radiation by Polarized Fermion spin combined with high speed motion through the resistive oscillating Higgs vacuum (according to Quantum FFF theory)



The propeller shape of Fermions is the origin of a dual spin state by collision influences of the oscillating massless Higgs vacuum at low speeds. (Spin rotation and axial rotation) At high relativistic speed the Lorentz polarization of the Fermion “propeller nose” (1 or 2) is preferably pointing into direction (11) with synchrotron radiation cone focussing (15) into the opposing vacuum direction and the Spin rotation has gone.

Quantum Gravity as pressure distribution of the oscillating dual Higgs/Graviton vector field.

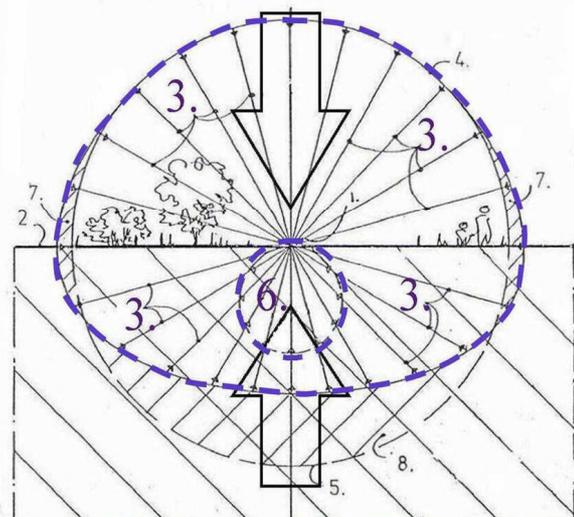


Figure 18, Examples of how the double spinning Fermions are reacting on the oscillating massless dark matter Higgs vacuum in the case of relative speed and gravity.

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