

Quantum X-entropy in Generalized Quantum Evidence Theory

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Abstract

In this paper, a new quantum model of generalized quantum evidence theory is proposed. Besides, a new quantum X-entropy is proposed to measure the uncertainty in generalized quantum evidence theory.

Keywords: Generalized quantum evidence theory, Quantum X-entropy

1. A new quantum model of GQET

Definition 1.1 Let $|\Phi\rangle = \{|\phi_1\rangle, \dots, |\phi_j\rangle, \dots, |\phi_m\rangle\}$ be a QFOD. A set of basis events is defined:

$$BE = \{|\emptyset\rangle, |\phi_1\rangle, \dots, |\phi_j\rangle, \dots, |\phi_m\rangle\}, \quad (1)$$

where $|\emptyset\rangle$ is an unknown event.

Definition 1.2 A vector representation of a basis event is defined:

$$|e_z\rangle = [\eta_0, \eta_1, \dots, \eta_g, \dots, \eta_m]^T, \quad \eta_g = \begin{cases} 1, & g = z, \\ 0, & g \neq z. \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

Definition 1.3 A pure quantum state of proposition $|\psi_i\rangle$ is defined:

$$|\psi_i\rangle = \sum_z \lambda_z^i |e_z^i\rangle, \quad (3)$$

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where λ_z^i is a complex number with $\sum_z |\lambda_z^i|^2 = 1$.

Definition 1.4 A density operator of $|\psi_i\rangle$ is defined as:

$$\rho_i = |\psi_i\rangle\langle\psi_i|. \quad (4)$$

Definition 1.5 The density operator of a GQBBA is defined as:

$$\rho_{Q_M} = \sum_i Q_M(|\psi_i\rangle)\rho_i. \quad (5)$$

GQET is a quantum express of [1].

2. The proposed quantum X-entropy

Definition 2.1 The quantum X-entropy is defined as:

$$X(Q_M) = -\text{tr} \left(\rho_{Q_M} \log \frac{\rho_{Q_M}}{2^d - 1} \right), \quad (6)$$

where d denotes eigenvectors of ρ_{Q_M} .

Let E_w and d_w be eigenvalues and eigenvectors of ρ_{Q_M} , respectively. The quantum X-entropy is also defined as:

$$X(Q_M) = -\sum_w E_w \log \frac{E_w}{2^{d_w} - 1}. \quad (7)$$

References

- [1] F. Xiao, Generalized quantum evidence theory, Applied Intelligence (2022) DOI: 10.1007/s10489-022-04181-0.