The Balan-Killing Manifolds

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Abstract

We define here a differential equation over the metric of a Spin manifold, calling Balan-Killing metrics the solutions of this equation.

1 The Spin manifolds

A Spin manifold [F] admits a spinor bundle by reduction of the tangent bundle with the orthogonal group to the spinor bundle with the group spin. The spinor bundle admits a multiplication by the vectors called the Clifford multiplication.

2 The Balan-Killing metrics

We introduce here the following differential equation over the metric. Let R^{∇} be the spinor curvature.

Definition 1 We call a Balan-Killing manifold, a manifold M with riemannian metric g such that $\exists \mu, \forall X, Y \text{ vectors and } \forall \psi \text{ spinor:}$

$$R^{\nabla}(X,Y)\psi = \mu Ricc^{\nabla}(X.Y - Y.X).\psi$$

. is the Clifford multiplication and ∇ is the Levi-Civita connection over the spinors, $Ricc^{\nabla}$ is the Ricci curvature as an endomorphism of the spinors. For example, a flat space is a Balan-Killing manifold, with $\mu=0$.

3 The Balan-Killing spinors

Definition 2 We call a Balan-Killing spinor, a spinor ψ which verifies the equation:

$$d(h(Z.\psi,\psi)(X,Y) = h((X.Y - Y.X).\psi,\psi)$$

h is the hermitian metric over the spinor bundle, d is the differential operator over the forms.

It is a differential equation over the spinors.

References

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